The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 12—No 44. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, May 8, 1852. Whole No. 9[illegible]6.

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Immediately over Wall's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
o paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

NEW ENGLAND

Live Stock Insurance Co.,

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

CAPITAL $100,000.

HORSES, CATTLE, and SHEEP Insured against *death*, or *damage*, from natural causes, accidents or disease, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection.

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon their teams for a livelihood, should come immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured, before they are injured or take sick and die. E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

WM. COULSON, *Inspector.*

November 12, 1851. v19

Insurance Agency.

THE subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct 30 1851. y17

Ohio Live Stock Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from Natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever, at very low rates.

DIRECTORS—Wm. Burnet, E. S. Haines, S. Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Person.

S. W. REEDER, Sec. WM. BURNET, Pres't.

Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 10, 1851. y44p

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Good Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandise or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. 45y

CITY

Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE

Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.

DIRECTORS.

E. B. REEDER,	WM BURNET
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H. L. HOFFMAN.	

E. B. REEDER, *President.*
N. GREGORY, *Secretary.*

_ OFFICE—No 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

READ! YOUTH & MANHOOD.

A VIGOROUS LIFE,
Or a Premature Death.

Kinkelin on Self Preservation,

ONLY 25 CENTS.

This Book, just published, is filled with useful information, on the infirmities and diseases of the Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE. To all who apprehend or suffer under the dire consequences of early or prolonged indiscretions—to all who feel the exhaustive effects of sedentary and baneful habits—to all who in addition to declining physical energy, are the victims of nervous and mental debility, and of moping and melancholy despondency, Dr. K would say—

READ THIS BOOK.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of Lives.

Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

☞ A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of Third & Union streets, between Spruce & Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

☞ Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid,) and be cured at home.

PACKAGES of MEDICINES, DIRECTIONS, &c., forwarded, by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity. 1v4

NEW GOODS.

WILSON & TRESSELT are now receiving, direct from New York, a splendid assortment of New Goods consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

to which they respectfully invite the attention of those wishing to purchase.

They will also, until the close of navigation, be constantly receiving additions to their stock, which will enable them to keep their assortment as good as any in town.

Those wishing BARGAINS will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell quite as cheap if not a little cheaper than the Cheapest.

Sept 9, 1851.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

CHARLES CASE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

OFFICE—On Main Street, nearly opposite the Treasurers office. y3

J. L. WORDEN. W. S. HOAGLAND.

WORDEN & HOAGLAND,

Attorneys at Law,
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

August 16, 1851. y6

L. M. NINDE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

_ *Office on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.* y47p

WILLIAM H. JONES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit.

_ OFFICE—At the Indiana Land Agency, Calhoun Street. 43y

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
Land and Collection Agent,
FORT WAYNE, IA

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collecting of Debts* in any part of Indiana:

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Dibblee, Work & Moore,
John Steward, Jr. & Co.,
Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton,
Robert Hyslop, Esq.
Clark & Work. } *New York.*
Stedman, Maynard & Co. *Cincinnati.*
Wm. A. Brown & Co. *Boston.*
Allen Hamilton,
Hugh McCulloch,
R. W. Taylor. } *Fort Wayne.*

OFFICE—On Clinton-st., opposite the Brick Church.

July 18 1851. y—4

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS. *Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law, and General Land and Tax Agents,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

_ OFFICE.—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Nov. 17. 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

_ OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.* Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, on Calhoun

JOHN HOUGH, JR.

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, IA,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to his care; and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, Fort Wayne.	Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y
J. W. Townley & Co. "	David Leavitt, "
Young & Waite, Maumee.	Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland.	Halstead, Haines & Co., "
Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade, "	Halstead & Brokaw, "
W. B. Robbins, Cincinnati.	Edward Kellogg, Esq., "
Fox & French. "	Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. "	Stoddard & Lovering. "
Coram, Tweed & Co., "	McDowell & Day, Philadelphia
Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo.	Wood & Abbot, "
Hayward & Noye. "	Bullitt & Fairthorne, "

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. W. D. STEWART, a graduate in Medicine of the University of Louisville Ky., and of the University of New York and late of Jeffersonville, Indiana, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and its vicinity.

He may at all times be found at his Office—corner of Main and Calhoun Streets—or, at his room at Mrs. Henderson's Boarding House, near the Hedekin House. He will give prompt and devoted attention to all business confided to his care.

May 2, 1851. y43

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington-st.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 18th. 1847. 1f8

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged p6m8

PIQUA HOUSE,

JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.
Corner of Main and Water Sts.,
6m24p PIQUA, OHIO.

Boarding House.

MRS. A. LAKE, would respectfully announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up the new and commodious brick dwelling opposite Miller's Cabinet shop, for the accommodation of boarders. She has several pleasant rooms now vacant.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Oct. 22, 1851. y16.

CHEESE.—2,000 pounds Western reserve Cheese, a nice article, just received and for sale wholesale or retail by

WILSON & TRESSELT.

Sept 9, 1851.

POETRY.

THE LITTLE SLEEPER.

BY J. CLEMENT.

Few the days the fair one numbered
Ere were closed his lustrous eyes;
And he calmly, sweetly slumbered
Like a cherub from the skies.

From the body, frail and sickly
In the solemn hush of night,
Stole the spirit soft and quickly,
Back to native realms of light.

Still the sweet one, unawaken'd,
Dreamed and smiled when night had fled,
Knowing not the soul had taken
Wings, and up to glory sped.

Folded on his heaveless bosom,
Slight his ivory hands were pressed;
And thus slept the heavenly blossom,
Truant from the Land of Rest.

SONG.

Dost thou ask me how I love thee?
Better far than words can say;
Light may shine around, above me,
All is night when thou'rt away.
As the summer to the flowers,
As the sunshine to the sea,
As the moon to night's dark hours,
So, love, is thy smile to me!

Dearest, wheresoever thou goest,
Still my spirit clings to thee,
Even when thou little knowest,
When thy heart is far from me;
Tho' listening oft to tones more sweet, love,
Gazing into eyes more clear,
Yet when wilt thou ever meet, love,
One who holds thee half so dear?

When the stars are bright in heaven,
Prayer is round thee like a spell:
Round thee, tho' thou givest not even
One thought to her who loves so well?
And chide me not if unrequited
I have loved thee thus in vain;
Flowers which here are crush'd and blighted,
Still in heaven, may bloom again!

ZELAIDE.

From the Ladie's National Magazine.

My Wife's Bargains.

BY SMITH JONES, JR.

My wife has a great notion of making bargains. She occasionally spends a whole day in shopping, when, to accommodate her, we have no dinner at home, I dining down town, and the children being put off with a cold bit.

The other day, when I returned to supper, after one of these excursions, almost the first words Mrs. Jones said, were,

"Such luck as I've had to day, Smith.—Do hurry and eat supper, that I may show you my bargains."

Accordingly the purchases were produced, when the meal had been dispatched, and the children put to bed. This last procedure was not effected, however, without some difficulty, for the little ones had heard their mother talking so much of their new spring dresses, that their curiosity was all alive, and they were eager to sit up; but the laws of the Medes and Persians were not more inflexible than Mrs. Jones; and when from pleading the children proceeded to crying, she whipped them all around, and then had them carried struggling to bed.

"Here's some wonderfully cheap chintz," she said, producing a bit of calico, "its worth a shilling, every cent of it, and I've known the day when I could not have bought it for less than a quarter of a dollar:—what do you think I paid for that?"

I was incapable of answering, my business not lying in that line, and I confessed as much.

"Oh! you men never know anything," she said. "Well, I paid eight cents for it, only think of it, and isn't it pretty." As she spoke, she held the pattern before her, smoothing it carefully down with her hand.

Next she exhibited some cashmere for the boys' jackets, and drilling for their pantaloons, all purchased marvellously cheap; and finally took up a piece of de laine, as she called it.

"Their, now there's a bargain," she said, proudly, unrolling the fabric. "I never, in my life, saw anythink as cheap as this. Seventy-five cents is what it cost to import this article, so the storekeeper said, yet I got it for—what do you think?—now just guess for once, Jones."

"A dollar a yard, I suppose," I answered, "for that's about a fair profit."

Mrs. Jones laughed outright. At last she spoke.

"No, I bought that for thirty-seven and a half cents a yard, and, as it was so cheap, I took enough for myself as well as for the children."

"But thought," I interposed, meekly, "that you had already bought your own dresses."

"So I had," she replied, "but this was so cheap, you know: and then a de laine dress is always useful."

"I don't think there's much saved then," said I bluntly. "By next spring your dress will be out of fashion, so that it will be a complete loss. I suppose it takes as much stuff for you as for both the girls."

"Exactly."

She spoke shortly; but I went on.

"Then you might just as well have bought de laine at seventy-five cents a yard. Are you sure this is good? It looks rotten."

"Do you think I don't know bad de laine?" she said, and she jerked the goods out of my hand, as if I was unworthy to look upon it.

"But its no use talking to you, or showing you my bargains: you always make fun of them, or find fault."

I saw that the patience of Mrs. Jones was giving way, and on reflection concluded that I had been too severe for her, so I said no more. But I thought of the miserable dinner I had been forced to partake of, down town, at a cheap eating house; and of the children who had gone crying to bed.

The next morning, Mrs. Jones had a fever, caused by over exertion the day before. She had walked too far, the doctor said and neglected to eat anything; a delicate woman, he added, ought never to do either, much less both together.

Mrs. Jones was ill for a fortnight, and the doctor's bill was twenty dollars, so that her great bargains did not amount to much, especially as a seamstress had to be hired, while my wife was still sick, to take her part in making up the children's clothes.

Nor was this all. The boasted de laine proved, as I had feared, rotten. The first dress that gave way was one of the children's, for which the little creature received a severe admonition, and subsequently a whipping, when she ventured to lay the accident on the flimsy character of the stuff itself. But a few days after Mrs. Jones tore her own dress, while engaged in smoothing in down in front, so miserable was the material.

The colors of the cheap calico proved bad, and the drilling turned out to be half cotton. Of all her purchases, the cashmere was the only article in which she was not cheated, and the reason was, I suppose, that it was a remnant.

Before summer came, new dresses had to be purchased for both the girls, and a new pair of pantaloons a piece for the boys, the other ones not being fit for Sunday wear.

I calculated, when all was over, that I had lost about thirty-five dollars, by that one day's shopping. Mrs. Jones will not, however, admit this: her sickness, she says, would have happened any how.

So that my wife is incorrigible, I fear, on the subject of *bargains.*

Home Education.

Our thoughts are turred to the subject of home education. It is, perhaps, the peculiar misfortune of the United States, that the idea of education is always affixed to something away *from home.* The boarding school, the academy, the college—it is there alone we suppose it possible to educate the young woman. Home is only a place to eat, drink, and sleep. The parents, for the most part, gladly shuffle off the whole duties and responsibilities of training the heart, and the social nature of their children believing that if the intellect is properly developed in the schools, the whole man is coucated. Hence the miserably one-sided and incomplete character of so many even of our most able and talented men—their heads have been educated, but their social nature is almost utterly neglected.

If this is true of what may be called the wealthiest classes of community, it is, we are sorry to say, still more true of the agricultural class. But the truth is, that in a country like this, knowledge is not only power, it is also influence and position, and the farmers, as a class are the least educated, and therefore the least powerful, the least influential, the least respected class in the community.

This state of things is all wrong, and we deplore it. As a natural consequence of belonging to the least powerful and least influential class, the sons and daughters of farmers—we mean the smartest sons and daughters—those who might raise and elevate the condition of the whole class, if they would recognize the dignity and value of their calling, and put their tallents into it—are no sooner able to look around and choose for themselves, than they bid good bye to farming. It is so slow for the boys, and not genteel enough for the girls.

All the education of the schools they go to, has nothing to do with making a farmer of a talented boy, or a farmer's wife of a bright and clever girl—but a great deal to unmaking them, by pointing out the superior advantages of merchandize, and the honorable professions. At home, it is the same thing. The farmer's son and daughter finds less of the agreeable and attractive, and more of the hard and sordid at their fire-side, than in the house of any others of equal means. This helps to decide them to leave "dull care" to dull spirits, and choose some field of life which has more attractions as well as more risks, than their own.

We have stated all this frankly, because we believe it to be a false and bad state of things. The farming class of America is not a rich class, but neither is it a poor one—while it is an independent one. It may and should wield the largest influence in the state, and it might and should enjoy the most happiness belonging to intelligent minds, peaceful homes, a natural and high social and moral virtues.

We are not ignorant of the powerful influence of woman, in any question touching the improvement of our social and home education. In fact, it is she who holds all the power in this sphere; it is she who really, but silently, directs, controls, leads and governs the whole social machine—whether among farmers or others, in this country. To the woman of the rural district—the more intelligent and sensible of the farmers' wives and daughters, we appeal, then, for a better understanding and a more correct appreciation of their true position. If they will but study to raise the character of the farmer's life, whole matter is accomplished. But this must be done truthfully and earnestly, and with a profound faith in the true nobility and dignity of the farmer's calling. It must not be done by taking for social growth the finery and gloss of more city customs and observances. It is an improvement that can never come from the atmosphere of boarding schools and colleges as they are now constituted, for boarding schools and colleges pity the farmer's ignorance, and despise him for it. It must on the contrary, come from an unintelligent conviction of the honesty and dignity of rural life; a conviction that as agriculture embraces the sphere of God's most natural and beautiful operations, it is the best calculated, when rightly understood, to elevate and engage man's faculties; that as it feeds and sustains the nation, it is the basis of all material wealth; and as it supports all other professions and callings, it is intrinsically the parent and superior to them all. Let the American farmer's wives never cease to teach her sons, that though other callings may be more lucrative, yet there is none so true and so safe as that of the farmer—let her teach her daughters that, fascinating and brilliant as many other positions appear outwardly, there is none with so much intrinsic satisfaction as the life of the really intelligent proprietor of the soil, and above all, let her show by the spirit of intelligence, order, neatness, taste, and that beauty of propriety, which is the highest bouuty in her home, that she really knows, understands, and enjoys her po-itions as a wife and mother of a farmer's family—let us have a few earnest apostles of this kind and the condition and prosperity of the agricultural class, intellectually and socially, will brighten, as the day brightens after the first few beams of golden light tinge the eastern horizon.—*Horticulturist.*

A Last Look.—There is a feeling that resembles death in the last glance we are ever to bestow on a loved object. The girl you have treasured in your secret heart, as she passes by on her wedding-day, it may be a happy and blissful, lifts up her laughing eyes, the symbol of her own light heart, and leaves in that look darkness and desolation to you for ever. The boy your father-spirit has clung to, like the very light of existence, waves his hand from the quarter deck, as the gigantic ship bends over the breeze; the wind is playing through the locks your hand so often times have smoothed; the tears have dimmed his eyes, for marks, he moves his fingers over them—and this is a last look,

A Sharp Hint.—The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, of the 14th inst., in reference to Church pews, remarks:

The Rev. Mr. Finney, in one of his evening sermons in this city, told us, not long ago, that selfishness, oppression and wrong, sometimes took on a *religious type;* and that persons very sanctified, did outrageous things, under the impression that it was religion. The Bible, too, tells us that the devil sometimes assumes to be an angel of light; a fact which Milton has not forgotten in his splendid drama of Paradise Lost; so that, on the whole, between Finney, Milton, the Bible and every day life, we have come to the conclusion that the devil is rather busy with human affairs, and sometimes gets into the forts and stockades which are built to bombard him, and keep him at a distance; in other words, that he has a good deal more to do with churches and church members than they know about, or are willing to admit.

☞ Secure the approbation of the aged and you will enjoy the confidence of the young.

(From the Cincinnati Nonpareil.)

Movements of an Accomplished Swindler—Extraordinary Developments.

A few weeks ago, an individual calling himself Dr. Haynes, a very intelligent and prepossessing gentleman, was introduced by Capt. F. to Capt. D., the master of one of our well known Louisville and New Orleans packets, the day she was to leave the former place for the Crescent City. On board the packet were several daughters of Capt. D., on a pleasure excursion to the sunny south, accompanied by several Louisville ladies, invited *compagnes du voyage.* Dr. H. was young, tall, elegant, and represented himself as the senior of the firm of Haynes & Ayers, heavy cotton speculators, 95 Canal st., New Orleans, and upon being introduced into the ladies' cabin by the Captain, soon became a *general favorite,* nor was he slow in responding to the favorable impression he had made. Miss V——, the Captain's eldest daughter, of eminently amiable disposition, unusual accomplishments, and more than ordinary beauty, attracted him like loadstone. And what to casual spectators appeared only a passing flirtation, in a day or two, apparently ripened into a sincere attachment. At Memphis, Helena, Wicksburg, and Natchez, the Doctor's visits to his agents, during the landings of the steamboat, always brought some remembrance to the favored lady. At one time a boquet of fragrant flowers—now a rare jewel or article of value. Soon emboldened by his ardent admiration and symptoms of her not being indifferent to her, he proposed marriage. The lady noting loth, referred him to him father. His high standing, his influential family, his extensive business relations, and unbounded wealth palliated the hasty love, and the father only desired time to advise with his fawily, and inquire more particularly into the suitor's private reputation. At Natchez the ardent lover urged the boat to be stopped and the nuptials to be immediately consummated. Neither father or daughter could hearken to such overweening affection. He however purchased a beautiful diamond ring, and presented it to his lady in evidence of betrothment, to be worn on her third finger.—In the fullness of his happiness, he enlarged upon the brilliancy of his family jewels in the safe of his counting room, which he would have reset for her wedding treasure.

Everybody joined in the general hilarity. Mr. Sheffield, commission merchant of New Orleans, who had been his room mate for a cople of weeks, was carried away with the good fortune of his friend. The Doctor, however, more philosophic than could be expected, did not permit his beatitud to divert himself from his business. At the different cotton points he must have given orders to his agents for the purchase of several thousand bales of cotton. What greater happiness could be desired? The love of a beautiful and accomplished girl, prosperous business, and an intimacy with every family of the elite in New Orleans, that any of the passengers could mention.

The first drawback to this unaloyed picture, was the dire necessity of the Doctor to remain on shore to attend to some urgent business in Baton Rouge, so long a time, the boat was compelled to pass on without him, with many adieus and plans of *re-union* at the St. Louis Hotel, weere Dr. H. was to follow on the evening packet. On their arrival on the levee that night after midnight, they litle suspected the storm that was to burst on their devoted heads next morning.

At daylight next morning, the Captain was aroused by Mr. S., the travelling friend of Dr. with the terrible news that Dr. H. was a swindler. That there was no Haynes & Ayres at 95 Canal street—that the mutual friends of the passengers of whom Dr. H. had talked so glibly, were each his victims to the tune of two and three hundred apiece, and that the evidence was unquestionable that all his representations and pretensions were false. The Captain congratulated himself at the fortunate escape of his daughter. The daughter bore the news with commendable fortitude, reflecting probably that it was better to have acquired this information at this early day, than a month hence—all grasping their wallets more cosely upon the remembrance of how they could have been imposed upon by this accomplished imposter.

Now came a general comparing of notes, to discover if possible how they could have all been misled so long. The clerk (Mr. Lowry) had feld and expressed suspicions. Mr. S. first met him three weeks before, on his way to Cincinnati, to negociate a loan, which Dr. H. had kindly consented to take, and as kindly telegraphed to his head clerk to deposit with Mr. S's. head clerk; of course this was a deception, and Mr. S. relying upon the faith of his new acquaintance, remained a fortnight at Cincinnati, unconcerned about his embarrassments, had taken the trip to Orleans, and had reached home just in time to find himself inextricably envolved. Cap. J. of Louisville, met him once only, and then at a questionable resort and introduced him to Capt. D. without expecting he would introduce him to the ladies.

At Louisville he purchased 1200 bales of cotton and gave therefor his cheeks, dated three days ahead, for $40,000, pretending to telegraph to the State Bank of Louisiana to place that sum to his credit at the Northern State Bank of Ky. Upon application from day to day to the latter bank, of course they had received no such advices from New Orleans.—With assumed indignation he pronounced Montgomery (the cashier of the State Bank of Louisiana) a villian, remarking, "I'll throw him out of the window when I see him again, as I once came near doing before." Dr. A., of Cincinnati, who was one of the party, kindly offered to lend him $10 000 until their arrival in New Orleans, if that would help him, which he declined with assumed indifference, but which it is feared he afterwards obtained.—"A." had indeed been fraudulently connected with him under the name of "H. & A.," but after being victimized out of $7,000, and discovering the fraud, exposed him to the public. And thus the matter rests. Dr. H. was traced from Baton Rouge north, where he had gone with the intention of realizing money upon the purchase of cotton; and all the parties were so thoroughly imposed upon, that while those who sustained pecuniary losses, keep every thing quiet in hopes of making his disgorge, the rest are equally quiet to escape ridicule.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., April 15.

The police of our city, this evening, arrested a man calling himself Dr. C. Hayne, of New Orleans, on a charge of bigamy. It is charged that he has several wives now living, beside the one now with him. Having induced a very respectable and lovely young lady of Paducah to marry him, he shortly afterwards started for Nashwille on the Ironton. He was overhauled at this place by the telegraph, and is now in jail. There was considerable excitement, but he submitted to the arrest without resistance.

☞ We published yesterday an account of the movements and arrest of a swindler named Dr. Haynes. The Louisville democrat states that Webb & Husting, of that city, is the firm who he attempted to swindle out of 1200 bales of cotton. Messrs. W. & H. received a despatch from Cincinnati about an hour after he departed on the boat for New Orleans, stating that he was a villain, and requesting them to have him arrested. Messrs. W. & H. immediately telegraphed to Memphis to have him arrested, but by some hook or crook he dodged the police in that city, and continued his way as far as Baton Rouge, La., where he got off and returned to Paducah. There he became acquainted with a beautiful young woman, and succeeded in winning her affections, married her, and took passage for Nashville on the steamer Ironton; but soon the news of his base design became known to the father of the young girl, who immediately started in pursuit of him on another boat. The authorities of Clarksville, Tenn., were advised by telegraph of the affair, and upon the arrival of the Ironton at that place, he was arrested and carried back in irons to Paducah.

The name of the young lady, is Miss Webb, of one of the most respectables families of Paducah.

Hayne's Cincinnati wife has arrived at Louisville, on her way to Paducah, where she intends to prosecute him to the utmost.—*New Albany Ledger.*

The Japan Expedition.

Among the documents sent into the United States Senate, on Monday last, respecting the Japan expedition, was a copy of the letter of President Fillmore to the Emperor of that nation. We give a few brief extracts, which indicate that so far our policy goes, the motive of the expedition is peace:

"I send you by this letter an envoy of my own appointment; and officer of high rang in his country, who is no missionary of religion. He goes by my command to bear to you my greeting and good wishes, and to promote friendship and commerce between the two countries.

"You know that the United States of America now extends from sea to sea; that the great countries of Oregon and California are parts of the United States; and that from these countries, which are rich in gold and silver and precioust stones, our steamers can reach the shores of your happy land in less than twenty days.

"Many of our ships will now pass in every year, and some perhaps in every week between California and China, these ships must pass along the coast of your Empire; storms and winds may cause them to be wrecked in your shores, and we ask and expect from your friendship and your greatness, kindness for our men and protection for our property. We wish that our people may be permitted to trade with our people, but we shall not authorize them to break any law of your Empire.

"Our object is friendly commercial intercourse, and nothing more. You may have productions which we would be glad to buy, and we have productions which might suit your people:

"Your Empire contains a great abundance of coal; this is an article which our steamers, in going from California to China, must use. They would be glad that a harbor in your Empire should be appointed to which coal might be brought, and where they might always be able to purchase it.

"In many other respects, commerce between your Empire and our country would be useful to both. Let us consider well what news interests may arise from these new events, which have brought our two countries so near together; and what purposes of friendly intercourse this ought to inspire in the hearts of those who govern both countries!"

Letter from Twang Twangky Emperor of Japan, to President Fillmore.

The Cleveland Plaindealer contains the following reply to President Fillmore's letter to the Emperor of Japan—received we suppose by submarine telegraph:

JEDDO IN JAPPAN.
Palace of the Most High
18,000th year of the Great Red Dragon.

Herr Fillmore, Governor of U. S. Province:

My Grand Secretary, Gowitbuites, has just translated your scroll; and I dictate the following from the abundance of my heavenly wisdom, in reply. Your officer of high rank pleases me wery much. I and my six thousand wives have been lauhing all the morning at his queer bob tailed coat, his stove pipe-hat, and awkward looking boots—and more than all, a strange and mysterious thing, which he calls a shirt-collar, and which keeps his head as tsilf as one of our native rhinocerosses.—We have taken pity on his heathenish condition, and equipped him in our royal suit—a turban and a pair of spurs. You say that he is "no missionary of religion." I shall make a christian of him, and send him back to his own country as a missionary. I was grieved to see his besotted ignorance. He knows nothing of Xaea, or Amida, or Dabio. He has never heard of the precious book of Sniekisnacky, nar bathed in the forgiving stream of Chumdowchum. I am glad there is a country to the East of me so large as yours, and I shall take measures immediately to bring you over to the true faith. I send by the bearer a bundle of colporteur's pamphelets and tracts, which I should like distribued at once. I hope you will not oppose my establishing temples in your land. Your people is not one half as large as wine, but yours are worth saving.—Although outcasts, there is still hope for you. As for trading with me, why do you bother yourselves with worldly ambitions? We spend our time in religious ceremonies and prayers. But I am willing to open communication with you, so that you may no object to my seeking to bring you over to the true religion. Kiss all your wives for me. Ah, you have only one. Poor d——l, I have six thousand. Pray accept this bottle of rum as a token of my high consideration.

TWANG TWANGKI.
Emperor of the Faithful.

☞ Mrs. Smithers says that the person who has not been a grandmother, knows nothing of the anxieties of life. It is bad enough to have a drunken husband, but when you come to compare that affliction with two generations of croup, hooping cough, measels, prickly heat and hive syrup, you elevate a sprained ancle to the dingity of a broken leg, and class tooth aches with "apple plexy."

☞ Madme, has your piano an æolian attachment?" asked Sam the other night of the wife of a man who appeared to live fully up to, if not beyond his income.

"Hush!" whispered Seth in his ear; "it has a Sheriff's attachment."

Sam dropped the subject.

Reconciliation.—The English papers state that a reconciliation has been effected between Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell, through the intervention of mutual friends.—Lords John acknowledged his error in ejecting the accomplished Foreign Secretary, and asked his late colleague to forgive and forget it. Palmerston was at first disinclined to except the overtures of the ex-Premier, but was prevailed upon by his friends.

☞ Blacksmiths, it is said, *forge* and *steel* nearly every day—but it's all *iron y.*

The Farmers Daughter.

There as world of beauty flourishing in the shade of the country. Farm houses are dangerous places. As you are thinking only of sheep or of curls, you bay be shot thro' by a pair of bright eyes, and melted away in a bewitching smile that you never dreamed of till the mischief is done. In towns and theatres, and thronged assemblies of the titled fair, you are on your guard, you know what you are exposed to, and put on your breast place, and pass through the most terrible onslaught of beauty, safe and sound. But in those sylvan retreats, dreaming of nightingales, and hearing only the lowing oxen, you are taken by surprise. Out steps a fair creature—crosses a glade—leaps a stile. You start—you stand lost in wonder and admiration!—You take out your tablets to write a sonnet on the return of the Nymphs and Dryads to earth, when up coms John Tompkins, and says:

"It's only the farmers daughter."

"What! have farmers such daughters nowadays.

Those farm houses are dangerous places. Let no man with poetical imagination, which only another name for a very tender heart, flatter himself with the fancies of the calm delights of the country; with the serene idea of sitting with the farmer in his old fashioned chimney corner, and hearing him talk of corn and mutton, and joining him in the pensive pleasure of a pipe and a jug of brown October; of listening to the gossip of the comfortable farmers wife, of the parson and his family; of his sermons and his pig, over a fragrant cup of young hyson, or wrapped in the delicious luxuries of young custards and whipped creams. In walks a fairy vision of wondrous witchery, and with a courtesy and a smile of winning and mysterious magic, takes her seat just opposite. It is the farmer's daughter, a living creature of eighteen; fair as the lily, sweet as a posey of violets and clove gillivere, modest as early morn, and nimble as your own imagination of Desdemona or Gertrude of Wyoming. You're lost. It's all over with you. And that comes of going into the country, out of the way of temptation, and fancying farm houses to be nice old fashioned places of old established comment.

Facts and Fancies.

☞ Deal gently with those that stray,—Draw back by love and persuasion. A kiss is worth a thousand kicks. A kind word is of more value to the lost than a mine of gold.

☞ A mother's purity refine the child's heart and manners.

To Stop the Hicup.—Draw a string around the wrist of the right hand; or squeeze it with the thumb and forefinger of the left.

☞ Mirth begets mirth. It is the best thing to preserve health. It can hardly be maintained without it. Instead of doctoring, laugh heartily and often. It is cheaper, does more good, and leaves you in a better condition.

☞ Youth is a glorious invention! While the girls chase the hours, and you chase the girls, the months seem to dance away with you upon their feet. What a pity our summer is so short! Before you know it, lovers become deacons and romps grandmothers!

☞ Wealth, honor, and favor may come upon a man by chance, nay! they may be cast upon him without so much as looking for them; but virtue is the work of industry and labor; and certainly it is worth your while to purchase that good which brings all others along with it. [Seneca.]

☞ The wife of Mr. Gosmer, of Milton, Kentucky, gave birth to four children on Thursday last.

"Abraham my pet, where is your father?

"Don't know mother; but guess he's gone over to Deacon Dillberry's pasture after his black sheep, kase I seed Widder Higgins goin' over that way."

The boy got a licking before breakfast next morning,

☞ A hen belongin to Dr. J. H. Hero, of the Water Cure, at Athol, Mass., laid within 24 hours, *three good sized eggs.* The hen was Cochin China.

Can any one imagine anything more cheerless than a batchelor's bed chamber? Possibly the dismal swamp may make some pretensions to similarity.

When a man now-a-days wishes to communicate the intelligence that a daughter added to the family, he says that his domestic affairs have reache a *cry sis.*

It is important to have an umbrella in a shower, dinner when you are hungry, and a longboat in a squall, but the most important of all to a nice young gentleman is a nice young lady to say 'Yes' at the right time.

☞ Every man that has business ought to advertise it, and if he has none he ought to advertise for some.

☞ Superiority in wit is more frequently the cause of vanity than superiority of judgment; as a person who wears an ornamental sword is ever more vain than he who wears a useful one.

☞ Let your thoughts be fit and suitable for the subject. Every day have higher thoughts of God—lower througts of self—kinder throughts of your brethren, and more hopeful thoughts of all around you.

Food for Canaries.—The best food for canaries is rape, canary, and crushed hemp seed: the latter should be given very *sparingly* once a week. A little green food occasionally, but we do not think hard eggs desirable. Fresh water for bathing as well as drink, and sand are absolutely necessary.

To Make Starch.—An excellent starch may be made by setting by, in a cool place, the water in which rice has been boiled in the ordinary way, (not in a cloth) which will in twenty four hours become a very strong starch. Pour off the water and dry the powder.

Lavender Water.—English oil of lavender, water, once ounce; essence of ambergris, half ounce; eau de cologne, half pint; rectified spirits of wine, one pint; mix. This is an extremely fragrant perfume.

Receipt for Corns.—Take equal portions of mercurial and galbanum ointments, mix well, spread on a bit of white leather, and apply to the corns morning and evening.

Cod Liver Oil.—The least offensive way of taking cod liver oil, is to place it in a taespoon, and sprinkle a little salt over it.—*Ladies National Magazine.*

The Acorn.—If an acorn be suspended by a piece of thread within half an inch of the surface of some water contained in a hyacinth glass, and so permitted to remain without being disturbed, it will in a few months burst and throw a root into the water, and shoot upwards its straight and tapering stem, with beautiful green leaves. A young oak tree growing in this way on the mantel shelf of a room is a very elegant and interesting object. I have seen several oak trees, and also a chestnut tree, thus growing, but all of them, however, have died after a few months, probably owing to the water not being changed sufficiently often to afford them the necessary quantity of nourishment for the matter contained in them.

To Stop Bleeding from the Cavity of an Extracted Tooth.—Noticing the case of Mrs. Locke, who bled to death in cosequence of the extraction of a tooth, Dr. Addington, of Richmond, Va., says he never fails to stop the bleeding by packing the alveous, from which the blood continues to trickle, fully and firmly with cotton moistened in a strong solution of alum and water. He cured a brother physician in this way, whose jaw had bled for two weeks

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1852.

All legal advertisements sent to this Office for publication hereafter, must be accompanied by the CASH to insure an insertion.
The charge of $1 00 per square for 3 insertions, would average about $1 25 per folio of 100 words. Those sending advertisements can easily compute the cost by this rule.

Democratic Electoral Ticket.

STATE AT LARGE.
JOHN PETTIT, of Tippecanoe County.
JAMES H. LANE, of Dearborn County.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
First—BENJ. R. EDMONSTON, of Dubois County.
Second—JAMES S. ATHON, of Clark County.
Third—JOHN A. HENDRICKS, of Jefferson County.
Fourth—EBENEZER DUMONT, of Dearborn County.
Fifth—WILLIAM GROSE, of Henry County.
Sixth—WILLIAM J. BROWN, of Marion County.
Seventh—OLIVER P. DAVIS, of Vermillion County.
Eighth—LORENZO C. DOUGHERTY, of Boone County.
Ninth—NORMAN EDDY, of St. Joseph County.
Tenth—
Elevenths—JAMES F. McDOWELL, of Grant County.

☞ The editor is absent this week.

An Apprentice Wanted

To the PRINTING Business. An industrious boy of good education, not much afraid of soiling his hands, and willing to remain long enough to acquire a thorough knowledge of the Art, will find a good situation by making immediate application at this Office.

Rev. J. D. Meeson will preach his closing Sermon as Pastor of the Baptist Church, on Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

Preaching also in the morning.

LOST

A beautiful NECKLACE of round CORAL BEADS, with a Filigree Clasp. The finder will please leave it at Mrs. Lake's Boarding House.

We are indebted to Hon. A. P. Edgerton, M. C., for a valuable Public Document.

A Neat Foot as the ladies are generally aware, is a very attractive feature in female perfection. Those who wish to show it in full perfection will call at Jacobs' Shoe Store where they will find an opportunity to encase their pedal extremities in shoes, gaiters, &c., of the most exquisite neatness. Mr. Jacobs always keeps a fine assortment, and this season his stock is even better than usual. He has selected them with great care, having an eye to service as well as beauty. Gentlemen will also find a splendid assortment of Calf Boots, Gaiters, and every thing in their line—all of the best, and at the lowest prices.

Fashionable Tailoring.—The season has come when the change of winter clothing for that of summer must take place, and we would suggest that Mr. Thieme has on hand just the goods so much needed for this change, which he will make up *a la mode*. Read his advertisement, and give him a call.

The *Fort Wayne Female College* commenced its Summer Term on Wednesday last. As this city is such a pleasant place in the summer, and the College such an excellent institution, it will certainly, we think, be well attended the present session.

☞ Albert West, Esq., has retired from the Lafayette Journal, and is succeeded by Luse Brothers.

☞ By recent advices from Washington, we learn that Mr. Clay's health is so low, that it is feared he cannot survive long.

May—Pleasant Weather.—The Sun has again dispelled the dark, sombrous clouds that have so long hung over this portion of the terraqueous globe, and sent forth his resplendent rays—rays which look the more magnificent and grand by reason of the immense quantity of rain—that seem to vivify and enliven all animated nature. The gentle zephyrs as they pass along appear to bear the cheering tidings from heart to heart, that May—arrayed with those lovely smiles that ever characterize her, and laden with a plenitude of pleasures for the young and the old, the gay and the dejected—has at length made her appearance. The splendancy of her equipage has dissolved old Winter's hibernal countenance, and her marshaled attendants completely drowned the old fellow's dying groans with their melodious songs.—Lovely and delightful are the privileges she brings, and bountifully does distribute them among her lovers. There is not a line of parsimony about her; all may enjoy her complaisant smiles, and gaze upon her transcendent loveliness.

Many of our citizens are improving the fine weather; carriages well filled, and horses upon whose backs were seated fair young ladies, in company with their gallant companions, pass and repass along the streets. The streets present quite a lively appearance.

Extensive Counterfeiting.—We learn from the Cincinnati Commercial, that a party of seven were arrested at Newport, on charge of passing counterfeit money. "In a trunk and carpet bag were found over $800, viz: 2's on the State Bank of Ohio, 5's Merchants and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh, 1's Northern Bank of Kentucky, 5's on the Thames Bank of Connecticut, 20's State Bank of Indiana, 1's Clinton Bank of Columbus, 5's, 10's, and 20's on the Commercial Bank of Florida, 3's State Bank of Ohio, 1's, 2's, and 3's on the Farmers Bank, Oakland, Michigan. Some of the above were signed, while others were unsigned. A number of them were in large sheets, as they were issued from the press.—The engraving on all the bills is excellent, and some judges of money think the plates on which some of them were struck were the originals." These gentlemen counterfeiters were on their way to St. Louis with a load of lumber, when they were permitted to rest from their labors and pass a few days in inspecting the inner walls of a gaol.

Fruit.—We learn that while the Fruit is nearly all killed, many trees will live to reward in future the husbandman for his labor. The first impression that the trees were all killed seems to be erroneous, although very many peach trees are actually dead.

Wabash Valley Teachers' Institute.—We have perused the proceedings of this Institute which are rather too prolix for publication. It was organized at Bluffton under the supervision of Prof. S. R. Sweet, in April last. Those attending it speak in the highest terms of Prof. Sweet's qualifications as a Teacher, and represent his labors in that place as productive of great good. The Professor has accepted a call to meet them in November next, to again take charge of their Institute. The advancement of the youth in this part of the West makes is necessary for those who desire to engage in teaching to avail themselves of these privileges that they may be better qualified to enter the schoolroom as instructors.

The advantages to be derived from these Institutes by young Teachers are inestimable, and should not be left unimproved by those who contemplate making Teaching their business. A few weeks devoted to study and a review of rules under the instruction of competent Teachers, before entering upon the discharge of their nice duties, will greatly assist them in leading the *young hopefuls* along the flowery path of literature, and in teaching the "young idea how to shoot."

☞ The Ohio Legislature adjourned on Monday, the 26th ult., to meet on the first Monday of November next.

The Laurel Wreath.—This paper will be commenced in a week or two. It was designed to have been issued before this, but the lateness of the spring and the opening of navigation on the lake have kept back the material on which it is to be printed. But as the material is now daily expected, it will not be long before it makes its appearance, neatly printed on beautiful new type. A little patience, and all will be made right. C.

The editor of the New Orleans Picayune had a mess of green corn on the 20th ult.—*Ex.*

Rather behind the times; the corn in these parts is already *too ripe* to use for roasting ears.

☞ The only thing plenty in market just now, is maple sugar, and marriageable girls. What a *sweet* reflection.—*Oswego Pal.*

We don't know how it is with regard to maple sugar, but we have plenty of "marriageable girls" here, and they are pretty, too.

House of Representatives,
Indianapolis, May 1, 1852.

P. P. Bailey, Esq.—Dear Sir:

I hasten to reply to your letter of 28th ultimo this moment received. The board of Canal Trustees assemble here the 10th inst; it will be highly imporant to have some person or committee in attendance. It will be utterly out of the question for me to attend the meeting of the board. I would do it with pleasure were it in my power, but this is a very critical time in the session—most of the bills are on the second and third reading—and owing to the important commercial position of Fort Wayne, and the great amount of local legislation heretofore had for our county scarcely a bill comes up in which we are not in some way or other interested, and some of them very deeply; moreover some very important bills have passed the House and gone to the Senate where they may be so amended as to be very objectionable—such a bill for instance as the general railroad bill in which our county has such a deep interest and in which no person has manifested more zeal than yourself, is now under consideration in that body and will pass. I am inclined to think, and reported back about the time the trustees will be in session.

These are only a few of the reasons that I might give why I could not attend the meetings of the board without neglecting my legislative duties in an unpardonable manner. You will perceive the importance at once of sending one person at least, who is well posted up and who can give the matter his undivided attention. Not a mere lobby member—he can do *no good*. It requires a thorough going business man, who can present the agricultural and commercial interest of the county properly before the board—set down, make calculations, compare toll sheets, &c.

You "wish to know how the matter rests in the House." In reply I will simply say that the bill provides (in short) for a reduction of tolls to the Ohio rates. It has been read twice and laid on the table. It can be called up at any time and a vote taken immediately upon its engrossment and passage. Mr. Dowling came here immediately on hearing of the introduction of the bill. He desired me as chairman to agree to delay further action until the trustees could meet; but as I had not the control of the measure, it being now in the possession of the House, and could be taken up on motion of any member, I could only agree with others that the friends were willing to let it rest until the 10th, which he insisted was the earliest moment Mr. Butler could get here. So the matter rests, and if the board are willing to make such reductions as are reasonable and proper (and I trust none other is asked or expected by those along the line) then the whole thing can be amicably adjusted much more satisfactory to all concerned. If they will not do justice, we will give them an opportunity of testing the question whether the state *did* reserve the right or not of regulating the tolls.

You are also anxious to know "what amendments, if any, were made to the general railroad bill before its passage in the House."—None of importance. It remains as reported by me and substituted for the original bill. It is the only important bill passed this session that was not amended or recommitted. The friends of this bill stood up firmly throughout and voted down every amendment that was proposed to cripple the bill. You observe that "such a majority (60 to 30) is indicative of its passage through the Senate." I think from the best light I have upon the subject that it will pass the Senate without material amendment. The votes on proposed amendments indicate such a result. That vote 60 to 30 is a very decided one—two to one exactly: but did it occur to you that a change of *five* votes would have defeated the bill? It received but *nine* more votes, you perceive, than a constitutional majority—enough to be sure for all practical purposes, and a majority too for which we are exceeding thankful on the passage of almost any bill; but it serves to illustrate how difficult it is to obtain constitutional majorities when there is any considerable opposition.

The Bank bill failed in the Senate yesterday for want of a constitutional majority. It is thought it will pass with a full Senate.

Yours, in haste,
I. D. G. NELSON.

☞ Messrs. P. P. Bailey and Sam'l Edsall have left for Indianapolis to attend the meeting. The great interest taken in this matter by our citizens cannot longer be disregarded, and they may now look out for a reduction of tolls.

Railroad Meeting at Decatur.

A large and interesting meeting of the inhabitants of Adams county was held at the Court House in Decatur, in said county, at which John W. Nevius, Esq., was called to the Chair, and P. L. Wise appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been briefly stated by S. L. Rugg, thereupon on motion of J. P. Porter.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to report resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. Whereupon S. L. Rugg, J. H. Nevius, W. G. Spencer, J. McConnel, and D. Humbert were appointed said committee.

During the absence of the committee, the meeting was addressed by D. McDonald, J. P. Porter, O. T. Hart, L. M. Lovelace, and S. S. Rugg.

The committee appointed for that purpose, made the following report by their chairman:

Whereas, in this age of the triumph of the arts and sciences, in carrying improvements of public utility throughout the world; and whereas, the States of Indiana, Ohio, and others, have proved the utility of the great *Iron Horse*, and the construction of railroads is being effected North and South, East and West, to the great commercial and farming interests of the community; and, whereas, such a communication is about to be effected between Cincinnati and Fort Wayne, touching at the most favorable points between the extremes; and whereas, the conty of Adams is on the direct line, having an area of the most fertile soil—inhabited by industrious and enterprising citizens, earnestly desiring a convenient and speedy transportation of their productions.—Therefore,

Resolved, 1st, That we regard with interest and hail with pleasure the proposition to construct the Cincinnati, Richmond, Winchester, Portland, Decatur and Fort Wayne railroad.

Resolved, 2ndly, That we recommend this improvement to the citizens of this county, as highly favorable to their agricultural interests.

Resolved, 3rdly, That an executive committee of five be appointed to confer with other committees on the line—look after the interests of this county in the location and construction of the road, and arrange railroad meetings in the different townships of the county, and do and perform all other duties usually appertaining to such committees.

Thereupon, Joseph Crabs, Esq., moved the adoption of the report of the committee, during the pendency of which motion a brief accont of the progress of the enterprise, showing its practicability, &c., was given by Samuel L. Rugg, and after full discussion, the report was unanimously adopted.

In pursuance of one of the resolutions in said report, the following named persons were appointed an executive committee J. D. Nuttman, S. L. Rugg, J. H. Nevius, J. McConnel, and J. P. Porter.

On motion of J. H. Nevins, the committee were instructed, That in all their doings as such, they give preference to arrangements that will result in a through line of uniform width of track.

On motion of O. T. Hart,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by its officers, and furnished to the editor of the *Gazette*, with a request that they be published.

The meeting then adjourned.

JOHN W. NEVIUS, Chairman.
P. L. Wise, Secretary.

[*Decatur Gazette*]

Pennsylvania Railroad Election.—During Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, just passed, an election has been held by the stockholders of this company, at the office, Walnut street above Third, to test the question whether the company should make a subscription to the stock of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The polls were closed yesterday at 3 o'clock P. M., when the ballots were counted, and the result declared to be as follows:—22 stockholders voted 15 732 shares for the subscription, and 10 stockholders voted 1926 shares against the subscription, leaving a clear majority in favor of the subscription of 185 voters and 14 605 shares. The resolution is, therefore, adopted, and the subscription will be made. We subjoin a copy of the former for the information of our readers:

Resolved, That the Board of Directors be, and are hereby authorized to subscribe, on behalf of this Company, (Legislative sanction being first obtained,) for 2000 shares in the Capital stock of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, for the general purposes thereof, and a further amount of three thousand shares, applicable to form a connection between the terminus of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad and the Pennsylvania Railroad at the outer depot of the latter Company in the city of Pittsburg, in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed in the resolutions passed September last. Provided, the Board of Directors shall be satisfied that the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad have, with the subscription aforesaid, ample fund, by subscription or permanent loan, to finish their road to Crestline: and provided further, that the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall, before any subscription is made formally agree to construct the connection aforesaid by a railroad bridge over the Allegheny river, at the point indicated, as soon as the same may be required by the Directors of this Company.

We rejoice that this subscription has been directed, as it will be of invaluable service both to the Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad, and our own great Central road. While it will enable the direction of the former to urge that most important link in our great western connections, to a rapid completion, it will, at the same time, secure the speedy erection of a bridge over the Allegheny and a direct communication between the two roads, which, under other circumstances, might have been a long time delayed. The necessity for transhipment of goods at the two roads will thus be avoided, as well as delay and expense to transporters.

Gen. Robinson, the efficient and intelligent President of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Company, to whose incessant and well directed exertions the procurement of this subscription is mainly to be attributed—has been in the city for sevreal days, watching the progress of the vote; and, as the indications were all in favor of a successful issue with commendable courtesy he withheld the vote of Allegheny, Philadelphia and the other coporations interested having declined to interfere.—*North American.*

Ohio and Indiana Railroad.—This important link commences at Crestline, 78 miles southwest from Cleveland, and runs to Fort Wayne Ind., a distance of 131 miles. The amount of stock taken to Januayy, 1852, is $711,600—being about one-half of the entire cost of the road independent of the wright of way, which will no doubt be negotiated upon favorable terms. The region through which this road passes, though comparatively new, is increasing in population and wealth in a greater ratio than any other portion of Ohio; and Allen County, Indiana, has increased in population nearly 200 per cent. within the last 10 years. Fort Wayne, the terminus of the road, is a large thrifty place, and transacts yearly an immense amount of business. Considering the rapid growth of the country, the richness and fertility of its soil, we cannot see why this road should not become profitable upon its completion. That great civilizer—the iron horse—is sure to bring in its train the sturdy yeoman, and the industrious mechanic, along the Ohio and Indiana Railroad, so easy of access from Buffalo and Cleveland, we shall find villages rapidly springing into active prosperity.

J. R. Stranghan, the chief engineer, presents a very elaborate and favorable report of the prospects of the road.—*Scientific American.*

Spurious gold one dollar pieces, are in circulation in Philadelphia. They are poorly executed, particularly the milling.

A man cannot possess anything that is better than a good woman, nor anything that is worse than a bad one.

Arrival of the Niagara.

Halifax, April 28, 2 P. M.

Niagara arrived at an early hour this A. M. She brings 42 passengers. Liverpool dates to 11 A. M., 17th inst.

The Steamer Pacific, for N. Y., arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 14th, making the passage in 11¼ days, including a detention of several hours, off the harbor on account of low tide.

The intelligence from the United States by the *Niagara* and *Pacific* had given Cotton an upward tendency with improved demand. Ar the sailing of the *Niagara* there was a better feeling in the market for breadstuffs, and in all cases a slight advance had been paid.

The money market was more abundant than at any previous time for many years, and, the first time in many years consuls were up.—American Securities were in good time.

The Sandwich Islands.—Terrific Eruption of Manua Loa.—Our advices from Honolulu are to the 10th March. The news is ten days later. It bears no special importance, but we have an account of a great eruption on the Island of Hawaii of the famous Manua Loa, which at the date of last dispached, was burning fiercely, discharging sreams of lava, and filling the air with cinders and ashes.

The eruption commenced on the 19th of Feb. from the old crater, and was followed by successive openings in the sides of the volcano, and setting fire to the woods in its progress. The spectable is described as terrifically grand. Alarm was felt for the safety of the town of Hilo, toward wich the torrents of fire were rapidly rolling.

By advices from Hilo, to the 2nd inst., says the Polynesian, we further learn that the stream of lava had burned throught the woods to within 15 miles of Hilo, and that it was still progressing. The current was not so rapid as at first, but it was gradually, filling up all the inequalities of the ground and it was supposed, at that date, that it would ultimately reach the sea, and discharge itself somewhere in the bay of Hilo.

This eruption is said to be the most terrific and extensive that has taken place on Havaii within the memory of man.

The Government organ publishes officially an order in council providing for "reciprocal duties on certain articales with the U. States of North America," in which it is enacted by the King, Premier and chief of the Havaiian Islands, that all flour, fish, coal, lumber, staves and heading, the produce or manufacture of the United States, shall be admitted into the Kingdom free of all duty, provided the Government of the United States will admit sugar, sirup of suggar, molasses and coffee, the produce of the Hawaiian Islands, into all the ports of the United States on the same terms.

Our correspondence informs us that considerable excitement was caused in the community of Honolulu by the discovery that a mail bag, made at this port and sent by the Game Cock last winter to the Islands, had been broken open by some of the passengers of the G. C., and many letters relative to the expedition which sailed in that vessel destroyed.—*Alta California March*, 27.

New York, May 3.

The California letters lost overboard on the Chagres River, are in the main preserved and their directions can probably be deciphered.

Newspaper mails almost entirely ruined.—It is feared some of the bags were not recovered. A letter dated Acapulco April 24th states that 150 to 200 of the passengers on the North America yet remain. They would be taken off by the Washington. The Com. Stock ton was at Acapulco. The authorities have broken the U. S. Government scales and hauled dawn the American flag.

Pernambucco advices to April 4th state that not a single case of yellow fever had occurred in the city for two months, being confined to the shipping.

At Rio Janeiro its ravages are heart rending. On an average 60 cases are reported daily. Among the crews of foreign vessels twenty three entire Swedish crews are said to have been swept away.

The Great Flood in the Ohio.—The Steubenville *Messenger* givn the following accont of the flood at Wheeling. That *woman* should have a passage free through the world:

The Flood at Wheeling.—We learn from the Argus that the bridge which floated past here on Monday, struck Zane's Island, and swung round the west side of the river, near Bridgeport, and came near carrying off a portion of the covered wooden bridge.

At West Wheeling, the Paper Mill of Mrs. Wagoner was carried off, with a large quantity of wrapping paper. Stringer's warehouse with considerable flour and produce, is also gone. Many cottages there were carried off.

At Grave Creek, Gallagher's warehouse was sweept off, filled with flour, produce, molasses, and furniture of the citizens, stored for safe keeping.

A white painted dwelling house passed Wheeling having a woman and some children aboard. She refused to leave her domicil, claiming that it was her own, and no one should deprive her family of their rights.

The Times records a narrow escape of a family of thirteen persons, from the falling of the stack of Dewey's Wire Factory. They were leaving their house, and had just got seated in the skiff, when the stack fell, and struck within about three feet of them, upsetting the skiff, and leaving them to the mercy of the waters. They were all rescued in an exhausted state—even to a babe—with the mother's arm had instinctively clung to through the whele affair.

A Baby Afloat!—A gentleman just from Wheeling informs that, during the late flood in the Ohio, a cradle with a living infant in it was picked up on the river somewhere below Wheeling. No one knew any thing of its parentage, or where it hailed from.—*Zanesville Cour.*

Whole Village Swept off. — Baltimore, April 22, 1852.—The towns of Worthington, Fairmount, Riverville and Newport were inundated, and many houses swept off. More than forty houses were seen to float past Fairmount. Every houses except one, and a part of two others, in the village of Worthington, was swept away. In Frederiksburg and vicinity the damage done was very great. Falmouth Bridge was entirely swept away.

Storm and Flood East.—At Boston, on the 19th, the storm had continued for 30 hours, and was still prevailing violently. It was severe all along the Atlantic coast. The Potomac was very high on the 29th higher than known for many years The long bridge at Washington City was swept away. At Harper's Ferry much damage was done by the flood to houses, barns and bridges. Many cattle swept away. The Winchester railroad was inundated for several miles, and considerably damaged. The water rose within 9 feet of the high water mark of the great flood of 1847. Several serious breaches are reported into Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The freshet in the Susquehannah innndated portions of Columbia and Wrightsville.

The oriental steamer Iberia the West India mail steamer had arrived at Southampton, with £20,000 in specie and £19,000 in diamonds from Brazil.

Appointed.—We learn that Gov. Bigler has appointed Patrick McKenna, Esq, Associate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late lamented Judge McMillen.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 30.—Judge Woodward has been appointed Supreme Judge of Pennsylvania in the place of Judge Coulter, deceased.

Four Hundred and Fifty Lives Lost.—At two o'clock on the morning of the 26th of February, the British steamer Birkenhead was wrecked between two and three miles of the shore of Southern Africa. Off Point Danger, near the Cape of Good Hope, she struck upon a reef of sunken rocks. The water was smooth, and the sky serene, but the speed at which the vessel was passing through the water proved her destruction. The rock penetrated through her bottom just aft the foremast, and in twenty minutes' time there were a few floating spars and a few miserable creatures clinging to them, and this was all that remained of the Birkenhead. Of 638 persons who had left Simon's Bay in the gallant ship but a few hours before, only 184 remain to tell the tale. No less than 454 Englishmen have come to so lamentable an end. Between four and five hundred human beings launched into eternity without a moment's warning, makes it stand out alone in solitary horror, the most terrible catastrophe of the kind it has been our lot for many years to record.—*New York Express.*

Death of Distinguished Men.—Died, at Albany N. Y., on the 23d inst., Gen. Solomon Van Rensselaer, who distinguished himself in the attack on Queenstown, in October, 1812, and for many years Postmaster at Albany.—He died of apoplexy in the 78th year of his age.

Peter Van Loon, aged 78 years, for more than half a century a resident of Albany.

In the city of New York, on the 23d inst., Hon John Young, formerly Governer of that State. At the time of his death he was Assistant Treasurer of the port of New York.

Hon. John Sergeant, a distinguished lawyer, and member of Congress for fifteen years, died at his resident in Philadelphia, on the 23d inst.

Judge Coulter, who was elected to the Supreme bench in Pennsylvania, in October last, died at his residence, in Westmoreland county, on the 21st April.

In Cincinnati, on the 23d ult., Mr. L. G. Curtiss, late Editor of the Cincinnati Commercial, who has so long been the chief actor in its successful enterprise.

Frederick West, for nearly twenty years connected with the press of Philadelphia and New York, died in the latter city on Saturday.

New Railroad Scheme.—Large and enthusiastic meetings have been held in Winchester, and Newport to construct a railroad from Richmond to Fort Wayne; and we understand Cincinnati will furnish "material aid" for the work. It strikes us if this work is undertaken it would be advantageous for the company to make Bluffton a point, and unite with the Fort Wayne and Southern road at this place. By this they would save 24 miles of road, and a much easier grade than can be found by going east of us, it would also obtain the Cincinnati trade from this section of the country, which would otherwise go by New Castle, or Knightstown, when the Fort Wayne and Southern road is completed.

What does the Winchester Patriot, and Richmond papers say to this proposition?—*Bluffton Banner.*

☞ The injury to the track of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Road, by the late flood, is much less serious than was reported. The trains are running as usual.

Route Agent.—Mr. John S. Darragh of Beaver has been appointed route agent on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, by the Postmaster General.

Florida Democratic State Convention.—Charleston, April 26.—On the 19th instant the Democratic State Convention of Florida assembled and nominated James E. Brown, Esq., as their candidate for Governor; A. T. Maxwell for Congress; and D. L. Yulee and Dr. D. W. Spencer, Delegates at large to the Baltimore National Convention.

A series of resolutions were adopted the first of which reaffirms the resolutions of the Virginia convention of 1848, and the second endorses the resolutions adopted by the Baltimore Democratic Convention of 1844. The third resolution deprecates the revival of any past issues; and the fourth appoints fourteen delegates to the Baltimore National Convention. They are sent uninstructed, no preference being expressed by the Convention.

The first choice of the delegates elected is understood to be for Douglas for President and Jefferson Davis for Vice President.

The Illinois Democracy.—The Democratic State Convention which met at Springfield on the 19th, nominated the Hon. J. A. Matterson, of Will county for Governor, on the 11th ballot. The final vote stood, Matterson 130, Gregg 67, Dement 59. The Chicago Tribune speaks of Mr M, as admirably fitted for Governor of Illinois.

The Legislature of Louisiana have passed an appropriation of $150,000 for the erection of a bronze statute of Gen. Jackson on Jackson Square, in New Orleans.

Extra Session of the Illinois Legislature.—Gov French, of Illinois, has issued his proclamation convening an extra session of the Legislature of that State on the 7th June next. The *Chicago Tribune* says of the Proclamation that it embraces a great variety of subjects and predicts a long and important session.

Chinese and Chilians for California.—A letter from San Francisco states that during the last two weeks of March neary 1,500 Chilians and Chinese arrived there, and that the ship Challenge was on her way with 1,000 more. It is expected that during the next five years 50,000 Chinese will emigrate to California. A letter from Hong Kong says that thousands are now saving up their earnings to collect $35, which amount is required for their passage. To this is to be added the expense of a little dried fish and rice, and a sip of tea, and in about 40 or 50 days they are safely landed at San Francisco.

Springfield, Mass. April 24th.

Kossuth in Massachusetts.—Kossuth addressed a large and enthusiastic audience, in the Rev. Mr. Osgood's church, this morning. He subsequently visited the United States armory, and left at 1 o'clok for Northampton.

Extensive Land Slide.—A land slide occurred on Thursday, Coal Hill, near Pittsburg, which entirely destroyed the factory of Lorenz & Wightman, and a large school house. In several places the chasms were twenty feet deep.

More Steamboat Disasters—Sixteen Lives Lost.—The steamer Pocahontas took fire a little before Napoleon, on the Mississippi. She was laden with cotton, some 2,300 bales. Of course, the flames spread rapidly; and consumed cargo and boat. Sixteen lives are known to have been lost! The rest of the passengers how many are not stated—and crew, plunged into the river, and saved themselves by floating upon the driftwood.

☞ The new French Legislative Corps, while waiting the ceremony of being sworn in, are said to have passed their leisure moments in admiring their costume, showing in their manner a good deal of "innocent and even infantile delight."

Fruit.—Mr. Longworth, of Cincinnati, in a letter to the editors of the Atlas, says:

You say that you are informed, by Mr. Ernst, that we shall have no fruit. Pears and Apples will be abundant. I have many Plum trees that have not lost a bud. We shall have some Cherries. Peaches will be a rare article. Many trees will shed their accutomed blossoms but the germ is dead.

☞ The cencus returns will occupy twenty large volumes, or ten thousand pages.

From the Indiana State Journal.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

Senate.—*Wednesday, April* 28.—The committee to ascertain the extent of the late fire at the State Prison, reported that $14,070 was the estimated cost that would be required to repair the loss. Bills from the committee on revision were introduced, for incorporating towns; providing for the government &c. of the State University; and a bill prescribing certain misdemeanors, punishable before Justices. Bills passed; for electing Recorders and prescribing their duties; to establish and regulate ferries; joint resolution asking lands for a State Normal Female School; a bill providing for electors; House resolution relating to bounty lands, passed; bill for laying out roads, &c. and bill relating to insurance companies, laid on the table.

The afternoon was occupied in reading House bills a first time, and the Senate bill of three or four hundred pages providing for the settlement of decedents' estate, &c.

House.—A vast number of Temperance petitions were presented and referred, all asking for the "Maine Law." Mr. Holman from the judiciary committee, reported back House bill in relation to the alienation of real estate, with amendments, which were not concurred in, and the bill passed; ayes 56, noes 32.—The joint committee appointed to examine into the nature amount of the damage done to the State Prison by the recent fire, reported the result of their inquires, and were dicharged from the further consideration thereof. Several bills were then reported by the select joint committee on revision, and appropriately disposed of. A joint resolution offerred by Mr Gibson instructing our Senators and requesting our representatives in Congress to procure a change in the Pleading and Practice of the United States courts similar to that adopted by several of the States; read a first time. A bill was introduced and read a first time providing for the sale of the buildings on the Governor's circle. House adjourned.

Senate.—*Thursday, April* 29.—Petitions were presented favoring temperance and Free Banking, by Messrs. Hicks, Walker, Salter and Mickle. Bill in relation to prosecuting attorneys was again referred to committee on revision. Bill introduced regulating admission admission of attorneys to practice; bill to establish a system of general banking was taken up, amended and discussed at length.

The afternoon was entirely devoted to the discussion of the Free Banking bill, which was at length ordered to engrossment to morrow, 23 to 20.

House.—Numerous petitions were presented on different subjects—several, asking the passage of the "Maine Law." A remonstrance was then presented by Mr. Stevens, from numerous citizens of Decatur, Rush, and Shelby counties, praying that no liquor law be passed; because the distilleries of the country are are sources of wealth to the people, and because the petitions for such law are "*mostly signed by women.*" The general election bill was then reported back from the judiciary committee, with amendments; read a third time, and laid on the table. A resolution was offered by Mr. King on the subject of descents and apportionment of estates; laid on the table. Mr. Huffstetter moved a reconsideration of the vote on the bill concerning descents and apportionment of estates, which failed on yesterday: carried; when he moved to recommit to a select committee with instructions.—It was so committed. House bill on the subject of traffic in intoxication liquor was reported back and laid on the table.

The afternoon session was employed in the consideration of the Assessment bill, which, after being amended, was referred to the committee on Ways and Means, when the House adjourned.

Senate.—*Friday, April* 30.—Bills limiting number of grand jurors, authorizing sale of State stock in State Bank, regulating toll on mills, providing for election of State Printer, and organizing county courts, were reported back from the revision committee, and laid on the table. Mr. Slack's resolution for ascertaining the value of the State's interest in the State Bank was adopted. Bills for empanneling petit jurors, and laying out and vacating towns, streets, &c; passed.

The act for a Free Banking law was in the afternoon reported back from the select committee, and being voted upon, was lost, 25 only voting for it, which lacks one vote of constitutional majority. The bill again failed on its reconsideration, only 23 voting for it. Bills on their second reading were appropriately disposed of.

House.—A great many petitions were presented on the subject of temperance, which were appropriately referred. A Bill providing for the accumulation, suspension of ownership, and joint tenancy of personal property was passed, ayes 81, noes 1; also a bill for the appraisement and equalization of real estate, ayes 54, noes 30; also, a bill in relation to descents, &c., ayes 54; noes 35. The joint resolution in relation to the three per cent. fund was taken up and referred to the committee on roads.

Senate.—*Saturday, May* 1.—Petitions were presented by Messrs. Knowlton, Huffstetter, Athon, and Logan, and referred. Various bills were introduced and read a first time; others were reported from committees, and laid on the table. A resolution passed, 29 to 12, offered by Mr. Berry, that the Senate will not pass any temperance law similar to the Maine law, and that a good school system is the best means of lessening the evils of intemperance. Bill authorizing railroad companies to bridge navigable streams read and recommitted.—Bills prescribing misdemeanors punishable by justices; concerning mortgages; for contesting certain elections; and for the protection of lands held by or mortgaged to the State, passed. Bills on their second reading were then disposed of.

The bill for the settlement of decedents estates, on its second reading, was discussed in the afternoon; but before final action there on, the Senate adjourned till Monday morning.

House.—A number of petitions were presented, asking for the passage of a law similar to the Maine liquor law. The bill regulating the duties of the State Librarian was then taken up; and Mr. Torbet offered an amendment, making it the duty of that officer to procure the binding of such newspapers as may be sent to the Library gratuitously by editors of the State. The amendment was adopted.

The bill defining felonies, and prescribing penalties therefore, being before the House an amendment to abolish capital punishment failed by a very decided vote. It was so amended as to provide that all executions in future shall take place in private.

The House adjourned.

Senate.—*Monday May* 3.—Petitions were presented by Mr. Scoby from citizens of Decatur and Shelby, on the subject of plank roads; referred to the committee on coporations.—The bill for settling decedents' estates, on its second reading, occupied the residue of the forenoon session.

In the afternoon, bills for settlement of decedents' estates, and for incorporation of towns &c., were after the second reading, referred to committe on revision. The following bills passed: in regard to canal companies bridging canals where crossing streets, roads, &c., 37 to 4: and to regulate the State University, &c., 31 to 3. Bills on their second reading and messages from the House occupied the residue of the day.

House.—A number of petitions on the subject of temperance were presented. Several bills were reported back to the House, from committees to which they had been referred, and ordered to be engrossed. A bill in relation to township elections was reported by Mr. Stover, from the select joint committee on revision, and read a first time.

Mr. Hay's resolution, requiring that bills on their second reading should be considered as in committee of the whole, was adopted. A resolution was adopted, instructing the committee on fees and salaries to allow milage to jurors and witnesses. The rest of the day was employed in the consideration of bills on their second reading, and messages from the Senate. House adjourned.

Senate.—*Tuesday, May* 3.—Joint resolution in regard to the settlement with State Printer, referred to committee on printing.—Bill defining and punishing vagrancy, rejected on its third reading. Bills on their second reading were taken up and disposed of. A lengthy discussion took place on the bill to provide for equalizing the appraisement of lands for taxation, after which said bill referred to a select committee. A bill was introduced to amend the act incorporating turnpike and plank road companies.

In the afternoon the bill for laying out roads, &c., was laid on the table. Bill for a more mode of doing business was taken up and discussed; after which it was read and ordered to be engrossed—28 to 14. Six bills, on various subjects, were introduced from the committee on revision, which were read a first time. The bill for settlement of decendants estates, &c., was read a third time, but the Senate adjourned before its final passage.

House.—A number of petitions on different subjects were presented, appropriately referred. The committee on revision reported a number of bills, some of which were read a first time, and others laid on the table. Mr. Holman presented a resolution, which was adopted, providing the manner of binding the journals. Mr. Nelson then offered a resolution, of which previous notice had been given, providing that the name of a member moving to adjourn, and the time of making the motion, be entered on the journals; after several amendments, it was defeated. Bills were introduced, in relation to levying executions upon lands in certain cases, in regard to notary public, and in reference to the manner of appointing their power and duties, which were read a first time. The common pleas bill was reported back by the judiciary committee, with several amendments, some of which were and some were not adopted. The bill regulating the granting of divorces was then read a second and third time, when the House adjourned.

Agricultural Fair.

The Committee appointed at the last adjourned meeting of the Allen County Agricultural Society, to propose a list of Premiums for the Annual Fair, have made the following selection, leaving the Society to fix the amount of each Premium.

CATTLE.

Best Bull 3 years old or over, 2d do. 3d do.
" " 2 " "
" " 1 year "
" " Calf.

WORKING OXEN, &c.

Best yoke of Oxen, 2d do. 3d do.
" " of 3 year old Steers.
" " of 2 " "
" " of 1 year old Steers.

MILCH COWS.

Best Milch Cow 2d do. 3d do.

The Cow to be kept on grass during the experiment, and for ten days previous. The time of trial from the 10th to the 20th of June, and from the 10th to the 20th of August. A specimen of the butter to be exhibited at the Show; also, a description of the breed and age of cow, time of calving; also, weight of milk of one day of each trial.

FAT CATTLE.

Best pair fat Oxen 2d do. 3d do.
" fat Cow

Particular statement of the manner of feeding—kind of food—and expense of fatting to accompany.

HORSES.

Class 1st—For all work.
Best Stallion 2d do. 3d do.
" Breed Mare and foal 2d do. 3d do.
" Stallion Colt 3 years old.
" " " 2 " "
" " " 1 " "
" Mare Colt 3 " "
" " " 2 " "
" " " 1 " "

Class 2d—Draft Horses.
Best Stallion, 2d do 3d do
" Breed Mare and foal, 2d do, 3d do.
" pair of matched Horses, 2d do 3d do.
" single Horse, gelding, 2d do, 3d do.

SHEEP.

Best Buck 2 years old, or over 2d do, 3d do.
" Pen of Ewes 5 in number, 2d do, 3d do.

SWINE.

Best Boar 1 year old or over, 2d do 3d do.
" " under one year old
" Breeding Sow, 2d do, 3d do.

POULTRY.

Best lot of Dorkings, not less than 3 1 cock and 2 hens.
Best lot of Poland, same number.
" " of Native Breed, same number.
" " of Turkeys same number

WHEAT.

Best yield of Wheat per acre not less than 3 acres, 2d do, 3d do.

CORN.

Best yield of Corn, one acre 2d do, 3d do.

BARLEY.

Best field of Barley not less than 3 acres, 2d do, 3d do.

OATS.

Best field of Oats not less than 3 acres, 2d do, 3d do.

POTATOES.

Best one half acre of Potatoes, 2d do, 3d do.

BEETS.

Best one sixteenth of an acre of Beets, 2d do, 3d do.

CARROTS.

Best sixteenth of an acre of Carrots, 2d do, 3d do.

TURNIPS.

Best sixteenth of an acre of Turnips, 2d do, 3d do.

SWEET POTATOES.

Best ¼ acre of Sweet Potatoes, 2d do, 3d do.

RUTA BAGA.

Best sixteenth of an acre of Ruta Bagas, 2d do, 3d do.

ONIONS.

Best sixteenth of an acre of Onions, 2d do, 3d do.

PARSNIPS.

Best sixteenth of an acre of Parsnips 2d do, 3d do.

BEANS.

Best sixteenth of an acre of Beans, 2d do 3d do.

DAIRY.

Best lot of Butter, not less than 25 lbs; the Butter to be exhibited, 2d do. 3d do.

The following rules to be complied with:

The milk drawn from the cow on some one day, to be measured and weighed.

The breed of the cow if known—and method of preserving the Butter—time when made.

CHEESE.

Best 50 lbs Cheese, 2d do. 3d do.

Those who present Cheese must furnish a discription of the process of making and treatment of the Cheese afterwards.

The undersigned presuming that the Society would at its next meeting appoint a *Fruit Committee* and a Committee on *Farm Implements*, have not specified any premiums for those branches. Which Committees with a *Discretionary Committee* with general powers to award premiums on any article not above enumerated, will be necessary to complete the organization.

F. P. RANDALL,
E. RUDISILL,
F. H. TYLER,
D. H. COLERICK.
} *Committee.*

May, 3d, 1852.

Large Mail Robbery.—Two men have been arrested at Ellicottville, New York, for robbing the mail. About 1,000 letters were multiated, and 500 others unopened The letters were from Boston and Albany.

The London Illustrated News says, that this country "is destined in due time to overshadow the world with its power and glory."

☞ Several of the steamboats on the Ohio river have been provided with inside door bolts as a safeguard against thieves.

From the State Sentinel.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

The peculiar circumstance attending the death of JOHN W. QUARLES, Esq., of this city, have caused quite a sensation in the community, and have produced amongst his relatives and friends the most poignant grief, and melancholy reflections.

His was a character of no ordinary stamp. That he was a son of genius and of talent, all who knew him will attest. That his attachment and sympathies were strong and abiding, his youthful companions will assert; that his legal attainments were of a high order, is a matter of public notoriety; and his professional brethern always accorded to him the reputation of more than ordinary ability as an eloquent advocate, and as a superior special pleader. A doating mother, and affectionate sisters and brothers, felt pride and joy in his early promise of usefulness, and in his growing professional reputation, as well as in his kind heartedness in his relations as a son and brother. How sadly are all things changed! In the pride of his manhood he went forth to mingle in the busy scenes of life; but before the rising of the sun he was borne to the house of his mother in a dying condition. A fatal blow had consigned him to an early death; whether that blow was the act of a murderous assassin, or a special act of Providence, is yet shrouded in painful mystery, and adds additional pain to the grief of his friends. But his young life is finished—his "heart that once beat high for fame, now feels that pulse no more," "and the mourners go about the street"—and time, and the mercy of God can alone assuage the heart-felt sorrow of the tender hearts of his family circle.

John W. Quarles, Esq. was the eldest son of the late Col. William Quarles, and was born in this city, being in the 23d year of his age. He was a student of the Asbury University at Greencastle, and was admitted to the bar at the early age of 18. His success in practice was the best evidence of his legal acquirements as an attorney. Like most young men of peculiar genius, he was of an ardent temperament and of determined purpose; but his redeeming qualities were many, and plead eloquently for the forgetfulness of youthful errors. May his noble qualities be emulated, and his faults forgiven, and the sad bereavement be sanctified to his family, his friends, and intimate associates. A FRIEND.

☞ Hundreds of our citizens complain of debility and languor of the system, derangement of the liver and stomach, want of appetite, &c.; they are frequently the result of too close application, and a thousand other causes we cannot here name; but we would say to all so afflicted, do as we have done—get a bottle or two of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. Jackson, and, our word for it, you will be cured. We recommend this medicine, knowing from experience that it is much superior to the generality of patent medicines. We would say to our readers, purchase none unless prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia.

S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.

We would call especial attention to this excellent Family Medicine, which is [illegible] approved medicine should read the [illegible] advertisement and try his Shaker Sarsaparilla. See the advertisement in another column.

Petroleum and Rheumatism.

NOBLE CO., IND., Jan. 30, 1852.

To the Proprietor of the Pittsburgh Petroleum:

I take pleasure in stating that I have been benefitted by the use of your Rock Oil—the Red kind—the same that is now sold by Mr. H. B. Reed and Mr. W. Wall, in Wayne. I was seized in August last with a violent attack of *Rheumatism* in one knee and leg, with tormenting pains, so that I could not walk, except with difficulty. After suffering for about two months, I applied your Petroleum, which commenced at once to drive off the pain, and in a week was almost entirely well and am now well. I consider this Oil worthy the attention of the afflicted. Having an opportunity by being in Wayne to-day, I have just bought another Bottle to try for partial deafness of a little girl. I reside at the old Gordon Stand on the plank road, 17 miles north from Wayne. J. MACKEY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

W. JACOBS is on hand again with another very extensive and most beautiful assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

Spring and Summer Wear.

Feeling most grateful to the ladies and gentlemen of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, he now assures them that he has to offer a very choice selection of Goods in his line, manufactured expressly to his orders, by the *very best Workmen*. In his stock of

LADIES' FINE WEAR

will be found the latest and most approved style of Philadelphia, New York, and Boston markets of almost every conceivable variety. Also,

Children's, Youths' Boys' and Men's Wear

of every kind. In short, the *under standings* from the cradle to the hoary headed, can be embellished at this establishment with that which is *neat, genteel, fashionable, comfortable,* and *serviceable,* and

AT PRICES FAR BELOW

any thing in this market, as our motto is Quick Sales, Small Profits, and Ready Pay; and all *Rips (of any sheu d occur) Repaired without Charge.*

I have now in my employ some very superior workmen, and any Fine Goods to order executed in the very best manner, and at the lowest prices. I am also constantly Manufacturing in Fort Wayne, all kinds of Women's, Men's and Boys'

HEAVY WEAR.

Please give me a call at my old stand, next door to Mr. [illegible] Store, and directly opposite Mr. Peter Kiser's Store, on Calhoun St.

WM. JACOBS.

April 29th, 1852. n41

Spring has Come.

Fashionable Clothing Store.

J. G. THIEME would respectfully inform the public that he has received an unrivalled assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

comprising the most magnificent Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, and Gentlemen's Goods, all of which he will make up to order in the neatest and

MOST SUPERB STYLE,

so that no one can complain either of their fits or prices. His stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

is extensive and grand; it consists of

Coats, Vests, Pants, &c. &c.

He has also on hand a great variety of Kossuth, Leghorn, and Palm Leaf Hats, Caps, Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Gloves, &c., and Umbrellas for from 65 cents to $1 65. In fact he has such a vast profusion of nice things that he can only mention a part at this time.

He would also state that he offers his goods at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

and cannot stand to banter with any. He has adopted this method believing it to be the best way of doing business; and as his work is well made, far more durable than the eastern slop work, and very cheap, he feels confident he can give entire satisfaction to all who wish anything in his line.

Shop in Smith's Building, Calhoun Street.
May 6th 1852. 44

DRESS MAKING.

MISS L. FORD, late of AUBURN, New York respectfully informs the ladies of Fort Wayne that she has commenced the Dress Making Business, at the house of Mrs Bowen, on Barr Street. All work entrusted to her will be promptly executed in the neatest and most fashionable style.

* * *The latest Fashions regularly received*
May 1, 1852. 43.

Them Goods Have Arriv'!!

WE have just received a part of our New Goods—and more daily expected. No time for particulars this week—suffice it to say they are Cheaper than the Cheapest, and Better than the Best. We are bound to sustain our reputation, of being the cheapest Store in town. Call and see—no charge—if you don't buy.

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.
No. 37 Columbia Street.
April 30, 1852.

200 Bushels DRIED APPLES, a most splendid article, just received and for sale by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

50 Half Bbls WHITE FISH, just received and for sale by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

Old No. 3 again in Advance!

TWELVE DAYS FROM NEW YORK!

MOSES DRAKE Jr. has received by express another of those

Splendid Stocks of Goods

for which the old stand is so famous. It embraces every thing needful—all of the best qualities and NEWEST FASHIONS, of course—nothing else is ever to be found there. They will be sold at the usual No. 3 LOW PRICES.

May 1, 1852

Goods by Railroad.

THE FARMERS' DEPOT is now receiving a full assortment of the latest and most desirable styles of

Spring and Summer Goods

of all kinds, including a beautiful stock of Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, DeLaines, Berage DeLaines and White DRESS GOODS: Prints, Summer Shawls, Parasols, Fans, Gloves, Mitts, Bonnets, Ribbons, &c &c.

For the gentlemen we have Summer Cassimeres, Linens, and all the new styles of Summer Goods. Fur and Plush Kossuth Hats, Palm Leaf and Leghorn Do. In short, we have a great, grand, and glorious assortment of Dry Goods, selected with unusual care, which we intend to sell at the very smallest possible advance on

New York Prices!

We are also receiving our usual supply of

Groceries, Hardware, & Queensware.

We intend doing a strictly Cash and Barter Business, by which means we can sell at much less advance on eastern prices than heretofore, and purchasers who give us a call will thereby consult their own interests, and secure good Bargains. Call and try.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

May 1, 1852

New Goods, New Goods!

FIRST ARRIVAL.

We are now receiving a Splendid assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

to be sold at our usual Low Prices, for CASH or BARTER.

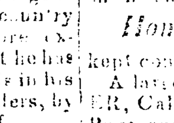
WILSON & TRESSELT.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

Boots, Shoes & Leather, &c.

At No. 6, Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.



JACOB GELLINGER has just returned from the East, with a very full and well selected assortment of SHOES and BOOTS of all kinds—including Ladies' Gaiters, all colors; Parts Boots, half Congress Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins—in great varieties. Misses and Children's Wear in great variety; Gentlemen's Fine French Boots; Calf Boots, all qualities, from $2 75 to $5 50. Congress Gaiters and Boots, Buckskin Taylor Ties, &c &c.—Calf and Kip Boots, Shoes, and Brogans of all sorts. Boys' and Youths' Wear in great variety.

These goods having been carefully selected at the best eastern establishments, and by a practical shoemaker, customers may rely on getting superior articles, and they will be sold on the most favorable terms—

Far Cheaper than ever before!

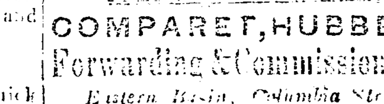
He still carries on the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and will make any article to order in the shortest notice. A full assortment of

Home-Made Boots and Shoes

kept constantly on hand.

A large stock of SOLE LEATHER and UPPER LEATHER, Calf and Kip, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs, and a full assortment of SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS, will be sold to the trade as cheap as they can be bought at any other place in the West.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1852 6m43

1852.  1852.

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.

Forwarding & Commission Merchants

Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

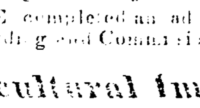
AGENTS for Western Transportation Co.
Clinton and Eckford Lines,
Franklin Glass Works,
Owego Cotton Mills,
Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.,

And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Pine Sash, &c.

CASH paid for GRAIN and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments.

May 1, 1852.

ALLEN COUNTY



Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their Forwarding and Commission House expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Machines so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 14, 1852.

20 Bales Heavy SHEETINGS for sale low. COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Caution.

WHEREAS, my wife Eliza Duffy, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

p3w43] OWEN DUFFY.

Lake Township, Allen Co., April 30th, 1852

WOODRUFF HOUSE,

Sycamore Street, between Third and Fourth,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

P. E. TUTTLE,
G. P. TUTTLE,
41 *Proprietors*

THOMAS WATKINS, Jr.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

6m40] TOLEDO, OHIO.

CARPETS.

A Good assortment of CARPETS on hand and for sale *very cheap.*

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

Wonderful Discovery.

THE subscriber has discovered that those indebted to him, are determined not to pay him until compelled by law, and he has determined to give them a hearing in that way, as soon as he can see the proper officers. He will be fund at the store of Bayless & Co.

B. MASON.
Fort Wayne, April 2, 1852. 39tf

To the Public.

A New Discovery in Chemistry

DR. DANIEL MULLIER will give attention to those that will give him a call. He will at all times have a variety of medicine for all the diseases mentioned below; he invariably cures the following in the given time: Sick or constitutional Head ache in five minutes, so as never to return; if inflamatory not quite so soon: break ague and fever of the worst kind, in one day; break fevers of any kind, in from one to three days; cure diarrhœa of the worst kind in one day; cure jaundice, dyspepsia, liver complaint, asthma, salt rheum or tetter, gravel, enlargement of the spleen (called ague cake) sore or weak eyes, deafness, and palpitation of the heart, in from five to fifteen days; cures dropsy, rheumatic affections, neuralgia, bronchitis, Tic Doloreaux, milk leg, and piles, in from three to twenty days; cures Erysipelas of the worst kind in from two to five days, if called on before suppuration; cures bilious cholic of the worst kind in one hour; a medicine for all female complaints, which can not be particularized in print, and all secret diseases cured in shortest time; and a medicine for tooth ache, ear ache, and corns.

Persons living at a distance can send for the Medicine, as it is all labeled, and if used as prescribed it will not fail. The above Medicine is entirely clear of Calomel, or Quinine. Hundreds of certificates might be placed here, but the public have become tired of such humbuggery. If the public will call on me, and go by my prescription, I have no fear of their being disappointed. The last six years of my practice was in Dayton, Ohio; Lafayette, Ind.; Fort Wayne, Ind.; Maumee City, Ohio; Adrian, Michigan; Chicago, Illinois; Laporte, Ind.; Logansport, Ind.; South Bend, Ind.; and back here to Fort Wayne—most of the time in good practice. It would plague those that are hostile to me, to find or hear of one patient that died under my treatment, in any of the above places; although one-fourth of them have been cases that were failures of the best of physicians. I have not failed doing good, when proper attention was given me; and as I am getting old, and fear the science should be lost, I am willing to give a recipe to one individual of a place for the good of the afflicted public. Let those creatures that are in the habit of representing me wrong; let them interrogate the above, and let them contradict it if they are solvent enough to back what they say.

Calhoun Street, second door south of Public Square. DR. DANIEL MULLIER.
April 23d, 1852. 3w42

DR. VON BONHORST,

SURGEON DENTIST,

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his arrival in this place, respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of his profession at his residence on Calhoun Street, one door north of the Franklin House, where he may be found at all hours during the day.—Several years successful practice in his profession justifies him in warranting all operations to be perfectly satisfactory.

Old Gold wanted, for which the full value will be given.

Sept. 20, 1851. y41

Prince's Melodeons,

(The best and cheapest Musical Instrument in use)

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'S celebrated Melodeons are most universally acknowledged to be the best instruments of the kind manufactured in this country. The many improvements they have made in this hitherto inferior instrument, now make it one of the most desirable and useful articles of furniture that can be used in a family. In families, especially, where Sacred Music is taught or practiced.

The whistling, whizing or squeaking tones these instruments used to possess, have now given place to a clear, pure, round tone, nearly resembling that of the "Flute Stop" in the organ. Probably no musical instrument of any description ever made has met with so extensive and unprecedented a sale as the "Prince Melodeon."

They are warranted *never to get out of tune,* are better adapted to the human voice than any other instrument, and wherever they have been introduced are rapidly superseding Pianos. They are offered at prices so low as to place them within reach of all lovers of music, and being furnished in the first style, form a beautiful article of furniture. For small churches, these instruments have no equal. One of them is in use at the German Reformed Evangelical Church in this city.

Prices,—Four Octave, $45; Five Octave, $75; Do, Do, Piano Style, $100.

The subscriber is appointed Agent for the sale of these instruments, and will furnish them at manufacturers' prices.—He has on hand one four octave instrument, which may be examined at his residence. Any other size furnished to order.

THOMAS TIGAR.

April 23, 1852.

Election of Railroad Directors.

THE Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE & SOUTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, will meet at Bluffton on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, to elect ten Directors. Stockholders to be entitled to vote, must subscribe for stock at least 30 days before the election. A general attendance is requested.

By order of the board of corporators.

W. ROCKHILL, *President.*
S. G. UPTON, *Clerk pro tem.* 4w42

Land For Sale.

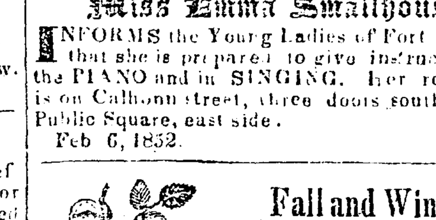
THE subscriber offers the following lands for sale to wit: the S. W. quarter of the S. E. quarter of section 11, township 33, north of Range 12 east; containing 40 acres, and the south and east part of 6220-00 acre tract, supposed to contain 52 acres, known as fractional lot number 2 in section 3, Town 31 north of Range 11 east, adjoining the plat of the village of Kraco, and the equitable interest of he Edson at the S. W. quarter of section 29, Town 31 north of Range 13 east; containing 80 acres.—These lands are all well selected, and a good title will be made to the purchaser. For terms apply to HENRY COOPER, Agent.

Fort Wayne April 14, 1852. 41tf

SHAWLS—A very heavy stock of Brochas, Jenny Linds, long and square Cashmeres, &c. &c. All varieties from $1 00 to $30 00.

MRS DYKES.

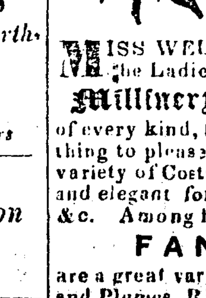
MUSIC.



Miss Emma Smallhouse

INFORMS the Young Ladies of Fort Wayne, that she is prepared to give instruction on the PIANO and in SINGING. Her residence is on Calhoun street, three doors south of the Public Square, east side.

Feb 6, 1852. 3n31



Fall and Winter

FASHIONS,

JUST RECEIVED

At No. 54. Columbia St.,

FORT WAYNE.

MISS WELLS would call the attention of the Ladies to her new stock of

Millinery Goods and Bonnets,

of every kind, feeling assured that she has something to please the taste of all. She has a great variety of Costumes, embracing everything new and elegant for *Dresses, Cloaks, Mantelletts,* &c. Among her

FANCY GOODS

are a great variety of beautiful rich Flowers and Plumes, Ribbons, Dress Silks, and Trimmings of different kinds.

Dresses, Cloaks, and Bonnets made to order in the newest and and best style, and on the most reasonable terms.

Nov. 7, 1851. y18

New Bonnets—Spring Styles.

MRS. DYKES has just received 6 dozen Ladies' Bonnets, of the latest Spring Styles.

Other Spring Goods daily expected.

April 22, 1852.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: A part of the Wells Reserve, Lying at the Junction of the St. Marys and St. Joseph Rivers, commencing at a stake on the east line of the land he occupied at the time of the execution of the said mortgage, by Clinger's heirs, near a Walnut tree, thence north three chains and seventy-five hundredths to a stake near a Cherry tree, thence east sixteen chains to a stake near a thorn bush, thence south to a stake near a large Sycamore tree, three chains and seventy-five hundredths, thence west to the place of beginning: containing six acres, in Allen county, state of Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of William Lytle at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
April 21, 1852. [$4 25.] 6w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: one Town Lot number ten (10) in block number thirty-one (31), in Ewing's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Samuel Siberts at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
April 29, 1852 [$2 75] 6w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a fieri facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot number one hundred and four, Original Plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of James Barnett at the suit of Ferguson, Collins & Co.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
May 23, 1851. ($2 58) 4w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of three writs of Vendi Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852 at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot 51 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Henry Cooper at the suit of Joseph L. Clark, Dorman, Suydam & Nixon, et al

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
May 19, 1852. [$2 75] 6w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number eighteen (18) in Old Plat, and Lots number two hundred and fifty-six (256) and two hundred and fifty-seven (257) in Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of John G. Walpole at the suit of Joseph C. Bowser.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
April 22, 1852 [$3 00] 6w42

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 15th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: The undivided half (½) of the north west quarter (¼) of Section thirty-three (33) Township thirty-one (31), north of Range twelve (12) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Asa Pierce at the suit of Peter Wagoner.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
April 12, 1852 [$3 00] 5w41

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of sundry Fi Fas. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 8th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: One hundred and eighty (180) acres of land in the county of Allen, and state of Indiana, being part of the section of land granted to Josette Beaubien in the Treaty of St. Marys made with the Miami Tribe of Indians, by the United States, on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1818; said section is situated on the St. Marys river, in said Allen county; and said one hundred and eighty acres are to be taken from the east side of said section in a manner so as to include the house and Orchard, where the family of the late Elisha B. Harris resides, on said section; and on failure to realize the full amount of Judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
April 8, 1852. [$2 75] 5w40

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the Saturday of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot two (2), in Block No. ninety-five (95) in the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest, and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Goggenheimer at the suit of John Hough, Jr.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
April 8 1852. ($2 55) 5w40

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: the east half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26), and east half (½) of the north-west quarter (¼), and east half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section thirty five (35), Township thirty-one (31), range thirteen (13) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said realestate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Reid and William Reid at the suit of James G. Homer, Bell, and others

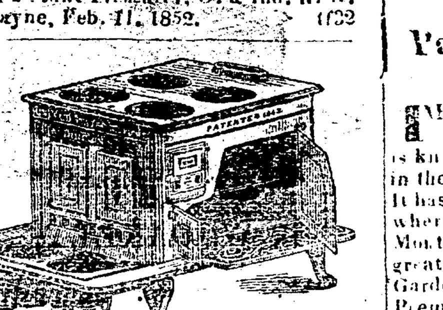
W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.
April 7, 1852, [$3 00] 3w41

OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

BOOKS are opened for subscription to the Stock at the Ohio & Railroad Company, at the office of the undersigned in this city, payable in cash at such time, and in such proportions as may be required by the board of directors.

Subscriptions may also be made payable in good agricultural lands, at their cash value, to be agreed upon by the party offering, and the undersigned, at the time of subscribing.

PETER P. BAILEY,
Assistant Treasurer, O. & Ind. R. R.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 11, 1852. tf32



B. W. OAKLEY,

No. 79, COLUMBIA STREET.

STONE FRONT

WOULD respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has now on hand and keeps at all times the best assortment of stoves in the west.

Cooking Stoves,

Embracing all the new varieties and latest improved patterns of *airtight* and Premium Stoves.

Box Stoves,

The very best of Box Stoves, heavy plates and varying in size from eighteen inches to three feet and a half long.

PARLOR STOVES.

A great variety of the latest style and most improved patterns for beauty and durability.

TIN WARE—At wholesale or retail. He is prepared to fill orders with promptness and despatch, and his friends may depend upon having their goods put up with care. *All article manufactured by him are warranted.*

JOB WORK.

COPPER, TIN or SHEET IRON, WORK and all kinds of Repairing done to order and warranted to give satisfaction.

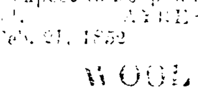
Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Rags, Roots, Beeswax and even CASH taken in exchange.

HARDWARE—A very heavy stock well selected for this market, and bought with special reference to the *low price of wheat*. Among his stock will be found MECHANICS TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths, Mill wrights, and most other branches. Also, FARMERS TOOLS such as Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Scythes, Grass and Grain, Axes, Hammers, Grubbing Hoes, Bush Scythes, Ox, Trace and Halter Chains, all sizes of Block or bright coil cable Chains.

IRON AND STEEL.—A heavy assortment of American and Imported Iron of the usual sizes, among which may be found the best quality of Swedes Iron and Russia Nail Rods, also Sanderson and Cast Steel.

NAILS—Eastern and Juniata Nails of all sizes, from 2 to 40 and Spikes from 4 to 6 inches, also the best Horse Shoe and wrought Nails ever brought to this market.

Jan. 14th, 1852.



PLOWS! PLOWS!!

JUST received, and for sale an assortment of the well known *PEACOCK PLOWS.* Both Steel and Cast Moldboards, with all the latest improvements, all warranted to perform equal to any in use.—We expect to be kept in supply of these Plows on hand.

AYRES, WILLIAMS, & CO.
Feb. 21, 1852 3n33

WOOL CARDS.

WE have received an assortment of the best Wool Cards from an old and long established house East, and will sell the same at Buffalo prices, to wool carders or any other, crows who may give us a call.

We use the same kind on our Carding Machine, and find them to be the best we have ever used.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 30, 1852. 3n31

AGENTS WANTED,

To Sell new and Popular Books.

WE are in want of Agents to canvass this part of the State for our new Books.

A small capital of but $10 or $15 will be required to commence with, and an active person can make from $3 00 to $5 00 per day. Some of our agents make much more.

Those desirous of engaging in this profitable business, may obtain our plan of operation, on application to our Publishing House.

[illegible] & CO.
No. 182 Superior St., Cleveland, Ohio.
5w19

H. DURRIE,

No. 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Pad Lock)

OFFERS the largest assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever brought to Fort Wayne. Carpenters', Cabinet Makers', Coopers', Blacksmiths', Gunsmiths' and Saddlers' TOOLS in every variety, and of the most approved Makers.

Farming Utensils

of all kinds, a large supply.

BUILDING MATERIALS

including many new Patterns of *Door Locks* and *Latches,* making the best assortment of this kind of Goods to be found in the West.

IRON, NAILS AND STEEL

of all sizes and of *warranted quality.* Blacksmiths will find a large assortment of all sizes, to select from, including Russia Nail Rod, Swedes Iron, German and English Blister Steel, at prices lower than ever.

Saddlers' Hardware and Carriage Trimmings,

a larger assortment than ever and complete in every department.

COOKING STOVES

of all kinds, consisting of the most desirable Patterns made in Albany, Utica, Buffalo, Dayton, and Cincinnati. Those preferring an *Elevated Oven Cook Stove,* will find a new pattern of that kind got up this season, having many more conveniences than the old kinds. BOX and PARLOR STOVES of the latest Patterns including several styles of *open Stoves.*

Tinware, Copper & Sheet Iron Work.

In connection with the above is an extensive *TIN SHOP* with Stock sufficient to execute any order in that line.

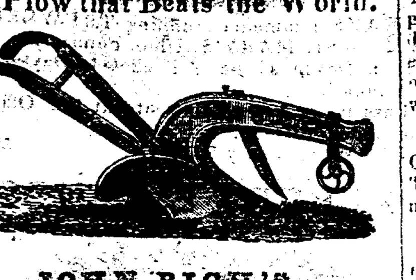
Tin Plate and Sheet Iron for sale by the quantity. Dec 20, 1851.

Rochester Garden Seeds.

FOR sale at the Farmers' Depot,

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,
Fort Wayne, March 10, 1852.

The Plow that Beats the World.



JOHN RICH'S

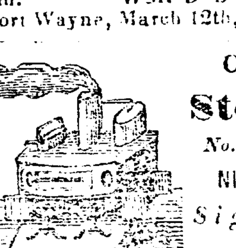
Patent Iron Beam Plow,

TROY, N. Y.

THIS PLOW has become the universal favorite of the farming community wherever it is known, and needs only to be introduced to be in the hands of every farmer in the United States. It has taken the first premium at all the Fairs where it has been exhibited, viz: Saratoga, Montgomery, and Rensselaer Co.; and at the great Fair of the American Institute at Castle Garden, New York, it was awarded the first Premium, a Silver Medal, for the Plow of the best and cheapest mode of construction.

The undersigned having purchased the right of making and vending these superior Plows in Northern Indiana, is now manufacturing them at Freeman's City Foundry, north of the City Mills, Fort Wayne, where they will be offered for sale. Farmers are invited to call and examine them.

WM. B. BARTHOLOMEW,
Fort Wayne, March 12th, 1852. 3m36



CINCINNATI

Stove Depot

No. 51 Columbia Street,

NIAGARA BUILDINGS,

Sign Red Stove.

A. D. BRANDRIFF

WOULD call attention of the public to his large and well selected Stock of

Cooking Stoves & Tin Ware.

Having for a number of years been engaged in the manufacture and sale of Stoves, feels confident that he can make selection that will suit the wants of this community. His stoves are of the new est kind, made of the very best quality of Iron, and for beauty and convenience of construction are excelled by none; all of which are warranted to bake first rate and give general satisfaction.

To attempt a full description of the various styles and qualities with their numerous advantages, would be useless, the only object of this short notice is to induce purchasers to call and examine for themselves. Then I will give them a detailed statement of the different qualities and advantages of each particular stove, and also my

Very Low Prices,

which would astonish even the natives.

Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware

A large and complete assortment of Tin Ware at wholesale or retail, at prices that cannot help but to please.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS would do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOB WORK of all kinds done to order by the best of workmen. House gutter and spouting made and put up to order at the shortest notice.

March 6, 1852. 6m35

HOSIERY—Just received at No. 41 Hanna's Block, a full assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hose, Knitting Yarn, &c.

MRS DYKES.

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

SHAKER SARSAPARILLA!

IN quart bottles, the Great Spring and Summer Medicine.

For Female Complaints it stands without rival. More Evidence! Another Remarkable Cure! Read it!

COLUMBUS, IND., June 11, 1851.

Dr. S. D. Howe & Co.—Gents: I have been afflicted with a cough for the last three or four years, which caused me very near taking me to the grave, despite of all the medical aid from my family physician. I had despaired of ever again being restored to health. Six months ago I noticed the advertisement of Dr. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla Extract—immediately sent and procured one bottle, and, gentlemen, the result of taking two bottles of Dr. Howe's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla has caused me to say to you, and say whom it may concern, that I am entirely relieved from all coughs, pain in the breast, &c. MRS. NATHAN GRAVES.

Remember it is warranted to be

Purely and Entirely Vegetable.

And as a Female and Family Medicine it has no equal.

Be sure you enquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

Quart bottles $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

For sale by I. BAKER,
(Successor to S. D. Howe,)
Proprietor.

No. 1, College Hall, Walnut street, two doors above Fourth, Cincinnati, O., to whom all orders must be addressed, and by

W. L. LANGHEY, Fort Wayne,
Dr. A. L. WILLIAMS, Bluffton,
J. S. DAVIS, Huntington.

Dec 27, 1851.

NOTICE

To Railroad Contractors.

PROPOSALS will be received at Lima, Ohio [illegible]

At Fort Wayne [illegible]

Plans, Profiles, and specifications may be seen [illegible]

WM. MITCHELL & CO.
Fort Wayne, April 15th 1852. 6w41

[1852.]

Troy and Western Line

ON THE CANAL AND RIVER,

Leaves New York and Buffalo Daily, Running in Connect on with Steamers and Propellers on the Lakes.

NO TRANSHIPMENT AT ALBANY OR TROY.

Cargo of Each Boat Fully Insured.

PROPRIETORS:

Rice, Clapp & Co. N.Y., P. L. Sternberg & Co. Buf.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

Rice, Clapp & Co. 31 Coenties Slip, N. Y.
Chas. A. Folger & Co. 101 Pier Albany,
P. L. Sternberg & Co. cor From & Dock St., Buf.
Mark Packages "T. & W. Line," and ship daily from No. 31 Coenties Slip, N. Y.

6m49] T. WATKINS, *Agent, Toledo, O.*

STRAYED.

A Gray Stallion Colt, 2 years old, about 4½ feet high, mane and tail more dark, and a white spot in front of the head, has been missing about three weeks. A liberal reward will be paid to the individual who returns him to

FRANCIS SEVENEICK, or
REKER & BROTHERS.
Fort Wayne, April 23. 1852. p3w42

JOB Printing neatly executed on the shortest notice at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

Help a Poor Man through the World.

THE subscriber having associated himself with George Buchanan at the

FULTON FOUNDRY,

Near Rudisill and Wolke's Woolen Factory is prepared to execute all kinds of work usually done at a Foundry and Machine Shop, such as erecting Steam Engines for Saw and Grist Mills, or propelling any kind of Machinery, together with all the Machinery and fixtures for the same.

Brass and Iron Castings

Of all kinds made to order. Brass and Iron Turning, and all kinds of finishing done with neatness and despatch.

E. H. BUNNELL.

N. B. Both the proprietors of this establishment being practical Mechanics, of long experience, and hope intending and working at the business themselves, all their work will be done under their immediate inspection, so that the public are guaranteed that all work leaving our shop will be done in a substantial and workmanlike manner, and thereby we hope to receive a liberal patronage.

We give the public to understand that our work will be done at the lowest possible rate for,

READY PAY.

"A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling."

E. H. BUNNELL.
GEO. BUCHANAN
Fort Wayne, Jan. 14th 1852. y28.

Groceries & Confectionaries

K. BRACKENRIDGE has now on hand a full and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

of the choicest quality, which will be sold as low as at any other establishment in the city. Also all kinds of

FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

Fresh Malaga, Cluster and Sultana Raisins; Smyrna and Turkey Figs; and a new and choice article of FIG PASTE, etc. and fine; Almonds—shelled, paper and hard; Filberts, Walnuts, Peanuts, and Chestnuts;

Oysters, Lobsters, Pickles, Preserves, &c.

CANDY MANUFACTORY.

Fresh Candies always on hand, or manufactured to order, and warranted pure, either at Wholesale or Retail. Parties furnished with Confectionary, Cakes, &c. at short notice.

SALOON.

His neat and commodious Saloons are open for accommodation of visitors, Oysters, Pig's Feet, Tripe, and other Luxuries served up in the best style.

Remember the place—corner Calhoun and Berry Streets.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 20 1851. y

Hartford Life and Health

Insurance Company.

OFFICE POST OFFICE BUILDING, HARTFORD, CT.

Capital & Surplus over $200,000.

During Two Years' Business Issued nearly 4000 Policies.

NO HEALTH RISKS TAKEN BY THE COMPANY.

THE Hartford Life and Health Insurance Company take risks on Life, grant or purchase annuities, confer endowments, and make contracts upon and appertaining to deferred and reversionary interests connected with life risks, agreeably to the powers and privileges conferred by the charter.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the

Joint Stock and Mutual plan,

at the option of the insured, thus meeting the wants and circumstances of the [illegible], it is believed, than purely Mutual Companies can do.

Annuities will be granted or purchased, and endowments conferred on terms as fully favorable, and according to the rates of the most liberal and well conducted Companies in this country and in England.

The Charter of this Company provides that the wife may insure the life of her husband, and the amount to be paid be secured from creditors at his death.

An equitable sum will always be paid for policies surrendered to the company before they expire.

Travelling, sea and foreign residence permits will be granted at a small extra premium.

Policies on lives of persons going to California will be granted on the Joint Stock principle only, and at an extra rate of premium.

Extract from the Certificate of the Comptroller of the state of Connecticut, dated—

January 7th, 1851.

"The great care and prudent management of this company, together with its well invested capital and surplus, [illegible] to the best institutions of the kind in the Union." (Signed.) [illegible] Comptroller.

The Board of Directors are [illegible] company. JAS. DIXON, President.

[illegible], Vice President.

HENRY L. MILLER, Secretary.

C. M. WHITMORE, Agent.

Sargent & Woodward, Medical Examiners.

Dec 27, 1851. p6m25.

The World's Fair

PREMIUM SAFES!

Depot, Green Block, Water Street, (between Maiden Lane and Wall Street.)

NEW YORK.

THE subscriber, [illegible] Fire and Burglar-Proof Iron Safes in competition with the whole world at the great Exhibition in London [illegible]

[illegible]

CHAS. C. HERRING.

AGENTS, [illegible] Street, New York.
[illegible] Street, Philadelphia.
C. L. Hanson, Chicago Ill.
Henry Wonders, Milwaukee, Wis.
[illegible]
[illegible], Detroit, Mich.
[illegible], Rochester N. Y. 2m40

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

CHARLES P. FREEMAN & Co.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,

114 Broadway, One Door South of Liberty Street, New York.

[illegible]

Ribbons, [illegible], Caps, Sashes and Belts
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] Cambric Hdkfs.
[illegible] Laces for Caps.
[illegible] and Veils.
[illegible] and Brussels Laces.
[illegible] Lisle Thread, and Cotton Laces.
Kid, Lisle Thread, Silk and Sewing Silk Gloves and Mitts.
French and American Artificial Flowers.
French Lace, English, American, and Italian.
Straw Bonnets and Trimmings.
March 18, 1852. p2m37

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell farm in Washington township, four miles north of Fort Wayne, on the plank road, it being the east half of the south west quarter of section fifteen (15), containing eighty acres. Said farm has about 30 *acres of improvement;* the whole of the land is well fitted for a [illegible], and is well watered and timbered. Any person wishing to purchase will do well to give me a call soon, as I would like to sell before seeding. For particulars call on the subscriber living on the premises.

THOS. J. RICH.

August 2, 1851. 44

BLANK Deeds, Mortgages, Percussion Notes &c., for sale at the Sentinel Office.

GENUIN ALBRA

A handsomely ... ready on hand of a first rate article, *warranted the good old way,—at retail. only*—at the old stand, next door to Hills Hill & Orbison's, by

F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

LAMPS,—Camphene & Burning Fluid Lamps —Suspension, Side, Solar, Chamber, and other patterns. Also *Burning Fluid* For sale by W. E. LANGLEY.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN at No. 37, Columbia Street, in Hanna's Block, are now receiving a large supply of

New Goods

direct from the manufactories, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

Our store has already the reputation of being the

Cheapest Store in Town,

and we are determined that no pains shall be spared to make its name a reality.

Our assortment is complete Farmers, Mechanics, and Country Merchants may here find any thing and every thing that pertains to Merchandize, and so cheap, too, that you can get your arms full of goods, and scarcely miss the money from your purse.

The highest price, *in Cash*, will always be paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Rye, delivered at the St. Joe Mills, or at Comparet, Hubble & Co's Warehouse. We shall keep a good supply of Salt always on hand for sale at the very lowest price.

Now is the time for Bargains—and this Store is *the place* to get them. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

Fort Wayne, Oct 31, 1851.

1850. 1850.

J. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co. } Smith, Robinson & Co. } Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo* Peckham & Scott. } Field & King, }

Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*

Ayres & Tunis, } *New York.* Kent, Poag, & Co. }

Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*

C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati*,

John Resch, *Dayton*,

H. S. Mavo, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

1850 1850.

PETER P. BAILEY,

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Peas and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL, FORT WAYNE, Ia.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
Lucius L. Williams, Chief Engineer W. & E. Canal.
E. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

Family Groceries.

We are now receiving a fine assortment of GROCERIES for family use, consisting in part of Java and Old Java Coffees, Crushed, Pulverized, Orleans, and Muscovado Sugars; Black Imperial, and Y. H. Teas; Capers, Peppers, Spices, &c. All of which we offer at the low est prices. WILSON & TRESSELT.

Sept. 9, 1851.

Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat.

WE will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or any less quantity—delivere at our Warehouse, in the eastern basin.

Aug 3 COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil

A Natural Remedy! Procured from a Well in Allegheny county, Pa., 400 feet below the Earth's Surface! Put up and Sold by

SAMUEL M. KIER,

Canal Basin, Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Penn.

"The healthful balm from Nature's secret spring,
"The bloom of health, and life, to man will bring;
"As from her depths the magic liquid flows,
"To calm our sufferings, and assuage our woes.

PETROLEUM.—It is necessary, upon the introduction of a new medicine, to the notice of the public, that something be said in relation to its powers in healing disease, and the manner in which it acts. Man's organization is so complicated, and so understand the functions of each organ requires the study of years. But to understand that certain goods produce certain impressions upon those organs, we need but a short time. It is by observing the effects of various medicines, that we are enabled to increase the number of curative agents, and when we have discovered a new medicine and attested its merits, it is our duty to bring it before the public, so that the benefits to be derived from it, may be more generally diffused, but have no right to hold back a remedy whose powers are calculated to remove pain, and to alleviate human suffering a moment.

The Petroleum has been fully Tested!

Ages on ages and half ages it was placed before the public as a *wonderful agency*. Every one not acquainted with its virtues, doubted its healing properties. The cry of beware was raised against it. *It had some friends.* Those who were cured through its wonderful agency. These spoke in its favor. The lame, through its instrumentality, were made to walk—the blind to see. Those who had suffered for years under the torturing pains of Rheumatism, Gout and Nervous Debility, were restored to health and usefulness. Several cases of the blind have been made to see. In writing about a remedy we are aware that we should write *truth*; that we should make no statements that cannot be proved. We have the witnesses—crowds of them, who will testify in terms stronger than we can write them, to the efficacy of this Remedy, who will testify that the Petroleum has done for them what no medicine ever could before—cases that were pronounced incurable and beyond the reach of remedies! Scores—cases abandoned by Physicians of unquestioned celebrity, have been made to exclaim "This is the

MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED!"

We will lay before you the certificates of some of the most remarkable cases: (see circular with the oil) to give them all, would require more space than would be allowed by this notice. *Since the introduction of the Petroleum*, about one year and a half ago, many Physicians have been convinced of its efficiency, and now recommend it in their practice.—If the Physicians do not recommend it, the people will have it of themselves—for its transcendant power to heal, will and must become known and appreciated—when the tones of the cured speak out; when the cures themselves, stand out in bold relief, and when he *who for years has suffered* with the tortures and pangs of an incurable ill, that has been shortening his days and hastening him "to the grave long appointed for all the living," when he speaks out in its praise, who will doubt it? The Petroleum is a Natural Remedy—It is put up as it flows from the bosom of the earth, without any thing being added to or taken from it.

It gets its ingredients from the bed of substances which it passes over in its secret channel. They are blended together in such a form as to defy all human competition. The Petroleum in this respect is like MINERAL WATERS, whose virtues in most chronic diseases, are acknowledged, not only by Physicians, but by the community at large. These singular duds flowing out from the earth, impregnated with medicinal substances of different properties, and holding them in such complete solution as to require the aid of Chemistry in order to detect them, bears ample proof to the fact, that they are compounded by the master hand of Nature, for the alleviation of human suffering and disease. It is a *natural* remedy; and as Nature never *half* does her work, it is a medicine of unequalled Power, as we have the most abundant testimony. That it will cure every disease to which we are liable we do not pretend,—but when used according to directions, it will cure or materially relieve—Diarrhoea, Dysentery Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Mumps, Toothache, Eruptions on the skin Pimples on the face, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Pains in the bones and joints, old Sores, Ulcers, Wens, Ague, Erysipelas, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Bronchites, and pulmonary affections of a Chronic nature tending to produce Consumption.

Burns and Scalds, Diseases of Bladder and Kidneys, Chapped Hands, Excoriated Nipples, Corns and Bunions.

Directions accompany the Oil. Price 50 cents. For sale at wholesale and retail by H. B. REED and W. WALL & Co. Druggists, Fort Wayne.

Dec. 20, 1851. y24

PRINTS.

200 PIECES PRINTS, of entirely new styles, just received direct from the factory, for sale a little cheaper than ever, by

TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co.

August 23, 1851.

DOYLE & HOSKINSON'S NEW LINE OF STAGES

HAVE commence running TRI-WEEKLY to ST. MARYS, Ohio, connecting with SAM'L. DOYLE'S Line of Packets to Dayton and Cincinnati.

Passengers can obtain seats at the Office at the Hedekin House.

Fort Wayne, July 5, 1851. 521f

ALBERT E. JONES,

PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN

SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, &c.,

Masonic Hall, Indianapolis.

I Have the sole agency for the sale of the Celebrated and World Renowned, Grand and square PIANO FORTES, manufactured by JONAS CHICKERING, Boston, Mass. Prices varying from $275 to 1 000. The reputation of these instruments is too well established to require additional comment. Mr. Chickering has an experience of thirty-five years, during which time he has manufactured about twelve thousand Pianos, and has been constantly gaining in the confidence of a discerning public. I have also the sole agency for the State for

Soddart & Co's Piano Fortes,

manufactured in New York, and I am happy to say, that in the sale of more than six thousand of these instruments, in the last few years, with an unlimited guarantee, not one has been returned. I therefore offer these Pianos with the assurance that they will give entire satisfaction to purchasers. For constant use in Schools, Colleges, Seminaries, &c., these Instruments are unequalled, varying in size and style to suit all purposes, and in prices from $225 to $800 each.

Boudoir Pianos.

I am Agent for the sale of the above celebrated Piano Fortes, which for combination of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as *entirely* to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard. We are also the only Agents in Indiana for the sale of

MURCH & WHITE'S

Melodeons and Melodeon Pianos,

which are intended for Parlors, Churches, Lodge Rooms, Singing Societies, &c., and for these purposes my stock embraces every variety and style, varying in price from $50 to $200, in beautiful Rosewood cases, and as finely finished as any Piano Fortes at three times the cost of these superb and unrivalled Instruments. I invite attention particularly to these most excellent Parlor Ornaments.

Having located myself permanently in this City, and having opened a house for the sale of

PIANO FORTES AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of all kinds, and Publishing and the sale of

Foreign, Eastern and Western Sheet Music,

and, in short, all kinds of Merchandise appertaining to my line of business, at wholesale or retail. I beg leave to invite the attention of Seminaries, Colleges Teachers of Schools and Classes, the Public generally, and *Purchasers particularly*, together with the Trade, to my Stock of Goods. My arrangements are now complete for a constant supply and full stock, on such terms as enable me to offer them *at Lowest Eastern Prices*, at Wholesale or Retail. I say Eastern prices because I can and will sell a very large Catalogue and a very large portion of my Stock at Eastern rates, and am so confident I cannot fail to please, if the very best Goods that can be bought, and with correct prices, can do so. All orders from the country will receive special and prompt attention, and Goods in all cases returnable if not satisfactory or such as are ordered.

ALBERT E. JONES.

Indianapolis, Feb. 20 1852. 3m31

ROBINSON'S Tannery, Leather and SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber has enlarged his well known establishment, situated across the WEST end of the principal business street of Fort Wayne being at the foot of the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE.

In this enlargement, in addition to his usual *Stock of Sole and Upper LEATHER, Calf Skins, Kips, Linings Bindings Morocco, Harness, Cradle, Skirting, Findings, Lasts, Pegs,*

AND

SUPERIOR BOOTS & SHOES

Manufactured Expressly for Custom Work,

the subscriber has added a large and general assortment of

Eastern Made Boots & Shoes,

of almost every variety, including Ladies' Gaiters, Slips, Jenny Linds, Polkas, &c.; Misses', Children's and Infants' elegant Styles; Men's Boys', and Youth's, of all sorts and prices

Also, India Rubber and Metalic Shoes and Booties for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, Youths, and Children.

Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.

OAK BARK BOUGHT AS USUAL

It is and will be the object of the proprietor to do a liberal business in all these various branches; and those favoring him with their custom shall, if continued, be fully satisfied that they receive full value for the money they expend with him.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. 615

BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS!

STOPHEL has just received at the Post Office Buildings a new and complete assortment of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books, Stationery, etc. etc., which he offers for sale at Reduced rates.

His stock of *Miscellaneous Books* is the best in this city. Among them are to be found the following LATE WORKS by the most POPULAR AUTHORS:

Mrs. Leslie's complete Receipt Book, Miss Beecher's Domestic Economy, American Bee Keeper's Manual, Life of Virgin Mary, Catholic and Episcopal Prayer Books, Laves of James K. Polk, Silas Wright, and John C. Calhoun, Colton's Deck and Port, do. Sea and Land, do. Land and Sea, do. three years in California, Writings of Frederika Bremer, Lynch's Expedition to the Dead Sea, Nineveh and its Remains—by Layard, Chevrer's Sandwich Islands, Georgia Scenes Rural Letters, Views a Fort, Works of Edgar A. Poe, Cooper's Works, Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy, Brewster's Optics, Letters to Young Men, Irving's Complete Works, Business Man's Assistant, Letters from Italy N. P. Willis' Poetical Works, Mrs. L. Sigourney's Poetical Works, Headley's Works, &c. &c. Also the following

School Books.

Davie's Legendre, Algebra, Arithmetic, Geometry.
Ray's Algebra, Arithmetics.
Colburn's Arithmetic.
Comstock's Philosophy, Chemestry.
Robison's Philosophy.
Upham's Mental Philosophy.
Elementary Spellers.
Kirkham's Grammar.
Bullion's English and Latin Grammars.
Clark's Grammar.
Wayland's Elements of Moral Science.
Hedge's Logic.

McGUFFEY'S SCHOOL READERS.

PARKER'S SERIES SCHOOL BOOKS.

Fulton & Eastman's Book Keeping, Boyer's and Ainsworth's Dictionaries, German & English Pronouncing Dictionary, together with a complete assortment of all School Books now in use.

His Stock of Stationery

cannot be surpassed. Foolscap and Letter Paper, Memorandum Books, Pass Books Steel Pens, Lead Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink Stands, Paper Folders, Port Folios, Pen Knives, Envelopes, David's and Black's Ink, Note Paper, Note Envelopes, Pen holders, etc. etc. Also a select assortment of Fancy Articles.

A large Stock of WRAPPING PAPER *warranted full count*; and a

Good Assortment of Blank Books.

Anything that is usually kept by Book Stores can be found at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS.

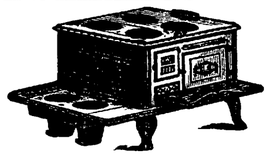
Fort Wayne, Oct. 15th, 1851.

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travelers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 15y



B. W. OAKLEY,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET, FORT WAYNE.

NEW CABINET WAREHOUSE.

B. H. TOWER

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country generally, that he has opened a Cabinet Shop, in his new three story brick building on Columbia street, west of E. Stableford's Auction Room where may be found all kinds of

Cabinet Furniture

now in use, which he will sell as cheap as can be bought any where, *New York not excepted.*—He is confident that with the long experience he has had in the above business, and by keeping the best of workmen, that he will be able to suit all who may favor him with a call. His work is in the latest and most approved style, as the fashions come in use, and warranted good.

He will keep on hand and make to order, on short notice, SOFAS, DIVANS, WARDROBES, Sideboards, Ottomans and Footstools, common and fancy BUREAUX, Writing TABLES, BOOK-CASES, Secretaries, Centre and Card tables, extension sliding frame Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Pier, Lee and Hall Tables, enclosed basin, STANDS, circular front corner basin, Stands wash and light Stands Dressing and Toilet Stands, Gentlemen's Shaving Stands, Music Stools Ladies Fancy Sewing, CHAIRS, Gentleman's Office, Chairs, Mahogany Rocking, Chairs, Cane seat, and Windsor Chairs.

FRENCH BEDSTEADS

Of all descriptions. Also Round Right and left Screw Rail which is the largest, stoutest and best way that Bedsteads can be made; these take the lead in the largest shops.

COFFINS kept constantly on hand, all sizes and prices. Hearse and Carriage always ready to attend funerals free of charge

The above mentioned articles will be made of Domestic and imported wood and of the best seasoned materials,—

Warranted Good or no Sale.

In exchange for any of the above articles I will take almost anything of produce he farmer raises and in an extreme case money will not be refused. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Fort Wayne, August, 28th 1850. y14

MOSES DRAKE, Jr

3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE IA

DEALER IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

New Store and New Goods.

BAYLESS & CO.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, that they are now receiving opening and offering for ready pay, a general and fashionable stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, QUEENSWARE, & CUTLERY,

all of which have been purchased in New York this fall at low prices and

Will be Sold at Small Profits!

They deem it unnecessary to further particularize, but respectfully request the goods-buying public to call before or after purchasing elsewhere, and examine their stock

They may be found at No. 37, Hamilton's New Buildings, Columbia Street.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. y15

Daguerreotype Gallery.

Mr. A. McDonald

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Ft Wayne and vicinity that he has permanently located himself here, and has just received from the East, a large stock of

DAGUERREAN MATERIALS,

Fancy Pearl Cases, Lockets, &c.

which he will sell, either with or without Pictures, as low as can be purchased in New York and will hold with will warrant to be equal to any thing of the kind in use.

He would also return his sincere thanks to the citizens of this place for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his residence here; and would say to those that wish

DAGUERREAN PICTURES

that he has made himself acquainted with all the *LATEST IMPROVEMENTS* in this beautiful Art, and feels justified in *Warranting his Pictures* to be unsurpassed by any others in the country, in point of

Durability or Life-Like Resemblance.

He would simply say to those that are desirous of having a GOOD PICTURE of themselves, to give him a call before going elsewhere, and if he cannot satisfy them, they are at perfect liberty to patronize transient operators, or others.

Daguerrean Rooms on Calhoun Street, one door South of Taylor's New Store, third story.

Persons in the Profession would find it to their interest to call and examine his stock of Daguerreotype Materials, before going East, as he can Sell as CHEAP as they can purchase in New York or any other market.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 14, 1851.

Family Grocery and Provision Store.

M. HENRY & Co. have extended the area of their usefulness, by taking the store lately occupied by I Wolf, thus giving them a front on Columbia Street, and have filled it with an entire New Stock of

Fresh Groceries,

Fruits, Pickles, Wooden Ware, &c.

which they are anxious to dispose of on reasonable terms.

They have REMOVED their

MEAT MARKET.

to the rear of the store (the room lately occupied by them on the canal) and will keep on hand at all times the best of meat the country affords.

The highest price paid for Fat Cattle, Hogs, sheep, &c.

Sept. 20.

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, ENGINES of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14 849. 2

NEW DRUG STORE

WATSON WALL,

No. 1, Phœnix Buildings, (Sign of the IRON MORTAR,)

IS constantly receiving fresh supplies of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, &c. &c., from New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Pittsburgh. Country Merchants, Doctors and the public generally will do well to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere. All articles in our line warranted pure and genuine; among which are

John Parr's Quinine.	Pink Root,
Sulph. Acet. Morphine	Camphor.
Pure Nitrate Silver.	Cream Tartar,
Piperine,	Dovets Powders,
Yellow Barks,	Gum Arabic (white.)
Red "	Gum Gamboge,
Blue Mass, "	Turkish Opium,
Eng. Calomel, extra.	Red Precipitate,
" Ipecac.	Epsom Salts.
" Rheubarb opt.	Flor. Sulphur,
Pulv. Jalap.	Spts. Nitre.
Lac. Aloes.	Aqua Ammonia
Rad Rhei.	Sulph. Ether.
India Senna.	Hon. Sarsaparilla,
Alex. "	Ref. Borax.
Liquorice,	Ground Ginger,

PAINTS, OILS, &C.

Pure White Lead.	Chrome Green,
No. 1 " "	Chrome Yellow,
Dry Wh. Lead Ore,	Sp. ft. Indigo,
Red " "	Putty,
Litharge. "	Sand Paper,
Best Eng. Ven. Red.	Cider Vinegar,
Spanish Whiting,	

Spirits of Turpentine,
Linseed Oil from Dayton Mills.
Winter strained Sperm Oil,
Summer " " "
Winter " Lard Oil,
Burning Fluid,
Alcohol, 76 and 92 per cent.
Castor Oil (cold pressed),
Copal Varnish (Queen City).
Coach Varnish " "
Japan Dryer,
Paris Green, ground in oil,
" " dry.

ALSO,

Druggists' Glass Ware, Window Glass—all sizes.

Jan. 24, 1852.

WILLIAMS'

Cash Grocery Store.

IN Hamilton's New Block, Columbia street where can be found Groceries and other articles of the best quality, at *Wholesale and retail*, as cheap as are to be had in Fort Wayne, consisting in part of the following articles:

Chocolate and Cocoa	Whitewash, Dust, scrub
Imperial, Young Hyson	Stove and Blacking
& Black Tea,	Brushes,
Loaf, Crushed, Pulv'd	Bed Cords, Well and
& N. O. Sugar;	Halter Ropes, Door and
Golden Syrup, N. O.	Buggy Mats, Paint
Molasses, Vinegar, Rice	Oil, Sash Putty, and
Pearl Barley Starch	Whiting, Glass and
Saleratus, Citron, Currants	Nails, Lead, Shot Powder
Raisins, whole half & qr. boxes	and Caps, Starm
Candies and Nuts, Dried	and Lard Oil, Indigo,
Fruit, Codfish, Mackerel,	Madder, Copperas and
& Herring, Candles,	Alum, Carpet Chain
and Soap, Buckets,	and Cotton Yarn Tobacco
Tubs, Washboards	of All kinds,
Cloths Pins, Brooms,	Axes, Hatchets, Knives
Hoes, and Trace Chains,	and Forks, Shovels,
Family Flour best	Brands.

In short everything kept in establishments of the kind except *Liquors*

Orders from a distance promptly attended to, and

No Shaving in Prices.

I am determined to make this the CHEAP CATH GROCERY of Fort Wayne.

H. W. LLIAMS.

Fort Wayne Sept. 14 1851. y13

GREAT BARGAINS

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE been appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & BELLEFONTAINE RAILROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates* and on *Better Terms* than ever before offered.—The Lands embrace **40,000 to 50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest Lands in Indiana. TERMS, one fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.

Among the above Lands are the well known HARRISON LANDS in this County.

Fort Wayne, June 28, 1850.

CLOCKS,—A new article of Brass 30 hour Time Pieces—warranted to keep good time. Only $2 00 each.

W. E. LANGLEY.

August 15th 1851.

WE are selling the best of Rio COFFEE at 10 cents per lb., prime N. O. SUGAR at 8 cents per lb., 16 yards of heavy yard wide SHEETINGS for $1. The prettiest CALICOES you ever saw from 5 to 10 cents per yard; and every thing else in proportion.

The fact is, the place and *the only place* to buy goods cheap is at TOWNSLEY, FREEMAN & Co's, No. 1, Hanna's Block, East End

July 9th, 1851.

Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 63
" " 80
" " 81
" " 111
" " 141
" " 166
" " 344
" " 345
" " 536
" " 538
" " 561

EWING'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 3 Block No. 27
" " 4 " " 27
" " 8 " " 21
" " 9 " " 21
" " 4 " " 26
" " 3 " " 28
" " 8 " " 30
" " 4 " " 32

COUNTY ADDITION
Lot No. 48
" " 49
" " 72

TABOR'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 3
" " 29
" " 30

ROCKHILL'S ADDITION.
Lot No. 42
" " 61
" " 65
" " 66
" " 118
" " 119
" " 120

OLD PLAT.
Lot No. 98
" " 59
" " 62
" " 89

Out Lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, ¾ Acre.

The above are offered *low* for Cash, or on a liberal credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber, having greatly extended his operations, still continues the business in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a systematic and

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana,—has numerous and careful correspondents, and is prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, soil, location, and value of* LANDS, which will be afforded *gratuitously* to all who desire such information.

He offers for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	17,706	Noble County	7,747
DeKalb "	7,924	Whitley "	7,797
Steuben "	2,767	Huntington "	5,974
Lagrange "	1,965	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	7,470	Miami "	1,797
Blackford "	2,774	Carroll "	1,920
Jay "	1,696	Cass "	2,640
Wells "	2,720	Fulton "	1,279
Adams "	2,996	Marshall "	1,399
Elkhart "	1,720	White "	1,549
Fountain "	2,747	Montgomry "	1,770
Putnam "	1,797	Clinton "	1,797
Parke "	1,535	Marion "	1,020
Boone "	1,970	Porter "	2,230

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title indisputable.

He also offers for sale several valuable

Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr

Fort Wayne, July 22, 165

ESTABLISHED IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK IN 1840.

DR. TOWNSEND'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

IMPROVED

And manufactured under the supervision of

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON,

THE CELEBRATED CHEMIST OF NEW YORK.

Many valuable Improvements have been made by Dr. CHILTON in the mode of preparing this popular Medicine. Under his skillful hand its sanative powers have been so much increased, that only one or two teaspoonfuls of the Extract are required for a dose, which is an important item to those using Compounds of Sarsaparilla, as this fact alone proves it to be the **Strongest** and **Cheapest** medicine ever invented to

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

AND PERMANENTLY CURE

STUBBORN ULCERS,	COSTIVENESS AND PILES,
RINGWORM, OR TETTER,	HEART DISEASE,
RHEUMATISM,	GENERAL DEBILITY,
SCROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL,	FEMALE DO.
ERYSIPELAS,	COUGHS, COLDS, ETC.,
EFFECTS OF MERCURY,	ENLARGEMENT OF THE JOINTS,
DROPSY,	ULCERS AND FEVER SORES,
PIMPLES ON THE FACE,	LIVER COMPLAINT,
DYSPEPSIA,	

NEURALGIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

IT MUST BE REMEMBERED that with but few exceptions all the above trightful array of maladies, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin and causes; for they spring, directly or indirectly, from a CORRUPT FOUNTAIN. If the blood were in a pure, healthy, and active state, it would drive all such complaints from the system, and

CHRONIC DISEASE WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE.

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON has had charge of the Manufactory for more than a year, and every bottle prepared since February, 1850, has his Certificate and Signature, as well as the Signature of S. P. Townsend, on the steel plate label on the outside wrapper.

Beware of Counterfeits, and buy that only which has Dr. Chilton's Certificate on the wrapper

PROPRIETOR'S OFFICE,

82 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

For sale by H. B. REED,

51 Druggist Fort Wayne, General Agent

Furniture and Chair Warehouse.

W. & J. PAUL are manufacturing and keep on hand every variety of

Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, &c.,

made of well seasoned lumber, finished in the best style, warranted equal if not superior to any in the place, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

LOOKING GLASSES.

We have also a large stock of Looking Glasses and Looking Glass Plates of all sizes and styles, which we sell wholesale or retail much lower than ever before offered here.

Persons wanting any thing in the line would do well to give us a call, as we always have a large stock of all kinds on hand, which will be sold CHEAP.

Warehouse on Columbia Street, opposite H. B. Reed's Drug Store; auk Clinton Street, opposite Collector's Office. W. & J. PAUL.

Fort Wayne, August 16, 1851 6m6

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grist* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

W. H. BANKS. [1851.] P. SPNECK.

BANKS & ONHECK, HOUSE, SIGN, AND Ornamental Painters,

Under the Times Office, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana

MASONIC and Odd Fellows' Aprons, Gilding on Silk and Satin, Transparent Painting on Glass and Cloth, Carriage Painting, Imitation of Wood and Marble, Glazing, and Paper Hanging, executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders promptly attended to.

June 6, 1851.

THE "GREAT"

Indiana Land Agency

OVER DOWNS'

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorised sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay anyone to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [1f40] F. P. RANDALL.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,

General Land and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 1849. 21y

S. H. SHOAFF,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

(UNDER THE ODD FELLOWS' HALL)

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE.

Patent Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c., &c., Wholesale & Retail.

The Croton Antibilious Pills.

THESE Pills are of a purely vegetable construction, having gained the commendation of the most eminent of the medical men of the present day, their reputation as an antibilious cathartic, tonic and digestive medicine is daily strengthened, and more widely circulated, they require no alteration in diet or interruption from business, they act kindly but surely, and may be taken by both sexes at all times and under any circumstances.

They speedily remove Costiopation, Liver Complaint, Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, and all affections arising from a deranged stomach and bowels. Prepared and sold exclusively by SAM'L. H. SHOAFF, Chemist, &c.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne.

June 27, 1851.

BOOT, SHOE, AND LEATHER STORE.

A. LINTZ, at his old and well known Cheap Shoe Store, east of the Lillie House, Columbia street, Fort Wayne, has now on hand a very large and complete stock of Eastern and Home Made

Boots & Shoes,

of all kinds and qualities. Gent's Calf and Kip Boots, Stogas, Brogans, &c. warranted a superior article. A full assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Polkas, Excelsiors, Shoes, &c. all kinds, sizes and prices, of the very best workmanship and stock, and latest styles.

Misses' and Children's Wear of all sorts.

Having had many years' practical experience, he flatters himself that he is a sufficient judge of the article to buy

NONE BUT THE BEST,

and he will sell them so low that it will be *Cheaper to wear them than to go Barefoot.* His expenses are small and his desires moderate, he can and will therefore sell

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

Boots and Shoes made to Measure, in the best style, and on short notice.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, Findings, &c. of all sorts, will be sold at the very lowest Prices

Fort Wayne, Oct. 23, 1851. 1f16

SHOAFF & COLLINS,

at the City Drug Store,

HAVE received from the markets of New York, Philadelphia and Boston a full and complete assortment of

Genuine Drugs & Medicines

which having been bought for *Cash* will be sold at rates lower than have ever before been offered in this city.

Some of their friends in setting forth in their advertisements, the vast extent of their stock in trade, having used up so much of the type both of letters and figures, they are compelled to content themselves with but a slight and casual notice of some of the most important articles with which they have supplied themselves for the accommodation of their friends and patrons.

Among these will be found Quinine, Opium, Calomel Morphine, with all other Drugs and Medicines usually enumerated in the voluminous advertisements of the day, together with every other article in the Drug line including Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Druggists' Glassware, Segars, Tobacco.

PATENT MEDICINES,

Perfumery Tooth Brushes, Medical and Surgical Instruments choice Wines, Pure Juice and Brandies for Medical Purposes also the usually well selected stock of choice

GROCERIES.

including Green and Jack Teas, of purity and flavor, Roi and Java Coffee, Brown and Crushed Sugars, Molasses, Spices, Peppers, &c., &c.

Agents for Conking Wood & Co's Fire Proof Paint.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne. Sept. 17th, 1851.

Liver Complaint

Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 12—No 44. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, May 8, 1852. Whole No. 9:6.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Immediately over Wall's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING
Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

NEW ENGLAND
Live Stock Insurance Co.,
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.
CAPITAL $100,000.

HORSES, CATTLE, and SHEEP Insured against *death*, or *damage*, from natural causes, accidents or disease, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection.

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon their teams for a livelihood, should come immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured, before they are injured or take sick and die. E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
WM. COULSON, *Inspector.*
November 12, 1851. v19

Insurance Agency.

THE subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30 1851. f17

Ohio Live Stock
Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.
CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from Natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever, at very low rates.

DIRECTORS.—Wm. Burnet, E. S. Haines, S. Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Parson.
S. W. REEDER, Sec. WM. BURNET, Pres't.
Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.
E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Ind., May 10, 1851. y44p

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorized to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing farther information apply to
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. 45y

CITY
Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.

Will insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE *Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.*

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Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

READ! YOUTH & MANHOOD.
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This Book, just published, is filled with useful information, on the infirmities and diseases of the Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE. To all who apprehend or suffer under the dire consequences of early or prolonged indiscretions—to all who feel the exhaustive effects of sedentary and baneful habits—to all who in addition to declining physical energy, are the victims of nervous and mental debility, and of moping and melancholy despondency. Dr. K. would say—

READ THIS BOOK.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of Lives.

Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

☞ A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of Third & Union streets, between Spruce & Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

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WILSON & TRESSELT are now receiving, direct from New York, a splendid assortment of New Goods consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, *&c.*

to which they respectfully invite the attention of those wishing to purchase.

They will also, until the close of navigation, be constantly receiving additions to their stock, which will enable them to keep their assortment as good as any in town.

Those wishing BARGAINS will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell quite as cheap if not a little cheaper than the Cheapest.
Sept 9, 1851.

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CHARLES CASE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
OFFICE—On Main Street, nearly opposite the Treasurers office. y3

J. L. WORDEN, W. S. HOAGLAND.
WORDEN & HOAGLAND,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
August 16, 1851. y6

L. M. NINDE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.
*** *Office on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.* y47p

WILLIAM H. JONES,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit.
*** OFFICE—At the Indiana Land Agency, Calhoun Street. 43y

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
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WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collecting of Debts* in any part of Indiana:

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Allen Hamilton,
Hugh McCulloch, — *Fort Wayne.*
R. W. Taylor,
OFFICE—On Clinton-st., opposite the Brick Church.
July 18 1851. y—4

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.
COLERICK & WITHERS. *Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law, and General Land and Tax Agents, Fort Wayne, Indiana.* Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.
*** OFFICE.—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets.
Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana.* Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.
REFERENCES.
Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*
*** OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y35

G. L. SPITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana.* He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to rooms over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery, Fort Wayne Indiana.* OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana.* Will attend to the Collection Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.
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Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*
OFFICE—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, on Calhoun

JOHN HOUGH, JR.
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, Ia.,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to his care; and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

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Allen Hamilton Fort Wayne.	Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y.
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Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade,"	Halstead & Bankes, "
W. B. Robbins, Cincinnati.	Edward Kellogg, Esq. "
Fox & French, "	Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. "	Stoddard & Lovering, "
Carson, Tweed & Co. "	McIlvain & Day, Philadelphia
Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo.	Wood & Abbot, "
Hayward & Noye, "	Ballitt & Fairthorne, "

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. W. D. STEWART, a graduate in Medicine of the University of Louisville Ky., and of the University of New York and late of Jeffersonville, Indiana, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and its vicinity.

He may at all times be found at his Office—corner of Main and Calhoun Streets—or, at his room at Mrs. Henderson's Boarding House, near the Hedekin House. He will give prompt and devoted attention to all business confided to his care.
May 2, 1851. y43

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.
Office nearly opposite Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Wesl'iugleuest.
Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. 18

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged. p6m8

PIQUA HOUSE,
JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.
Corner of Main and Water Sts.,
6m24p **PIQUA, OHIO.**

Boarding House.

MRS. A. LAKE, would respectfully announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up the new and commodious brick dwelling opposite Miller's Cabinet shop, for the accommodation of boarders. She has several pleasant rooms now vacant.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Oct. 22, 1851. y16.

CHEESE.—2,600 pounds Western reserve Cheese, a nice article, just received and for sale wholesale or retail by
WILSON & TRESSELT.
Sept 9, 1851.

POETRY.

THE LITTLE SLEEPER.

BY J. CLEMENT.

Few the days the fair one numbered
Ere were closed his lustrous eyes;
And he calmly, sweetly slumbered
Like a cherub from the skies.

From the body, frail and sickly
In the solemn hush of night,
Stole the spirit soft and quickly,
Back to native realms of light.

Still the sweet one, unawaken'd,
Dreamed and smiled when night had fled,
Knowing not the soul had taken
Wings, and up to glory sped.

Folded on his heaveless bosom,
Slight his ivory hands were pressed;
And thus slept the heavenly blossom,
Truant from the Land of Rest.

SONG.

Dost thou ask me how I love thee?
Better far than words can say;
Light may shine around, above me,
All is night when thou'rt away.
As the summer to the flowers,
As the sunshine to the sea,
As the moon to night's dark hours,
So, love, is thy smile to me!

Dearest, wheresoe'r thou goest,
Still my spirit clings to thee,
Even when thou little knowest,
When thy heart is far from me;
Tho' listening oft to tones more sweet, love,
Gazing into eyes more clear,
Yet when wilt thou ever meet, love,
One who holds thee half so dear?

When the stars are bright in heaven,
Prayer is round thee like a spell;
Round thee, tho' thou givest not even
One thought to her who loves so well?
And chide me not if unrequited
I have loved thee thus in vain;
Flowers which here are crush'd and blighted,
Still in heaven, may bloom again!

ZELAIDE.

From the Ladie's National Magazine.

My Wife's Bargains.

BY SMITH JONES, JR.

My wife has a great notion of making bargains. She occasionally spends a whole day in shopping, when, to accommodate her, we have no dinner at home, I dining down town, and the children being put off with a cold bit.

The other day, when I returned to supper, after one of these excursions, almost the first words Mrs. Jones said, were,

"Such luck as I've had to day, Smith.—Do hurry and eat supper, that I may show you my bargains."

Accordingly the purchases were produced, when the meal had been dispatched, and the children put to bed. This last procedure was not effected, however, without some difficulty, for the little ones had heard their mother talking so much of their new spring dresses, that their curiosity was all alive, and they were eager to sit up; but the laws of the Medes and Persians were not more inflexible than Mrs. Jones; and when from pleading the children proceeded to crying, she whipped them all around, and then had them carried struggling to bed.

"Here's some wonderfully cheap chintz," she said, producing a bit of calico, "its worth a shilling, every cent of it, and I've known the day when I could not have bought it for less than a quarter of a dollar:—what do you think I paid for that?"

I was incapable of answering, my business not lying in that line, and I confessed as much.

"Oh! you men never know anything," she said. "Well, I paid eight cents for it, only think of it, and isn't it pretty." As she spoke, she held the pattern before her, smoothing it carefully down with her hand.

Next she exhibited some cashmere for the boys' jackets, and drilling for their pantaloons, all purchased marvellously cheap; and finally took up a piece of de laine, as she called it.

"Their, now there's a bargain," she said, proudly, unrolling the fabric. "I never, in my life, saw anythink as cheap as this. Seventy-five cents is what it cost to import this article, so the storekeeper said, yet I got it for—what do you think?—now just guess for once, Jones."

"A dollar a yard, I suppose," I answered, "for that's about a fair profit."

Mrs. Jones laughed outright. At last she spoke.

"No, I bought that for thirty-seven and a half cents a yard, and, as it was so cheap, I took enough for myself as well as for the children."

"But thought," I interposed, meekly, "that you had already bought your own dresses."

"So I had," she replied, "but this was so cheap, you know: and then a de laine dress it always useful."

"I don't think there's much saved then," said I bluntly. "By next spring your dress will be out of fashion, so that it will be a complete loss. I suppose it takes as much stuff for you as for both the girls."

"Exactly."

She spoke shortly; but I went on.

"Then you might just as well have bought de laine at seventy-five cents a yard. Are you sure this is good? It looks rotten."

"Do you think I don't know bad de laine?" she said, and she jerked the goods out of my hand, as if I was unworthy to look upon it.

"But its no use talking to you, or showing you my bargains: you always make fun of them, or find fault."

I saw that the patience of Mrs. Jones was giving way, and on reflection concluded that I had been too severe for her, so I said no more. But I thought of the miserable dinner I had been forced to partake of, down town, at a cheap eating house; and of the children who had gone crying to bed.

The next morning, Mrs. Jones had a fever, caused by over exertion the day before. She had walked too far, the doctor said and neglected to eat anything; a delicate woman, he added, ought never to do either, much less both together.

Mrs. Jones was ill for a fortnight, and the doctor's bill was twenty dollars, so that her great bargains did not amount to much, especially as a seamstress had to be hired, while my wife was still sick, to take her part in making up the children's clothes.

Nor was this all. The boasted de laine proved, as I had feared, rotten. The first dress that gave way was one of the children's, for which the little creature received a severe admonition, and subsequently a whipping, when she ventured to lay the accident on the flimsy character of the stuff itself. But a few days after Mrs. Jones tore her own dress, while engaged in smoothing in down in front, so miserable was the material.

The colors of the cheap calico proved bad, and the drilling turned out to be half cotton. Of all her purchases, the cashmere was the only article in which she was not cheated, and the reason was, I suppose, that it was a remnant.

Before summer came, new dresses had to be purchased for both the girls, and a new pair of pantaloons a piece for the boys, the other ones not being fit for Sunday wear.

I calculated, when all was over, that I had lost about thirty-five dollars, by that one day's shopping. Mrs. Jones will not, however, admit this: her sickness, she says, would have happened any how.

So that my wife is incorrigible, I fear, on the subject of *bargains*.

Home Education.

Our thoughts are turred to the subject of home education. It is, perhaps, the peculiar misfortune of the United States, that the idea of education is always affixed to something away from home. The boarding school, the academy, the college—it is there alone we suppose it possible to educate the young woman. Home is only a place to eat, drink, and sleep. The parents, for the most part, gladly shuffle off the whole duties and responsibilities of training the heart, and the social nature of their children believing that if the intellect is properly developed in the schools, the whole man is educated. Hence the miserably one-sided and incomplete character of so many even of our most able and talented men—their heads have been educated, but their social nature is almost utterly neglected.

If this is true of what may be called the wealthiest classes of community, it is, we are sorry to say, still more true of the agricultural class. But the truth is, that in a country like this, knowledge is not only power, it is also influence and position, and the farmers, as a class are the least educated, and therefore the least powerful, the least influential, the least respected class in the community.

This state of things is all wrong, and we deplore it. As a natural consequence of belonging to the least powerful and least influential class, the sons and daughters of farmers—we mean the smartest sons and daughters—those who might raise and elevate the condition of the whole class, if they would recognize the dignity and value of their calling, and put their tallents into it—are no sooner able to look around and choose for themselves, than they bid good bye to farming. It is so slow for the boys, and not genteel enough for the girls.

All the education of the schools they go to, has nothing to do with making a farmer of a talented boy, or a farmer's wife of a bright and clever girl—but a great deal to unmaking them, by pointing out the superior advantages of merchandize, and the honorable professions. At home, it is the same thing. The farmer's son and daughter finds less of the agreeable and attractive, and more of the hard and sordid at their fire-side, than in the house of any others of equal means. This helps to decide them to leave "dull care" to dull spirits, and choose some field of life which has more attractions as well as more risks, than their own.

We have stated all this frankly, because we believe it to be a false and bad state of things. The farming class of America is not a rich class, but neither is it a poor one—while it is an independent one. It may and should wield the largest influence in the state, and it might and should enjoy the most happiness belonging to intelligent minds, peaceful homes, a natural and high social and moral virtues.

We are not ignorant of the powerful influence of woman, in any question touching the improvement of our social and home education. In fact, it is she who holds all the power in this sphere; it is she who really, but silently, directs, controls, leads and governs the whole social machine—whether among farmers or others, in this country. To the woman of the rural district—the more intelligent and sensible of the farmers' wives and daughters, we appeal, then, for a better understanding and a more correct appreciation of their true position. If they will but study to raise the character of the farmer's life, whole matter is accomplished. But this must be done truthfully and earnestly, and with a profound faith in the true nobility and dignity of the farmer's calling. It must not be done by taking for social growth the finery and gloss of mere city customs and observances. It is an improvement that can never come from the atmosphere of boarding schools and colleges as they are now constituted, for boarding schools and colleges pity the farmer's ignorance, and despise him for it. It must on the contrary, come from an unintelligent conviction of the honesty and dignity of rural life; a conviction that as agriculture embraces the sphere of God's most natural and beautiful operations, it is the best calculated, when rightly understood, to elevate and engage man's faculties; that as it feeds and sustains the nation, it is the basis of all material wealth; and as it supports all other professions and callings, it is intrinsically the parent and superior to them all. Let the American farmer's wives never cease to teach her sons, that though other callings may be more lucrative, yet there is none so true and so safe as that of the farmer—let her teach her daughters that, fascinating and brilliant as many other positions appear outwardly, there is none with so much intrinsic satisfaction as the life of the really intelligent proprietor of the soil, and above all, let her show by the spirit of intelligence, order, neatness, taste, and that beauty of propriety, which is the highest beauty in her home, that she really knows, understands, and enjoys her positions as a wife and mother of a farmer's family—let us have a few earnest apostles of this kind and the condition and prosperity of the agricultural class, intellectually and socially, will brighten, as the day brightens after the first few beams of golden light tinge the eastern horizon.—*Horticulturist.*

A Last Look.—There is a feeling that resembles death in the last glance we are ever to bestow on a loved object. The girl you have treasured in your secret heart, as she passes by on her wedding-day, it may be a happy and blissful, life up her laughing eyes, the symbol of her own light heart, and leaves in that look darkness and desolation to you for ever. The boy your father-spirit has clung to, like the very light of existence, waves his hand from the quarter deck, as the gigantic ship bends over the breeze; the wind is playing through the locks your hand so often times have smoothed; the tears have dimmed his eyes, for marks, he moves his fingers over them—and this is a last look,

A Sharp Hint.—The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, of the 14th inst., in reference to Church pews, remarks:

The Rev. Mr. Finney, in one of his evening sermons in this city, told us, not long ago, that sel fishness, oppression and wrong, sometimes took on a *religious type*: and that persons very sanctified, did outrageous things, under the impression that it was religion. The Bible, too, tells us that the devil sometimes assumes to be an angel of light: a fact which Milton has not forgotten in his splendid drama of Paradise Lost: so that, on the whole, between Finney, Milton, the Bible and every day life, we have come to the conclusion that the devil is rather busy with human affairs, and sometimes gets into the forts and stockades which are built to bombard him, and keep him at a distance; in other words, that he has a good deal more to do with churches and church members than they know about, or are willing to admit.

☞ Secure the approbation of the aged and you will enjoy the confidence of the young.

(From the Cincinnati Nonpareil.)

Movements of an Accomplished Swindler —Extraordinary Developments.

A few weeks ago, an individual calling himself Dr. Haynes, a very intelligent and prepossessing gentleman, was introduced by Capt. F. to Capt. D., the master of one of our well known Louisville and New Orleans packets, the day she was to leave the former place for the Crescent City. On board the packet were several daughters of Capt. D., on a pleasure excursion to the sunny south, accompanied by several Louisville ladies, invited *compagnes du voyage*. Dr. H. was young, tall, elegant, and represented himself as the senior of the firm of Haynes & Ayers, heavy cotton speculators, 95 Canal st., New Orleans, and upon being introduced into the ladies' cabin by the Captain, soon became a general favorite, nor was he slow in responding to the favorable impression he had made. Miss V——, the Captain's eldest daughter, of eminently amiable disposition, unusual accomplishments, and more than ordinary beauty, attracted him like loadstone. And what to casual spectators appeared only a passing flirtation, in a day or two, apparently ripened into a sincere attachment. At Memphis, Helena, Wicksburg, and Notchez, the Doctor's visits to his agents, during the landings of the steamboat, always brought some remembrance to the favored lady. At one time a boquet of fragrant flowers—now a rare jewel or article of value. Soon emboltened by his ardent admiration and symptoms of her not being indifferent to her, he proposed marriage. The lady noting loth, referred him to him father. His high standing, his influential family, his extensive business relations, and unbounded wealth palliated the hasty love, and the father only desired time to advise with his family, and inquire more particularly into the suitor's private reputation. At Natchez the ardent lover urged the boat to be stopped and the nuptials to be immediately consummated. Neither father or daughter could hearken to such overweening affection. He however purchased a beautiful diamond ring, and presented it to his lady in evidence of betrothment, to be worn on her third finger.—In the fulness of his happiness, he enlarged upon the brilliancy of his family jewels in the safe of his counting room, which he would have reset for her wedding treasure.

Everybody joined in the general hilarity. Mr. Shellfield, commission merchant of New Orleans, who had been his room mate for a couple of weeks, was carried away with the good fortune of his friend. The Doctor, however, more philosophic than could be expected, did not permit his beatitude to divert himself from his business. At the different cotton points he must have given orders to his agents for the purchase of several thousand bales of cotton. What greater happiness could be desired? The love of a beautiful and accomplished girl, prosperous business, and an intimacy with every family of the elite in New Orleans, that any of the passengers could mention.

The first drawback to this unalloyed picture, was the dire necessity of the Doctor to remain on shore to attend to some urgent business in Baton Rouge, so long a time, the boat was compelled to pass on without him, with many adieus and plans of *re-union* at the St. Louis Hotel, weere Dr. H. was to follow on the evening packet. On their arrival on the levee that night after midnight, they little suspected the storm that was to burst on their devoted heads next morning.

At daylight next morning, the Captain was aroused by Mr. S., the travelling friend of Dr. with the terrible news that Dr. H. was a swindler. That there was no Haynes & Ayres at 95 Canal street—that the mutual friends of the passengers of whom Dr. H. had talked so glibly, were each his victims to the tune of two and three hundred apiece, and that the evidence was unquestionable that all his representations and pretensions were false. The Captain congratulated himself at the fortunate escape of his daughter. The daughter bore the news with commendable fortitude, reflecting probably that it was better to have acquired this information at this early day, than a month hence—all grasping their wallets more closely upon the remembrance of how they could have been imposed upon by this accomplished imposter.

Now came a general comparing of notes, to discover if possible how they could have all been misled so long. The clerk (Mr. Lowry) had feld and expressed suspicions. Mr. S. first met him three weeks before, on his way to Cincinnati, to negociate a loan, which Dr. H. had kindly consented to take, and as kindly telegraphed to his head clerk to deposit with Mr. S's. head clerk; of course this was a deception, and Mr. S. relying upon the faith of his new acquaintance, remained a fortnight at Cincinnati, unconcerned about his embarrassments, had taken the trip to Orleans, and had reached home just in time to find himself inextricably envolved. Cap. J. of Louisville, met him once only, and then at a questionable resort and introduced him to Capt. D. without expecting he would introduce him to the ladies.

At Louisville he purchased 1200 bales of cotton and gave therefor his check, dated three days ahead, for $40,000, pretending to telegraph to the State Bank of Louisiana to place that sum to his credit at the Northern State Bank of Ky. Upon application from day to day to the latter bank, of course they had received no such advices from New Orleans.—With assumed indignation he pronounced Montgomery (the cashier of the State Bank of Louisiana) a villian, remarking, "I'll throw him out of the window when I see him again, as I once came near doing before." Dr. A., of Cincinnati, who was one of the party, kindly offered to lend him $10 000 until their arrival in New Orleans, if that would help him, which he declined with assumed indifference, but which it is feared he afterwards obtained.—"A." had indeed been fraudulently connected with him under the name of "H. & A." but after being victimized out of $7,000, and discovering the fraud, exposed him to the public. And thus the matter rests. Dr. H. was traced from Baton Rouge north, where he had gone with the intention of realizing money upon the purchase of cotton; and all the parties were so thoroughly imposed upon, that while those who sustained pecuniary losses, keep every thing quiet in hopes of making his disgorge, the rest are equally quiet to escape ridicule.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., April 15.

The police of our city, this evening, arrested a man calling himself Dr. C. Hayne, of New Orleans, on a charge of bigamy. It is charged that he has several wives now living, beside the one now with him. Having induced a very respectable and lovely young lady of Paducah to marry him, he shortly afterwards started for Nashville on the Ironton. He was overhauled at this place by the telegraph, and is now in jail. There was considerable excitement, but he submitted to the arrest without resistance.

☞ We published yesterday an account of the movements and arrest of a swindler named Dr. Haynes. The Louisville democrat states that Webb & Husting, of that city, is the firm who he attempted to swindle out of 1200 bales of cotton. Messrs. W. & H. received a despatch from Cincinnati about an hour after he departed on the boat for New Orleans, stating that he was a villain, and requesting them to have him arrested. Messrs. W. & H. immediately telegraphed to Memphis to have him arrested, but by some hook or crook he dodged the police in that city, and continued his way as far as Baton Rouge, La., where he got off and returned to Paducah. There he became acquainted with a beautiful young woman, and succeeded in winning her affections, married her, and took passage for Nashville on the steamer Ironton; but soon the news of his base design became known to the father of the young girl, who immediately started in pursuit of him on another boat. The authorities of Clarksville, Tenn., were advised by telegraph of the affair, and upon the arrival of the Ironton at that place, he was arrested and carried back in irons to Paducah.

The name of the young lady, is Miss Webb, of one of the most respectables families of Paducah.

Hayne's Cincinnati wife has arrived at Louisville, on her way to Paducah, where she intends to prosecute him to the utmost.—*New Albany Ledger.*

The Japan Expedition.

Among the documents sent into the United States Senate, on Monday last, respecting the Japan expedition, was a copy of the letter of President Fillimore to the Emperor of that nation. We give a few brief extracts, which indicate that so far our policy goes, the motive of the expedition is peace:

"I send you by this letter an envoy of my own appointment; and officer of high rang in his country, who is no missionary of religion. He goes by my command to bear to you my greeting and good wishes, and to promote friendship and commerce between the two countries.

"You know that the United States of America now extends from sea to sea; that the great countries of Oregon and California are parts of the United States; and that from these countries, which are rich in gold and silver and preciousstones, our steamers can reach the shores of your happy land in less than twenty days.

"Many of our ships will now pass in every year, and some perhaps in every week between California and China, these ships must pass along the coast of your Empire; storms and winds may cause them to be wrecked in your shores, and we ask and expect from your friendship and your greatness, kindness for our men and protection for our property. We wish that our people may be permited to trade with our people, but we shall not authorize them to break any law of your Empire.

"Our object is friendly commercial intercourse, and nothing more. You may have productions which we would be glad to buy, and we have productions which might suit your people.

"Your Empire contains a great abundance of coal; this is an article which our steamers, in going from California to China, must use. They would be glad that a harbor in your Empire should be appointed to which coal might be brought, and where they might always be able to purchase it.

"In many other respects, commerce between your Empire and our country would be useful to both. Let us consider well what new interests may arise from these new events, which have brought our two countries so near together; and what purposes of friendly intercourse this ought to inspire in the hearts of those who govern both countries?"

Letter from Twang Twangky Emperor of Japan, to President Fillmore.

The Cleveland Plaindealer contains the following reply to President Fillmore's letter to the Emperor of Japan—received we suppose by submarine telegraph:

JEDDO IN JAPPAN.
Palace of the Most High
13,000th year of the Great Red Dragon.

Herr Fillmore, Governor of U. S. Province:

My Grand Secretary, Gowithuites, has just translated your scroll; and I dictate the following from the abundance of my heavenly wisdom, in reply. Your officer of high rank pleases me wery much. I and my six thousand wives have been laughing all the morning at his queer bob tailed coat, his stove pipe-hat, and awkward looking boots—and more than all, a strange and mysterious thing, which he calls a shirt-collar, and which keeps his head as stiff as one of our native rhinocerosses.—We have taken pity on his heathenish condition, and equipped him in our royal suit—a turban and a pair of spurs. You say that he is "no missionary of religion." I shall make a christian of him, and send him back to his own country as a missionary. I was grieved to see his besotted ignorance. He knows nothing of Xaru, or Amidu, or Dabio. He has never heard of the precious book of Sai-kissacky, nor bathed in the forgiving stream of Chumdowchum. I am glad there is a country to the East of me so large as yours, and I shall take measures immediately to bring you over to the true faith. I send by the bearer a bundle of colporteur's pamphlets and tracts, which I should like distributed at once. I hope you will not oppose my establishing temples in your land. Your people is not one half as large as mine, but yours are worth saving.—Although outcasts, there is still hope for you. As for trading with me, why do you bother yourselves with worldly ambitions? We spend our time in religious ceremonies and prayers. But I am willing to open communication with you, so that you may no object to my seeking to bring you over to the true religion. Kiss all your wives for me. Ah, you have only one. Poor d——l, I have six thousand. Pray accept this bottle of rum as a token of my high consideration.

TWANG TWANGKI.
Emperor of the Faithful.

☞ Mrs. Smithers says that the person who has not been a grandmother, knows nothing of the anxieties of life. It is bad enough to have a drunken husband, but when you came to compare that affliction with two generations of croup, hooping cough, measels, prickly heat and hive syrup, you elevate a sprained ancle to the dingity of a broken leg, and class tooth aches with "apple plexy."

☞ Madme, has your piano an ædian attachment?" asked Sam the other night of the wife of a man who appeared to live fully up to, if not beyond his income.

"Hush!" whispered Seth in his ear; "it has a Sheriff's attachment."

Sam dropped the subject.

Reconciliation.—The English papers state that a reconciliation has been effected between Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell, through the intervention of mutual friends.—Lords John acknowledged his error in ejecting the accomplished Foreign Secretary, and asked his late colleague to forgive and forget it. Palmerston was at first disinclined to except the overtures of the ex-Premier, but was prevailed upon by his friends.

☞ Blacksmiths, it is said, *forge* and *steel* nearly every day—but it's all *iron*y.

The Farmers Daughter.

There is world of beauty flourishing in the shade of the country. Farm houses are dangerous places. As you are thinking only of sheep or of curls, you bay be shot thro' by a pair of bright eyes, and melted away in a bewitching smile that you never dreamed of till the mischief is done. In towns and theatres, and thronged assemblies of the titled fair, you are on your guard, you know what you are exposed to, and put on your breast place, and pass through the most terrible onslaught of beauty, safe and sound. But in those sylvan retreats, dreaming of nightingales, and hearing only the lowing oxen, you are taken by surprise. Out steps a fair creature—crosses a glade—leaps a stile. You start—you stand lost in wonder and admiration!—You take out your tablets to write a sonnet on the return of the Nymphs and Dryads to earth, when up come John Tompkins, and says:

"It's only the farmers daughter."

"What! have farmers such daughters now-a-days.

Those farm houses are dangerous places. Let no man with poetical imagination, which only another name for a very tender heart, flatter himself with the fancies of the calm delights of the country; with the serene idea of sitting with the farmer in his old fashioned chimney corner, and hearing him talk of corn and mutton, and joining him in the pensive pleasure of a pipe and a jug of brown October; of listening to the gossip of the comfortable farmers wife, of the parson and his family; of his sermons and his pig, over a fragrant cup of young hyson, or wrapped in the delicious luxuries of young custards and whipped creams. In walks a fairy vision of wondrous witchery, and with a courtesy and a smile of winning and mysterious magic, takes her seat just opposite. It is the farmer's daughter, a living creature of eighteen; fair as the lilly, sweet as a posey of violets and clove gillivere, modest as early morn, and nimble as your own imagination of Desdemona or Gertrude of Wyoming. You're lost. It's all over with you. And that comes of going into the country, out of the way of temptation, and fancying farm houses to be nice old fashioned places of old established comment.

Facts and Fancies.

☞ Deal gently with those that stray,—Draw back by love and persuasion. A kiss is worth a thousand kicks. A kind word is of more value to the lost than a mine of gold.

☞ A mother's purity refine the child's heart and manners.

To Stop the Hicup.—Draw a string around the wrist of the right hand; or squeeze it with the thumb and forefinger of the left.

☞ Mirth begets mirth. It is the best thing to preserve health. It can hardly be maintained without it. Instead of doctoring, laugh heartily and often. It is cheaper, does more good, and leaves you in a better condition.

☞ Youth is a glorious invention! While the girls chase the hours, and you chase the girls, the months seem to dance away with you upon their feet. What a pity our summer is so short! Before you know it, lovers become deacons and romps grandmothers!

☞ Wealth, honor, and favor may come upon a man by chance, nay! they may be cast upon him without so much as looking for them; but virtue is the work of industry and labor; and certainly it is worth your while to purchase that good which brings all others along with it. [Seneca.]

☞ The wife of Mr. Gosmer, of Milton, Kentucky, gave birth to four children on Thursday last.

"Abraham my pet, where is your father?

"Don't know mother: but guess he's gone over to Deacon Dillberry's pasture after his black sheep, kase I seed Widder Higgins goin' over that way."

The boy got a licking before breakfast next morning.

☞ A hen belongin to Dr. J. H. Hero, of the Water Cure, at Athol, Mass., laid within 24 hours, *three good sized eggs*. The hen was Cochin China.

Can any one imagine anything more cheerless than a batchelor's bed chamber? Possibly the dismal swamp may make some pretensions to similarity.

When a man now-a-days wishes to communicate the intelligence that a daughter added to the family, he says that his domestic affairs have reache a *cry sis*.

It is important to have an umbrella in a shower, dinner when you are hungry, and a longboat in a squall, but the most important of all to a nice young gentleman is a nice young lady to say 'Yes' at the right time.

☞ Every man that has business ought to advertise it, and if he has none he ought to advertise for some.

☞ Superiority in wit is more frequently the cause of vanity than superiority of judgment; as a person who wears an ornamental sword is ever more vain than he who wears a useful one.

☞ Let your thoughts be fit and suitable for the subject. Every day have higher thoughts of God—lower throughts of self—kinder throughts of your brethren, and more hopeful thoughts of all around you.

Food for Canaries.—The best food for canaries is rape, canary, and crushed hemp-seed; the latter should be given very sparingly once a week. A little green food occasionally, but we do not think hard eggs desirable. Fresh water for bathing as well as drink, and sand, are absolutely necessary.

To Make Starch.—An excellent starch may be made by setting by, in a cool place, the water in which rice has been boiled in the ordinary way, (set in a cloth) which will in twenty-four hours become a very strong starch. Pour off the water and dry the powder.

Lavender Water. English oil of lavender water, once ounce; essence of ambergris, half ounce; eau de cologne, half pint; rectified spirits of wine, one pint; mix. This is an extremely fragrant perfume.

Receipt for Corns.—Take equal portions of mercurial and galbanum ointments, mix well, spread on a bit of white leather, and apply to the corns morning and evening.

Cod Liver Oil.—The least offensive way of taking cod liver oil, is to place it in a teaspoon, and sprinkle a little salt over it.—*Ladies National Magazine.*

The Acorn.—If an acorn be suspended by a piece of thread within half an inch of the surface of some water contained in a hyacinth glass, and so permitted to remain without being disturbed, it will in a few months burst and throw a root into the water, and shoot upwards its straight and tapering stem, with beautiful green leaves. A young oak tree growing in this way on the mantel shelf of a room is a very elegant and interesting object. I have seen several oak trees, and also a chestnut tree, thus growing, but all of them, however, have died after a few months, probably owing to the water not being changed sufficiently often to afford them the necessary quantity of nourishment for the matter contained in them.

To Stop Bleeding from the Cavity of an Extracted Tooth.—Noticing the case of Mrs. Locke, who bled to death in cosequence of the extraction of a tooth. Dr. Addington, of Richmond, Va., says he never fails to stop the bleeding by packing the alveous, from which the blood continues to trickle, fully and firmly with cotton moistened in a strong solution of alum and water. He cured a brother physician in this way, whose jaw had bled for two weeks.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1852.

☞ All legal advertisements sent to this office for publication hereafter, must be accompanied by the cash to insure insertion.
The charge of $1 00 per square for 3 insertions, would average about $1 25 per folio of 100 words. Those sending advertisements can easily compute the cost by this rule.

Democratic Electoral Ticket.

STATE AT LARGE.
JOHN PETTIT, of Tippecanoe County.
JAMES H. LANE, of Dearborn County.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
First—BENJ. R. EDMONSTON, of Dubois County.
Second—JAMES S. ATHON, of Clark County.
Third—JOHN A. HENDRICKS, of Jefferson County.
Fourth—EBENEZER DUMONT, of Dearborn County.
Fifth—WILLIAM GROSE, of Henry County.
Sixth—WILLIAM J. BROWN, of Marion County.
Seventh—OLIVER P. DAVIS, of Vermillion County.
Eighth—LORENZO C. DOUGHERTY, of Boone County.
Ninth—NORMAN EDDY, of St. Joseph County.
Tenth—[illegible]
Eleventh—JAMES F. McDOWELL, of Grant County.

☞ The editor is absent this week.

An Apprentice Wanted

To the PRINTING Business. An industrious boy of good education, not much afraid of soiling his hands, and willing to remain long enough to acquire a thorough knowledge of the Art, will find a good situation by making immediate application at this Office.

Rev. J. D. Meeson will preach his closing Sermon as Pastor of the Baptist Church, on Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

Preaching also in the morning.

LOST

A beautiful NECKLACE of small CORAL BEADS, with a Filigree Clasp. The finder will please leave it at Mrs. Lane's Boarding House.

We are indebted to Hon. A. P. Edgerton, M. C., for a valuable Public Document.

A Neat Foot as the ladies are generally aware, is a very attractive feature in female perfection. Those who wish to show it in full perfection will call at Jacobs' Shoe Store where they will find an opportunity to encase their pedal extremities in shoes, gaiters, &c., of the most exquisite neatness. Mr. Jacobs always keeps a fine assortment, and this season his stock is even better than usual. He has selected them with great care, having an eye to service as well as beauty. Gentlemen will find a splendid assortment of Calf Boots, Gaiters, and every thing in their line—all of the best, and at the lowest prices.

Fashionable Tailoring.—The season has come when the change of winter clothing for that of summer must take place, and we would suggest that Mr. Thieme has on hand just the goods so much needed for this change, which he will make up *a la mode*. Read his advertisement, and give him a call.

The *Fort Wayne Female College* commenced its Summer Term on Wednesday last. As this city is such a pleasant place in the summer, and the College such an excellent institution, it will certainly, we think, be well attended the present session.

☞ Albert Wen, Esq., has retired from the [illegible] Journal, and is succeeded by Lane brothers.

☞ By recent advices from Washington, we learn that Mr. Clay's health is so low, that it is feared he cannot survive long.

May—Pleasant Weather.—The Sun has again dispelled the dark, sombrous clouds that have so long hung over this portion of the terraqueous globe, and sent forth his resplendent rays—rays which look the more magnificent and grand by reason of the immense quantity of rain—that seem to vivify and cheer all exhausted nature. The gentle zephyrs as they pass along appear to bear the cheering tidings from heart to heart, that May—adorned with those lovely smiles that ever characterize her, and laden with a plenitude of pleasures for the young and the old, the gay and the dejected—has at length made her appearance. The brilliancy of her equipage has cheered old Winter's bilious countenance, and her musical [illegible] completely drowned the old fellow's dying groans with their melodious songs—pretty and delightful are the privileges she brings, and bountifully does distribute them among her lovers. There is not a line of [illegible] about her; all may enjoy her complaisant smiles, and gaze upon her tremendous loveliness.

Many of our citizens are improving the fine weather; carriages well filled, and horses upon whose backs were seated fair young ladies, in company with their gallant companions, passing and repassing the streets. The streets present quite a lively appearance.

Extensive Counterfeiting.—We learn from the Cincinnati Commercial, that a party of [illegible] were arrested at Newport, on charge of passing counterfeit money. [illegible] counterfeit bills were found [illegible] on the State Bank of Ohio, 5s Merchants and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh, [illegible] Bank of [illegible]; 20's State Bank of Indiana; [illegible] Clinton Bank of Columbus, 5's, 10's and 20's on the Commercial Bank of Toledo, 5's State Bank of Ohio, [illegible] Farmers Bank, Oakland, Michigan. Some of the above were signed, [illegible] A number of them were in large sheets, as they were issued from the press—The engraving on all the bills is excellent, and some [illegible] plates on which some of them were struck were the originals." [illegible] on their way to St. Louis, [illegible] to rest from their labors and pass a few days in inspecting the inner walls of a gaol.

Fruit.—We learn that while the fruit is nearly all killed, many trees will live to reward in future the husbandman for his labor. The [illegible] killed [illegible] although very many peach trees are actually dead.

Wabash Valley Teachers' Institute.—We have perused the proceedings of this Institute which are rather too prolix for publication. It was organized at Bluffton under the supervision of Prof. S. B. Sweet, in April last. Those attending speak in the highest terms of Prof. Sweet's qualifications as a Teacher, and represent his labors in that place as productive of great good. The Professor has accepted an invitation to meet them in November next, to again take charge of their Institute. The advancement of the youth in this part of the West makes it necessary for those who desire to engage in teaching to avail themselves of these privileges that they may be better qualified to enter the schoolroom as instructors.

The advantages to be derived from these Institutes by young Teachers are inestimable, and should not be left unimproved by those who contemplate making Teaching their business. A few weeks devoted to study and a review of rules under the instruction of competent Teachers, before entering upon the discharge of their new duties, will greatly assist them in bearing the *[illegible]* along the flowery path of literature, and in teaching the "young idea how to shoot."

☞ The Ohio Legislature adjourned on Monday, the 26th ult. to meet on the first Monday of November next.

The Laurel Wreath.—This paper will be commenced in a week or two. It was designed to have been issued before this, but the lateness of the spring and the opening of navigation on the lake have kept back the material on which it is to be printed. But as the material is now daily expected, it will not be long before it makes its appearance, neatly printed on beautiful new type. A little patience, and all will be made right. C.

The editor of the New Orleans Picayune had a mess of green corn on the 20th ult.—*Ex.*

Rather behind the times; the corn in these parts is already *too ripe* to use for roasting ears.

☞ The only thing plenty in market just now, is maple sugar, and marriageable girls. What a *sweet* reflection.—*Oswego Pal.*

We don't know how it is with regard to maple sugar, but we have plenty of "marriageable girls" here, and they are pretty, too.

House of Representatives,
Indianapolis, May 1, 1852.

P. P. Bailey, Esq.—Dear Sir:

I hasten to reply to your letter of 29th ultimo this moment received. The board of Canal Trustees assemble here the 10th inst.; it will be highly important to have some person or committee in attendance. It will be utterly out of the question for me to attend the meeting of the board. I would do it with pleasure were it in my power, but this is a very critical time in the session—most of the bills are on the second and third reading—and owing to the important commercial position of Fort Wayne, and the great amount of local legislation heretofore had for our county scarcely a bill comes up in which we are not in some way or other interested, and some of them very deeply; moreover some very important bills have passed the House and gone to the Senate where they may be so amended as to be very objectionable—such a bill for instance as the general railroad bill in which our county has such a deep interest and in which no person has manifested more zeal than yourself, is now under consideration in that body and will pass, I am inclined to think, and reported back about the time the trustees will be in session.

These are only a few of the reasons that I might give why I could not attend the meetings of the board without neglecting my legislative duties in an unpardonable manner. You will perceive the importance at once of sending one person at least, who is well posted up and who can give the matter his undivided attention. Not a mere lobby member—he can do no good. It requires a thorough going business man, who can present the agricultural and commercial interest of the county properly before the board—set down, make calculations, compare toll sheets, &c.

You wish to know how the matter rests in the House? In reply I will simply say that the bill provides (in short) for a reduction of tolls to the Ohio rates. It has been read twice and laid on the table. It can be called up at any time and a vote taken immediately upon its engrossment and passage. Mr. Dowling came here immediately on hearing of the introduction of the bill. He desired me as chairman to agree to delay further action until the trustees could meet; but as I had not the control of the measure, it being now in the possession of the House, and could be taken up on motion of any member, I could only agree with others that the friends were willing to let it rest until the 10th, which he insisted was the earliest moment Mr. Butler could get here. So the matter rests, and if the board are willing to make such reductions as are reasonable and proper (and I trust none other is asked or expected by those along the line) then the whole thing can be amicably adjusted much more satisfactory to all concerned. If they will not do it, we will give them an opportunity of [illegible] the question [illegible] the state did re[illegible] relating the tolls.

You are also anxious to know what amendments, if any, were made to the general railroad bill [illegible] passed in the House. [illegible] of importance. It remains as reported by the [illegible] for the original bill. It is the only important bill passed this session that was not amended or recommitted. The friends of this bill stood up firmly [illegible] and voted down every amendment that was [illegible] to cripple the bill. You observe that [illegible] the majority (60 to 30) is indicative of its passage through the Senate." I think from the best light I have upon the subject that it will pass the Senate without material amendment. [illegible] That vote 60 to 30 [illegible] very decided one—two to one exactly [illegible] when there is any considerable opposition.

The Banking bill failed in the Senate yesterday for want of a constitutional majority. It is thought it will pass with a full Senate.

Yours, in haste,
L. D. G. NELSON.

☞ Messrs. P. P. Bailey and Sam'l Edsall have left for Indianapolis to attend the meeting. The great interest taken in this matter by our citizens cannot longer be disregarded and they may now look out for a reduction of tolls.

Railroad Meeting at Decatur.

A large and interesting meeting of the inhabitants of Adams county was held at the Court House in Decatur, in said county, at which John W. Nevius, Esq. was called to the Chair, and P. L. Wise appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been briefly stated by S. L. Rugg, thereupon on motion of J. P. Porter,

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to report resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. Whereupon S. L. Rugg, J. H. Nevius, W. G. Spencer, J. McConnell and D. Heabert were appointed said committee.

During the absence of the committee, the meeting was addressed by D. McDonald, J. P. Porter, O. T. Hart, L. M. Lovelace, and S. S. Rugg.

The committee appointed for that purpose, made the following report by their chairman:

Whereas, in this age of the triumph of the arts and sciences, in carrying improvements of public utility throughout the world; and whereas, the States of Indiana, Ohio, and others, have proved the utility of the great *Iron Horse*, and the construction of railroads is being effected North and South, East and West, to the great commercial and farming interests of the community; and, whereas, such a communication is about to be effected between Cincinnati and Fort Wayne, touching at the most favorable points between the extremes; and whereas, the county of Adams is on the direct line, having an area of the most fertile soil—inhabited by industrious and enterprising citizens, earnestly desiring a convenient and speedy transportation of their productions—Therefore,

Resolved, 1st, That we regard with interest and hail with pleasure the proposition to construct the Cincinnati, Richmond, Winchester, Portland, Decatur and Fort Wayne railroad.

Resolved, 2dly, That we recommend this improvement to the citizens of this county, as highly favorable to their agricultural interests.

Resolved, 3dly, That an executive committee of five be appointed to confer with other committees on the line—look after the interests of this county in the location and construction of the road and arrange railroad meetings in the different townships of the county, and do and perform all other duties usually appertaining to such committees.

Thereupon, Joseph Grabs, Esq., moved the adoption of the report of the committee, during the pendency of which motion a brief account of the progress of the enterprise, showing its practicability, &c., was given by Samuel L. Rugg, and after full discussion, the report was unanimously adopted.

In pursuance of one of the resolutions in said report the following named persons were appointed an executive committee: J. D. Nuttman, S. L. Rugg, J. H. Nevius, J. McConnell, and J. P. Porter.

On motion of J. H. Nevius, the committee were instructed, That in all their doings as such, they give preference to arrangements that will result in a through line of uniform width of track.

On motion of O. T. Hart,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and furnished to the editor of the *Gazette*, with a request that they be published.

The meeting then adjourned.

JOHN W. NEVIUS, Chairman.
P. L. Wise, Secretary.
[*Decatur Gazette.*]

Pennsylvania Railroad Election.—During Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, just passed, an election has been held by the stockholders of this company, at the office, Walnut street above Third, to test the question whether the company should make a subscription to the stock of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road Company. The polls were closed yesterday at 3 o'clock P. M., when the ballots were counted, and the result declared to be as follows:—22[illegible] stockholders voted 13,7[illegible] shares for the subscription, and 10[illegible] stockholders voted 1526 shares against the subscription, leaving a clear majority in favor of the subscription of 1[illegible] votes and 1[illegible] shares. The resolution is, therefore, adopted, and the subscription will be made. We subjoin a copy of the former for the information of our readers:

Resolved, That the Board of Directors be, and are hereby authorized to subscribe, on behalf of this Company, (Legislative sanction being first obtained) for 2000 shares in the Capital stock of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, for the general purposes thereof, and a further amount of three thousand shares, applicable to form a connection between the terminus of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad and the Pennsylvania Railroad at the outer depot of the latter Company in the city of Pittsburg, in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed in the resolutions passed September last. Provided, the Board of Directors shall be satisfied that the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad have, with the subscription aforesaid, ample funds, by subscription or Government loan, to finish their road to Crestline and provided further, that the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall, before any subscription is made formally agree to construct the connection aforesaid by a railroad bridge over the Alleghany river, at the point indicated, as soon as the same may be required by the Directors of this Company.

We rejoice that this subscription has been directed, as it will be of invaluable service both to the Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad, and our own great Central road. While it will enable the Directors of the former to urge that most important link in our great western connection to a rapid completion, it will, at the same time, secure the speedy erection of a bridge over the Alleghany and a direct connection between the two roads, which, under other circumstances, might have been a long time delayed. The necessity for transhipment of goods at the two roads will thus be avoided, as well as delay and expense to transporters.

Gen. Robinson, the efficient and intelligent President of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Company, [illegible] that the procurement of this subscription is mainly to be attributed—has been in the city for several days, watching the progress of the vote, [illegible] a successful issue with commendable courtesy. [illegible] the vote of Alleghany, Philadelphia, and the other corporations interested [illegible] declined to interfere.—*North American.*

Ohio and Indiana Railroad.—This important link commences at Crestline, 70 miles southwest from Cleveland, and runs to Fort Wayne, Ind., a distance of 131 miles. The amount of stock taken to January, 1852, is $711,681—being about one-half of the entire cost of the road, independent of the right of way, which will no doubt be negotiated upon favorable terms. The region through which the road passes, though comparatively new, is increasing in population and wealth in a greater ratio than any other portion of Ohio: and Allen County, Indiana has increased in population nearly 200 per cent. within the last 10 years. Fort Wayne, the terminus of the road, is a large thrifty place, and transacts yearly an amount of business. Considering the rapid growth of the country, the richness and fertility of its soil, we cannot see why this road should not become profitable upon its completion. That great civilizer—the iron horse—is sure to bring in its train the sturdy yeoman and the industrious mechanic along the Ohio and Indiana Railroad, so easy of access from Buffalo and Cleveland, we shall find villages rapidly springing into active prosperity.

J. R. Straughan, the chief engineer, presents a very elaborate and favorable report of the prospects of the road.—*Scientific American.*

Spurious gold one dollar pieces, are in circulation in Philadelphia. They are poorly executed, particularly the milling.

A man cannot possess anything that is better than a good woman, nor anything that is worse than a bad one.

Arrival of the Niagara.

Halifax, April 28, 2 P. M.

Niagara arrived at an early hour this A. M. She brings 42 passengers and Liverpool dates to 11 A. M., 17th inst.

The Steamer *Pacific*, Capt. Nye, arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 15th, making the passage in 11¾ days including a detention of several hours, off the harbor on account of low tide.

The intelligence from the United States by the *Niagara and Pacific* had given Cotton a upward tendency with improved demand. At the sailing of the *Niagara* there was a better feeling in the market for breadstuffs, and in all cases a slight advance had been paid.

The money market was more abundant than at any previous time for many years, and, the first time in many years consuls were up.—American Securities were in good time.

The Sandwich Islands—Terrific Eruption of Mauna Loa.—Our advices from Honolulu are to the 10th March. The news is ten days later. It bears no special importance, but we have an account of a great eruption on the Island of Hawaii of the famous Mauna Loa, which at the date of last dispatch, was burning fiercely, discharging streams of lava, and filling the air with cinders and ashes.

The eruption commenced on the 19th of Feb. from the old crater, and was followed by successive openings in the sides of the volcano, and setting fire to the woods in its progress. The spectacle is described as terrifically grand. Alarm was felt for the safety of the town of Hilo, toward which the torrents of fire were rapidly rolling.

By advices from Hilo, to the 2d inst., says the Polynesian, we further learn that the stream of lava had burned through the woods to within 15 miles of Hilo, and that it was still progressing. The current was not so rapid as at first, but it was gradually filling up all the qualities of the ground and it was supposed, at that date, that it would ultimately reach the sea, and discharge itself somewhere in the bay of Hilo.

This eruption is said to be the most terrible and extensive that has taken place on Hawaii within the memory of man.

The Government organ publishes officially an order in council providing for "reciprocal duties on certain articles with the U. States of North America," in which it is enacted by the King, Premier and chief of the Hawaiian Islands, that all flour, fish, coal, lumber, staves and heading, the produce or manufacture of the United States, shall be admitted into the Kingdom free of all duty, provided the Government of the United States will admit sugar, sirup of sugar, molasses and coffee, the produce of the Hawaiian Islands, into all the ports of the United States on the same terms.

Our correspondence informs us that considerable excitement was caused in the community at Honolulu by the discovery that a mail bag, made at this port and sent by the Game Cock last winter to the Islands, had been broken open by some of the passengers of the G. C., and many letters relative to the expedition which sailed in that vessel destroyed.—*Alta California, March 27.*

New York, May 3.

The California letters lost overboard on the Chagres River, are in the main preserved and their directions can probably be deciphered.

Newspaper mails almost entirely ruined.—It is feared some of the bags were not recovered. A letter dated Acapulco April 25th states that 150 to 200 of the passengers on the North America yet remain. They would be taken off by the Washington. The Com. Stockton was at Acapulco. The authorities have broken the U. S. Government scales and hauled down the American flag.

Pernambuco advices to April 4th state that not a single case of yellow fever had occurred in the city for two months, being confined to the shipping.

At Rio Janeiro its ravages are heart rending. On an average 60 cases are reported daily. Among the crews of foreign vessels twenty three entire Swedish crews are said to have been swept away.

The Great Flood in the Ohio.—The Steubenville *Messenger* gives the following account of the flood at Wheeling. That *woman* should have a passage free through the world:

The Flood at Wheeling.—We learn from the Argus that the bridge which floated past here on Monday, struck Zane's Island, and swung round the west side of the river, near Bridgeport, and came near carrying off a portion of the covered wooden bridge.

At West Wheeling, the Paper Mill of Mrs. Wagoner was carried off, with a large quantity of wrapping paper. Stringer's warehouse, with considerable flour and produce, is also gone. Many cottages there were carried off.

At Grave Creek, Gallagher's warehouse was swept off, filled with flour, produce, molasses, and furniture of the citizens, stored for safe keeping.

A white painted dwelling house passed Wheeling having a woman and some children aboard. She refused to leave her domicil, claiming that it was her own, and no one should deprive her family of their rights.

The Times records a narrow escape of a family of thirteen persons, from the falling of the stack of Dewey's Wire Factory. They were leaving their house, and had just got seated in the skiff, when the stack fell, and struck within about three feet of them, upsetting the skiff, and leaving them to the mercy of the waters. They were all rescued in an exhausted state—even to a babe, which its mother's arm had instinctively clung to through the whole affair.

A Baby Afloat!—A gentleman just from Wheeling informs that, during the late flood in the Ohio, a cradle with a living infant in it was picked up on the river somewhere below Wheeling. No one knew any thing of its parentage, or where it floated from.—*Zanesville Cour.*

Whole Village Swept off.—Baltimore, April 28, 1852.—The towns of Worthington, Fairmount, Riverville and Newport were inundated, and many houses swept off. More than forty houses were seen to float past Fairmount. Every house except one, and a part of two others, in the village of Worthington was swept away. In Fredericksburg and vicinity the damage done was very great. Falmouth Bridge was entirely swept away.

Storm and Flood East.—At Boston, on the 19th, the storm had continued for 30 hours, and was still prevailing violently. It was severe all along the Atlantic coast. The Potomac was very high on the 20th, higher than known for many years. The long bridge at Washington City was swept away. At Harper's Ferry much damage was done by the flood to houses, barns and bridges. Many cattle swept away. The Winchester railroad was inundated for several miles, and considerably damaged. The water rose within 2 feet of the high water mark of the great flood of 18[illegible]. Several serious breaches are reported on Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The freshet in the Susquehannah inundated portions of Columbia and Wrightsville.

The oriental steamer Iberia the West India mail steamer had arrived at Southampton, with £20,000 in specie and £19,0[illegible] in diamonds from Brazil.

Appointed.—We learn that Gov. Bigler has appointed Patrick McKenna, Esq. Associate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late lamented Judge McMillan.

Harrisburg Pa. April 30.—Judge Woodward has been appointed Supreme Judge of Pennsylvania in the place of Judge Coulter, deceased.

Four Hundred and Fifty Lives Lost.—At two o'clock on the morning of the 26th of February, the British steamer Birkenhead was wrecked between two and three miles of the shore of Southern Africa. Off Point Danger, near the Cape of Good Hope, she struck upon a reef of sunken rocks. The water was smooth, and the sky serene, but the speed at which the vessel was passing through the water proved her destruction. The rock penetrated through her bottom just aft the foremast, and in twenty minutes after there were a few floating spars and a few miserable creatures clinging to them, and this was all that remained of the Birkenhead. Of 638 persons who had left Simon's Bay in the gallant ship but a few hours before, only 184 remain to tell the tale. No less than 454 English men have come to a sudden and awful end. Between four and five hundred human beings launched into eternity without a moment's warning, makes it stand forth alone in solitary horror, the most terrible catastrophe of the kind it has been our lot for many years to record.—*New York Express.*

Death of Distinguished Men.—Died, at Albany N. Y., on the 27th inst., Gen. Stephen Van Rensselaer, who distinguished himself in the attack on Queenstown, in October, 1812, and for many years Postmaster at Albany.—He died of apoplexy in the 78th year of his age.

Peter Van Loon, aged 73 years, for more than half a century a resident of Albany.

In the city of New York, on the 23d inst., Hon. John Young, formerly Governor of that State. At the time of his death he was Assistant Treasurer of the port of New York.

Hon. John Sergeant, a distinguished lawyer, and member of Congress for fifteen years, died at his residence in Philadelphia, on the 23d inst.

Judge Coulter, who was elected to the Supreme bench in Pennsylvania, in Oct. last, died at his residence, in Westmoreland county, on the 21st April.

In Cincinnati, on the 23d ult., Mr. L. G. Curtiss, late Editor of the Cincinnati Commercial, who has so long been the chief actor in its successful enterprise.

Frederick West, for nearly twenty years connected with the press of Philadelphia and New York, died in the latter city on Saturday.

New Railroad Scheme.—Large and enthusiastic meetings have been held in Winchester, and Newport to construct a railroad from Richmond to Fort Wayne; and we understand Cincinnati will furnish "material aid" for the work. It strikes us if this work is undertaken it would be advantageous for the company to make Bluffton a point, and unite with the Fort Wayne and Southern road at this place. By this they would save 24 miles of road, and a much easier grade than can be found by going east of us. It would also obtain the Cincinnati trade from this section of the country, which would otherwise go by New Castle or Knightstown, when the Fort Wayne and Southern road is completed.

What does the Winchester Patriot, and Richmond papers say to this proposition?—*Bluffton Banner.*

☞ The injury to the track of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Road, by the late flood, is much less serious than was reported. The trains are running as usual.

Route Agent.—Mr. John S. Darragh of Beaver has been appointed route agent on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, by the Postmaster General.

Florida Democratic State Convention.—Quincy, April 26.—On the 19th instant the Democratic State Convention of Florida assembled and nominated James E. Brown, Esq. as their candidate for Governor; A. T. Maxwell for Congress; and D. L. Yulee and Hon. D. W. Spencer, Delegates at large to the Baltimore National Convention.

A series of resolutions were adopted the first of which reaffirms the resolutions of the Virginia convention of 1848, and the second endorses the resolutions adopted by the Baltimore Democratic Convention of 1844. The third resolution denounces the revival of any past issues; and the fourth appoints fourteen delegates to the Baltimore National Convention. They are sent uninstructed, no preference being expressed by the Convention.

The first choice of the delegates elected is understood to be for Douglas for President and Jefferson Davis for Vice President.

The Illinois Democracy.—The Democratic State Convention which met at Springfield on the 19th, nominated the Hon. J. A. Matteson, of Will county for Governor, on the 11th ballot. The final vote stood, Matteson 139, Gregg 67, Dament 50. The Chicago Tribune speaks of Mr M, as admirably fitted for Governor of Illinois.

The Legislature of Louisiana have passed an appropriation of $150,000 for the erection of a bronze statue of Gen. Jackson on Jackson Square, in New Orleans.

Extra Session of the Illinois Legislature.—Gov. French, of Illinois, has issued his proclamation convening an extra session of the Legislature of that State on the 7th June next. The Chicago *Democrat* says of the Proclamation that it [illegible] a great variety of subjects and [illegible] a long and important session.

Chinese and Chilians for California.—A letter from San Francisco states that during the last two weeks of March nearly 1,500 Chilians and Chinese arrived there, and that the ship Challenge was on her way with 1,000 more. It is expected that during the next five years 50,000 Chinese will emigrate to California. A letter from Hong Kong says that thousands are now saving up their earnings to collect $55, which amount is required for their passage. To this is to be added the expense of a little dried fish and rice, and a sip of tea, and in about 40 or 50 days they are safely landed at San Francisco.

Springfield, Mass. April 24th.

Kossuth in Massachusetts.—Kossuth addressed a large and enthusiastic audience, in the Rev. Mr. Osgood's church, this morning. He subsequently visited the United States armory, and left at 1 o'clock for Northampton.

Extensive Land Slide.—A land slide occurred on Thursday, Coal Hill, near Pittsburg, which entirely destroyed the factory of Lorenz & Wightman, and a large school house. In several places the chasms were twenty feet deep.

More Steamboat Disasters—Sixteen Lives Lost.—The steamer Pocahontas took fire a little before Napoleon, on the Mississippi. She was laden with cotton, some 2,000 bales. Of course, the flames spread rapidly, and consumed cargo and boat. Sixteen lives are known to have been lost! The rest of the passengers—how many are not stated—and crew, plunged into the river, and saved themselves by floating upon the driftwood.

☞ The new French Legislative Corps, while waiting the ceremony of being sworn in, are said to have passed their leisure moments in admiring their costume, showing in their manner a good deal of "innocent and even infantile delight."

Fruit.—Mr. Longworth, of Cincinnati, in a letter to the editors of the Atlas, says:

You say that you are informed by Mr. Ernst, that we shall have no fruit. Pears and Apples will be abundant. I have many Plum trees that have not lost a bud. We shall have some Cherries. Peaches will be a rare article. Many trees will shed their accustomed blossoms but the germ is dead.

☞ The census returns will occupy twenty large volumes, or ten thousand pages.

From the Indiana State Journal.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

Senate.—*Wednesday, April 28.*—The committee to ascertain the extent of the late fire at the State Prison, reported that $14,070 was the estimated cost that would be required to repair the loss. Bills from the committee on revision were introduced, for incorporating towns; providing for the government &c. of the State University; and a bill prescribing certain misdemeanors, punishable before Justices. Bills passed; for electing Recorders and prescribing their duties; to establish and regulate [illegible]; joint resolution asking lands for a State Normal Female School; a bill providing for elections; House resolution relating to [illegible] passed; bill for laying out roads, &c. and bill relating to insurance companies, laid on the table.

The afternoon was occupied in reading House bills a first time, and the Senate bill of three or four hundred pages providing for the settlement of decedents' estates &c.

House.—A vast number of Temperance petitions were presented and referred, all asking for the "Maine Law." Mr. Holman from the judiciary committee, reported back House bill in relation to the alienation of real estate, with amendments, which were not concurred in, and the bill passed: ayes 58, noes 32.—The joint committee appointed to examine into the nature amount of the damage done to the State Prison by the recent fire, reported the result of their inquiries, and were discharged from the further consideration thereof. Several bills were then reported by the select joint committee on revision, and appropriately disposed of. A joint resolution, offered by Mr. Gibson instructing our Senators and requesting our representatives in Congress to procure a change in the Pleading and Practice of the United States courts similar to that adopted by several of the States; read a first time. A bill was introduced and read a first time providing for the sale of the buildings on the Governor's circle. House adjourned.

Senate.—*Thursday, April 29.*—Petitions were presented favoring temperance and Free Banking, by Messrs. Hicks, Walker, Salter and Meade. Bill in relation to prosecuting attorneys was again referred to committee on revision. Bill introduced regulating admission of attorneys to practice; bill to establish a system of general banking was taken up, amended and discussed at length.

The afternoon was entirely devoted to the discussion of the Free Banking bill, which was at length ordered to engrossment to-morrow, 23 to 20.

House.—Numerous petitions were presented on different subjects—several, asking the passage of the "Maine Law." A remonstrance was then presented by Mr. Stevens, from numerous citizens of Decatur, Rush, and Shelby counties, praying that no liquor law be passed; because the distilleries of the country are the sources of wealth to the people, and because the petitions for such law are "*mostly signed by women.*" The general election bill was then reported back from the judiciary committee, with amendments; read a third time, and laid on the table. A resolution was offered by Mr. King on the subject of descents and apportionment of estates; laid on the table. Mr. Hoffstetter moved a reconsideration of the vote on the bill concerning descents and apportionment of estates, which failed on yesterday; carried; when he moved to recommit to a select committee with instructions.—It was so committed. House bill on the subject of [illegible] intoxicating liquor was reported back and laid on the table.

The afternoon session was employed in the consideration of the Assessment bill, which, after being amended, was referred to the committee on Ways and Means, when the House adjourned.

Senate.—*Friday, April 30.*—Bills; fixing number of grand jurors, authorizing sale of State stock in State Bank, regulating toll on mills, providing for election of State Printer, and organizing county courts, were reported back from the revision committee, and laid on the table. Mr. Slack's resolution for ascertaining the value of the State's interest in the State Bank was adopted. Bills for empanneling petit jurors, and laying out and vacating towns, streets, &c., passed.

The act for a Free Banking law was in the afternoon reported back from the select committee, and being voted upon, was lost, 25 only voting for it, which lacks one vote of constitutional majority. The bill again failed on its reconsideration, only 23 voting for it. Bills on their second reading were appropriately disposed of.

House.—A great many petitions were presented on the subject of temperance, which were appropriately referred. A Bill providing for the accumulation, suspension of ownership, and joint tenancy of personal property was passed, ayes 81, noes 1; also a bill for the appraisement and equalization of real estate, ayes 54, noes 30; also a bill in relation to descents, &c., ayes 54; noes 35. The joint resolution in relation to the three per cent. fund, was taken up and referred to the committee on roads.

Senate.—*Saturday, May 1.*—Petitions were presented by Messrs. Knowlton, Hatfield, Atkin, and Logan and referred. Various bills were introduced and read a first time; others were reported from committees, and laid on the table. A resolution passed, 30 to 12, offered by Mr. Berry, that the Senate will not pass any temperance law similar to the Maine law, and that a good school system is the best means of lessening the evils of intemperance. Bill authorizing railroad companies to bridge navigable streams, road and [illegible]. Bills prescribing misdemeanors punishable by justices; concerning mortgages; for contesting certain elections; and for the protection of lands held by or mortgaged to the State, passed. Bills on their second reading were then disposed of.

The bill for the settlement of decedents estates, on its second reading, was discussed in the afternoon; but before final action thereon, the Senate adjourned till Monday morning.

House.—A number of petitions were presented, asking for the passage of a law similar to the Maine liquor law. The bill regulating the duties of the State Librarian was then taken up; and Mr. Tarkes offered an amendment making it the duty of that officer to procure the binding of such newspapers as may be sent to the Library gratuitously, by editors of the State. The amendment was adopted.

The bill defining felonies, and prescribing penalties therefore, being before the House an amendment to abolish capital punishment failed by a very decided vote. It was recommitted as to provide that all executions in future shall take place in private.

The House adjourned.

Senate.—*Monday, May 3.*—Petitions were presented by Mr. Seely from citizens of Decatur and Shelby, on the subject of Bank reading referred to the committee on corporations.—The bill for settling decedents' estates, on its second reading, occupied the residue of the forenoon session.

In the afternoon, bills for settlement of decedents' estates, and for incorporation of towns, &c., were after the second reading, referred to committee on revision. The following bills passed: in regard to canal companies bridging canals where crossing streets, roads, &c., 27 to 4; and to regulate the State University, &c., 31 to 3. Bills on their second reading and messages from the House occupied the residue of the day.

House.—A number of petitions on the subject of temperance were presented. Several bills were reported back to the House, from committees to which they had been referred, and ordered to be engrossed. A bill in relation to township elections was reported by Mr. Stever, from the select joint committee on revision, and read a first time.

Mr. Hay's resolution, requiring that bills on their second reading should be considered as in committee of the whole, was adopted. A resolution was adopted, instructing the committee on fees and salaries to allow mileage to jurors and witnesses. The rest of the day was employed in the consideration of bills on their second reading, and messages from the Senate. House adjourned.

Senate.—*Tuesday, May 3.*—Joint resolution in regard to the settlement with State Printer, referred to committee on printing.—Bill defining and punishing vagrancy, rejected on its third reading. Bills on their second reading were taken up and disposed of. A lengthy discussion took place on the bill to provide for regulating the appointment of lands for taxation, after which said bill referred to a select committee. A bill was introduced to amend the act [illegible] turnpike and plank road companies.

In the afternoon the bill for laying out roads, &c., was laid on the table. Bill for a more [illegible] mode of doing [illegible] was taken up and discussed, after which it was read and ordered to be engrossed—23 to 14. Six bills, on various subjects, were introduced from the committee on revision, which were read a first time. The bill for settlement of decedents estates, &c., was read a third time, but the Senate adjourned before its final passage.

House.—A number of petitions on different subjects were presented and appropriately referred. The committee on revision reported a number of bills, some of which were read a first time, and others laid on the table. Mr. Holman presented a resolution, which was adopted, [illegible] the manner of binding the Journals. Mr. Nelson then offered a resolution of which previous notice had been given, providing that the name of a member moving to adjourn, and the time of making the motion, be entered on the Journals; after several amendments, it was defeated. Bills were introduced, [illegible] in regard to [illegible] the manner of appointing their powers and duties [illegible] read a first time. The [illegible] reported back by the judiciary committee, with several amendments, some of which were and some were not adopted. The bill regulating the granting of divorces was then read a second and third time, when the House adjourned.

Agricultural Fair.

The Committee appointed at the last adjourned meeting of the Allen County Agricultural Society, to propose a list of Premiums for the Annual Fair, have made the following selection, leaving the Society to fix the amount of each Premium.

CATTLE.
Best Bull 3 years old or over, 2d do. 3d do.
" " 2 " "
" " 1 year "
" " Calf.

WORKING OXEN, &c.
Best yoke of Oxen, 2d do, 3d do.
" " of 3 year old Steers.
" " of 2 " "
" " of 1 year old Steers.

MILCH COWS.
Best Milch Cow, 2d do, 3d do.
The Cow to be kept on grass during the experiment, and for ten days previous. The time of trial from the 10th to 15th of June, and from the 10th to 20th of August. A specimen of the butter to be exhibited at the show; also, a description of the breed and age of cow, time of calving; also, weight of milk of one day of each trial.

FAT CATTLE.
Best pair fat Oxen 2d do. 3d do.
" fat Cow.
Particular statement of the manner of feeding—kind of feed—and expense of fattening to accompany.

HORSES.
Class 1st—For all work.
Best Stallion 2d do. 3d do.
" Brood Mare and foal 2d do, 3d do.
" Stallion Colt 3 years old.
" " " 2 " "
" " " 1 " "
" Mare Colt 3 " "
" " " 2 " "
" " " 1 " "
Class 2d—Draft Horses.
Best Stallion, 2d do. 3d do.
" Brood Mare and foal, 2d do, 3d do.
" pair of matched Horses, 2d do, 3d do.
" single Horse, gelding, 2d do, 3d do.

SHEEP.
Best Buck 2 years old, or over, 2d do, 3d do.
" Pen of Ewes 5 in number, 2d do, 3d do.

SWINE.
Best Boar 1 year old or over, 2d do. 3d do.
" " under one year old
" Breeding Sow, 2d do, 3d do.

POULTRY.
Best lot of Dorkings, not less than 3, 1 cock and 2 hens.
Best lot of Poland, same number.
" " of Native Breed, same number.
" " of Turkeys, same number.

WHEAT.
Best yield of Wheat per acre not less than 3 acres, 2d do, 3d do.

CORN.
Best yield of Corn, one acre 2d do, 3d do.

BARLEY.
Best field of Barley, not less than 3 acres, 2d do, 3d do.

OATS.
Best field of Oats not less than 3 acres, 2d do, 3d do.

POTATOES.
Best one half acre of Potatoes, 2d do, 3d do.

BEETS.
Best one sixteenth of an acre of Beets 2d do, 3d do.

CARROTS.
Best sixteenth of an acre of Carrots, 2d do, 3d do.

TURNIPS.
Best sixteenth of an acre of Turnips, 2d do, 3d do.

SWEET POTATOES.
Best ¼ acre of Sweet Potatoes, 2d do, 3d do.

RUTA BAGA.
Best sixteenth of an acre of Ruta Bagas, 2d do. 3d do.

ONIONS.
Best sixteenth of an acre of Onions, 2d do, 3d do.

PARSNIPS.
Best sixteenth of an acre of Parsnips 2d do, 3d do.

BEANS.
Best sixteenth of an acre of Beans, 2d do 3d do.

BUTTER.
Best lot of Butter, not less than 25 lbs; the Butter to be exhibited. 2d do. 3d do.
The following rules to be complied with:
The milk drawn from the cow on some one day, to be measured and weighed.
The breed of the cow if known—and method of preserving the Butter—to be made.

CHEESE.
Best 50 lbs Cheese, 2d do. 3d do.
Those who present Cheese must furnish a description of the process of making and treatment of the Cheese afterwards.

The undersigned propose that the Society would at its next meeting appoint a *Fruit Committee* and a *Committee on Farm Implements*, and not specified any premiums for those articles.

Which Committees with a Ladies' [illegible] Committee with general powers to award premiums on any article not above enumerated, will be necessary to complete the organization.

F. P. RANDALL,
E. RUDISILL,
F. H. TYLER,
D. H. COLERICK. } *Committee.*
May 3d, 1852.

Large Mail Robbery.—Two men have been arrested at Ellicottville, New York, for robbing the mail. About 1,000 letters were mutilated, and 500 others opened. The letters were from Boston and Albany.

The London Illustrated News says, that this country "is destined in due time to overshadow the world with its power and glory."

[illegible] Steamed of the steamboats on the Ohio river have been provided with inside door bolts as a safeguard against thieves.

From the State Sentinel.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

The peculiar circumstance attending the death of John W. Quarles, Esq., of this city, have caused a feeling of sensation in the community, and have produced a deep sigh. His relatives and friends feel the most poignant grief, and mourn daily their loss.

He was a man of great of no ordinary strength. Truth to state, some of your readers of the city, who knew him well, assert. This is a statement and an opinion which we have heard in his youthful companions, who are in the high legal attainments were of a high order, in a matter of public importance, and his professional brethren of the bar are ready to take the responsibility of the action of this city as an eloquent advocate, and as a superior special pleader. A [illegible] and affectionate sisters and brothers, [illegible] and [illegible] in the order pursuits of [illegible] and [illegible] professional reputation, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

SMUIT ALBRA

Is decidedly the best article on hand of a first rate article, *made in the good old way—40 years only*—at the old stand, next door to Hugh Hill & Orbison's, by

F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

LAMPS.—Camphene & Burning Fluid Lamps—Suspension, Solar, Student, Chamber, and other patterns. Also *Burning Fluid*. For sale by

W. E. LANGLEY.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

BROWNLEY & FREEMAN at No. 27, Columbia Street, in Hunna's Block, are now receiving a large supply of

New Goods

direct from the manufactories, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

Our store has already the reputation of being the

Cheapest Store in Town,

and we are determined that no pains shall be spared to make it a name a reality.

Our assortment is complete. Farmers Mechanics, and Country Merchants may here find anything and everything that pertains to Merchandize, and so cheap, too, that one can get your eyes full of goods, and scarcely miss the money from your purses.

The highest price, in *Cash*, will always be paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Rye, delivered at the St. Joe Mills, or at Comparet, Hobbs & Co's Warehouse. We shall keep a good supply of salt always on hand for sale at the very lowest prices.

Now is the time for Bargains—and this Store is *the place* to get them. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

Fort Wayne, Oct 31, 1851.

1850. 1850.

A. C. HILL. A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co. } Smith, Robinson & Co. } Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo*
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King. }
Kick & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tuttle, } *New York,*
Kent, Pease, & Co. }
Kimberly, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati,*
John Resch, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

1850 1850

PETER P. BAILEY,

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission

MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Peas and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,

FORT WAYNE, IA.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh Maxwell, Cashier " " "
Samuel Hanna, " " "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
R. Smith & Co. *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co. " "
Collins, Brown & Co. " "

Family Groceries.

We are now receiving a fine assortment of GROCERIES, to family use, consisting in Java and Old Java Coffees, Crushed, Pulverized, Orleans, and Muscovado Sugars; Black Imperial, and Y. H. Teas; Capers, Peppers, Spices, &c. All of which we offer at the lowest prices. WILSON & THESSELT

Sept. 9, 1851.

Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat.

WE will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or any less quantity—delivered at our Warehouse, in the eastern basin.

Aug 3 COMPARET, HEBBELL & Co

PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil

A Natural Remedy! Procured from a Well in Allegheny county, Pa., 400 feet below the Earth's Surface! Put up and Sold by

SAMUEL M. KIER,

Canal Basin, Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Penn.

The healthful balm from Nature's secret spring,
The balm of health, and life, to man will bring;
As from her depths the magic fluid flows,
Thousands are suffering, and assume our woes.

PETROLEUM—Is a remedy, upon the introduction of it now, confident, to the notice of the public, that something should be said in relation to its powers in healing diseases, and the manner in which it acts. Man's organization is so complicated—and so delicate and the functions of each so nicely poised—the study of years. But to understand that certain remedies contain innumerable properties—that organ may be healed by a certain remedy, and not another. It is by close attention in watching the effects of various medicines, that we are enabled to increase the number of curative agents, and when we have discovered a new medicine and attested its merits, it is no more by being in high repute, so that it has to be dealed out from it, may be more generally diffused, but it gives us right to hold back a remedy whose powers are so valuable to remove pain, and to alleviate human suffering as it does so.

The Petroleum has been fully Tested!

Almost one year and a half ago it was placed before the public as a remedy of wonderful efficacy. Every one was acquainted with its virtues, detailed in healing properties. The cry of humanity was raised accordingly. If had some friends. These first were cured through its wonderful agency. These spoke to others. They came, through its instrumentality, were cured—the blind to see. Those who had suffered for years under the tortuting pangs of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia, were restored to health and usefulness. Several persons who had been incurable so long, in writing about it, say they do not care that we should write, but they would make an instrument that cannot be proved. We have the witnesses—proofs of them, who will testify in terms stronger than we are willing to write them, to the efficacy of the Rock Oil, who will testify for the Petroleum for some further time yet, if no medicine ever could be found—cures that were pronounced incurable and beyond the power of medicine—cases abandoned by Physicians of unquestioned skill, have been made to exclaim "This is the

MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED!"

We might before you the certificates of some of the most remarkable cures: (see circular with the oil) but we then shall, we could require more space than would be allowed by this notice. Numerous testimonials of the Petroleum, about can read and shall use, some Physicians have been consulted of its efficacy, and have been recommended it to their practice. If this Physician doubt or recommend it, the answer will have it to the medicine—for its transcendental power is need, will and must become known and appreciated—where the voice of the people speaks out where the cures themselves, stand out to bold relief, and where be who for years has suffered with the torture and pangs of an incurable disease, that was been shortening his days and wasting him to the grave, now is enjoying full health and vigorous—where he speaks, not in vague, who will deny it. The Petroleum is a Natural Remedy. It is put up just as it flows from the bosom of the earth, without any thing being added to it or taken from it.

It gets its ingredients from the best of our forests which it passes over in its secret channel. They are blended together in such a form as to defy all human analysis. The Petroleum is the respect to have MINERAL WATERS, whose virtues for most chronic diseases are acknowledged and may be Physicians, but by the community at large. These energies of it are derived from the earth, impregnated with medicinal substances of different properties, and holding them in such complete solution as to require no aid of chemistry in order to effect a cure. Instances innumerable can be cited, where the compounded by the master hand of nature, to the affectations of many difficult and chronic diseases. It is a natural remedy, and as Nature does half does any work, it is a medicine of unexcelled power, as we have the most satisfactory testimony. That it will cure every disease to which we are liable—do not pretend—but when used according to directions, it will cure or materially relieve—Bronchitis, Inventory, Worm Kleum Gum, Gout, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Mumps, Toothache, Deafness on the skin Eruptions on the Cheek, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Pain in the bones and joints, old Sores, Ulcers, Wens, Nerve Ache, Spasms, Cramp in Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, and pulmonary affections of a Chronic nature tending to produce Consumption.

Burns and Scalds, Diseases of Bowels and Kidneys, Chapped Hands, Excoriated Nipples, Common Bruises.

Directions accompany the Oil. Price 50 cents. For sale at wholesale and retail by H. B. REED and W. WALL & Co. Druggists, Fort Wayne.

Dec. 29, 1851. y25

PRINTS.

200 PIECES PRINTS, of entirely new styles, just received direct from the factory, for sale a little cheaper than ever, by

TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co.

August 23, 1851.

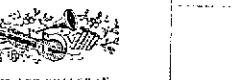
DOYLE & HOSKINSON'S NEW LINE OF STAGES

HAVE commenced running TRI WEEKLY to St. MARY'S, Ohio, connecting with SAM'L DOYLE'S line of Packets to Dayton and Cincinnati.

Passengers can obtain seats at the Office at the Bedford House.

Fort Wayne, July 5, 1851. 521f

ALBERT E. JONES,



PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN

SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, &c.,

Masonic Hall, Indianapolis.

Have the sole agency for the sale of the Celebrated and World Renowned, Grand and Square PIANO FORTES, manufactured by JONAS CHICKERING, Boston, Mass. Prices varying from $275 to 1,000. The reputation of these instruments is too well established to require additional comment. Mr. Chickering has an experience of thirty-five years, during which time he has manufactured about twelve thousand Pianos, and has been constantly gaining in the confidence of a discerning public. I have also the sole agency for the State for

Scholfarr & Co's Piano Fortes,

manufactured in New York, and I am happy to say, that in the sale of more than six thousand of these instruments, in the last few years, with an unlimited guarantee, not one has been returned. I therefore offer these Pianos with the assurance that they will give entire satisfaction to purchasers. For constant use in Schools, Colleges, Seminaries, &c., these instruments are unequalled, varying in size and style to suit all purposes, and in prices from $225 to $850 each.

Beautiv Pianos.

I am agent for the sale of the above celebrated Piano Fortes, which for combinations of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of their being mistaken for any other instrument. We are also the only Agents in Indiana for the sale of

MURCH & WHITE'S

Melodeons and Melodeon Pianos,

which are intended for Parlors, Chamber, Lodge Rooms, Singing Societies, &c., and for these purposes my stock embraces every variety and style, varying in price from $50 to $200, in beautiful Rosewood cases, and as finely finished as any Piano Fortes at three times the cost of these superb and unrivalled instruments. I invite attention particularly to these most excellent Parlor Ornaments.

Having located myself permanently in this City, and having opened a house for the sale of

PIANO FORTES AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of all kinds, and Publishing and the sale of

Foreign, Eastern and Western Sheet Music,

and, in short, all kinds of Merchandise appertaining to my line of business, at wholesale or retail. I beg leave to invite the attention of Seminaries, Colleges Teachers of Schools and Classes, the Public generally, and *Purchasers wholesale*, together with the Trade, to my Stock of Goods. My arrangements are now complete to construct supply and full stock, on such terms as shall enable me to offer them at *Lowest Eastern Prices*, at Wholesale or Retail. Easy Extra prices because I can and will sell a very large Catalogue and a very large portion of my Stock at Eastern rates, and on confident I cannot fail to please, if I do very best Goods that can be procured, with correct prices, can do so. All orders from the country will receive special and prompt attention, and Goods in all cases returnable if not satisfactory, in such as are order d.

ALBERT E. JONES.

Indianapolis, Feb. 20 1852. 3m31

ROBINSON'S Tannery, Leather and SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber has and urged to a well known establishment, situated on the WEST end of the principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the foot of the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE,

to the enlargement, in addition to his usual *Stock of Sole and Upper LEATHER, Calf Skins, Kips, Linings, Bindings, Morocco, Harness, Saddle, Skirting, Findings, Lasts, Pegs,*

AND

SUPERIOR BOOTS & SHOES

Manufactured Expressly for Custom Work.

the subscriber has added a large and general assortment of

Eastern Made Boots & Shoes,

of almost every variety, including Ladies' Gaiters, Slips, Jenny Lind, Polkas, &c.; Misses', Children's and Infants', ranging in Styles; Men's Boys', and Youths', of all sorts and prices

Also, India Rubber and Metallic Shoes and Rockers for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, Youths, and Children.

Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.

OAK BARK BOUGHT AS USUAL.

His and will be the object of the proprietor to do a great business in all these various branches; and those favoring him with their custom shall, if reasonable, be fully satisfied that they receive full value for the money they expend with him.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. y15

BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS!

STOUFFLET has just received at the Post Office Buildings a new and complete assortment of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books, Stationery, etc., etc., which he offers for a low at Robinson's.

His stock of *Miscellaneous Books* is the best in this city. Among them are to be found the following Large Works by the most POPULAR AUTHORS:

Mrs. Leslie's complete Receipt Book, Mrs. Beecher's Domestic Economy, American Ready Reckoner, Kennedy's Manual, Life of Virgin Mary, Catholic and Episcopal Prayer Books, Lives of Jesus, K. Falk, John Wesley, and John C. Calhoun, Columbia and Pontiac, Rev. and Lord, Jones and Bos, Jesuits in Canada, Wilkinson's Frederick, R. Poe, Cooper's Letters, Chevrier's Sailor's Friend, Poe's Tales, Cooper's Works, Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy, Brewster's Optics, Lesage's Young Man, Young's Complete Works, Business Man's Assistant, Letters from Italy, N. P. Willis' Poetical Works, Mrs. L. Sigourney's Poetical Works, Heather's Works, &c. &c. Also the following

School Books.

Davis's Legendre, Algebra, Arithmetic, Geometry, Rev's Algebra, Arithmetics.
Fulham's Arithmetic.
Comstock's Philosophy, Chemistry.
Rabinett Philosophy.
Stylman's Medical Philosophy.
Elementary Spelling.
Kirkham's Grammar.
Pulton's English and Latin Grammars.
Clark's Grammar.
Worcester's Elements of Moral Science.
Hedge's Logic.

McGUFFEY'S SCHOOL READERS.

PARKER'S SERIES SCHOOL BOOKS.

Fulton & Eastman's Book Keeping, Bogert and Ainsworth's Dictionaries, Gunter & Tate's Pronouncing Dictionary, together with a complete assortment of all School Books now in use.

His Stock of Stationery

cannot be surpassed. Foolscap and Letter Paper, Mottos, Gaudem Inks, Fast Black Steel Pens, Lead Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink Stands, Paper Folders, Pad Felon, Pen Knives, Envelopes, Pencil's and Black's Ink, Note Paper, Cap Paper, Pen Holders, etc. etc. Also a select assortment of Fancy Articles.

A large Stock of WRAPPING PAPER *warranted full county and a*

Good Assortment of Blank Books.

Anything that is usually kept by Book Sellers can be found at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS.

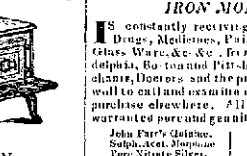
Fort Wayne, Oct. 31, 1851.

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travellers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 16y



B. W. OAKLEY,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

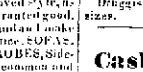
NEW CABINET WARE ROOMS.

B. H. TOWER

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country generally, that he has opened a Cabinet Shop, in his new three story brick building on Columbia street, west of E. Strutzleford's Auction Room where may be found all kinds of

Cabinet Furniture

now in use, which he will *sell as cheap as can be bought any where, New York not excepted.* He is confident that with the long experience he has had in the above business, and by keeping the best of workmen, that he will be able to sell all who may favor him with a call. His work is in the latest and most approved styles, the fashions come in use, and warranted good.



He will keep on hand an Undertaker, on short notice, SOFAS, DIVANS, WARDROBES, Sideboards, Ottomans and Footstools, common and fancy BUREAUX, Writing TABLES, BOOK CASES, Secretaries, Center and Card tables, extension sliding Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Pier, Leg and Half Tables, enclosed basin, STANDS, circular front corner basin, Stands wash and light Stands dressing and Toilet Stands, Gentlemen's Shaving Stands, Music Stools, Ladies Fancy Sewing CHAIRS, Gentleman's Office, Chairs, Mahogany Rocking, Chairs, Cane seat, and Windsor Chairs.

FRENCH BEDSTEADS

Of all descriptions. Also Round Right and Left Screw Rail which is the largest, easiest and best way that Bedsteads can be made; these take medal in the largest shops.

COFFINS kept constantly on hand, all sizes and prices. Hearse and Carriage always ready to attend funerals free of charge.

The above mentioned articles will be made of Domestic and imported wood and of the best seasoned materials.—

Warranted Good or no Sale.

In exchange for any of the above articles I will take almost anything of produce he farmer raises and in an extreme case money will not be refused. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Fort Wayne, August, 28th 1850. y14.

MOSES DRAKE, Jr

M. JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE IA

DEALER IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c*

Also, the best Northern Side and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH or all kinds paid for WHEAT.

New Store and New Goods.

BAYLESS & CO.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, that they are now receiving opening and offering for ready pay, a general and fashionable stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, QUEENSWARE, & CUTLERY,

all of which have been purchased in New York this fall at low prices and

Will be Sold at Small Profits!

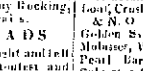
They deem it unnecessary to further particularize, but respectfully request the good-loving public to call before or after purchasing elsewhere, and examine their stock.

They may be found at No. 47, Hamilton's New Buildings, Columbia Street.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. y15

Daguerreotype Gallery.

Mr. S. McDonald



RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Ft Wayne and vicinity that he has permanently located himself here, and has just received from the East a large stock of

DAGUERREAN MATERIALS,

Fancy Pearl Cases, Lockets, &c.

which he will sell, either with or without Pictures, as low as can be purchased in New York and very high will warrant to be equal to any thing of the kind in use.

He would also return his sincere thanks to the citizens of this place for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his residence here; and would say to those that wish

DAGUERREAN PICTURES

that he has made himself acquainted with all the *LATEST IMPROVEMENTS* in this beautiful art, and he is perfectly in *Warranting his Pictures* to be unsurpassed by any others in the country, in point of

Durability or Life-Like Resemblance.

He would simply say to those that are desirous of having a GOOD PICTURE of themselves, to give him a call before going elsewhere, and if he cannot satisfy them, they are at perfect liberty to patronize transient operators, or others.

Daguerrean Rooms on Column Street, one door South of Taylor's New Store, third story.

Persons in the Profession would find it to their interest to call and examine his stock of Daguerreotype Material, before going East, as he can Sell as CHEAP as they can purchase in New York or any other market.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 14, 1851.

Family Grocery and Provision Store.

M. HENRY & Co. have extended the area of their usefulness, by taking the store lately occupied by I Wolf, thus giving them a front on Columbia Street, and have filled it with an entire New Stock of

Fresh Groceries,

Fruits, Pickles, Wooden Ware, &c.

which they are anxious to dispose of on reasonable terms.

They have REMOVED their

MEAT MARKET,

to the rear of the store (the room lately occupied by them on the canal) and will keep on hand at all times the best of meat the country affords.

The highest price paid for Fat Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, &c.

Sept. 20.

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and offer the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14 649. 2

NEW DRUG STORE

WATSON WALL,

No. 1, Phœnix Buildings, (Sign of the IRON MORTAR.)

IS constantly receiving fresh supplies of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, &c. &c., from New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Pittsburgh. Country Merchants, Doctors and the public generally will do well to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere. All articles in our line warranted pure and genuine; among which are

John Farr's Quinine.	Bark Root,
Sulph. Acet. Morphine	Camphor.
Pure Nitrate Silver.	Cream Tartar,
Piperine,	Dovers Powders,
Yellow Barks,	Gum Arabic (white.)
Red "	Gum Gamboge,
Blue Mass, "	Turkish Opium,
Eng. Colonel, extra.	Red Precipitate,
Cow Spice.	Epsom Salts.
" Rhubarb root.	Flos. Sulphur,
Pulv. Jalap.	Citr. Nitre,
Lac Alum.	Aqua Ammonia
Red Shell.	Sulph. Ether.
Indian Senna.	Hon. Sarsaparilla,
Aloes. "	Ref. Borax.
Liquorice.	Ground Ginger,

PAINTS, OILS, &C.

Pure White Lead.	Chrome Green,
No. 1 " "	Chrome Yellow,
Dry Wh. Lead Oil,	Sp. Bl. Indigo,
Red " "	Putty,
Litharge,	Sand Paper.
Best Eng. Ven. Red.	Cider Vinegar.
Spanish Whiting,	

Spirits of Turpentine,
Linseed Oil from Boston Mills.
Winter strained Sperm oil,
Summer " "
Winter " Lard Oil,
Burning Fluid,
Alcohol, 76 and 82 per cent.
Castor Oil (cold pressed),
Copal Varnish (Genuine Gilt).
Coach Varnish
Japan Dryer,
Paris Green, ground in oil,
" " dry.

ALSO,

Druggists' Glass Ware, Window Glass—all sizes.

Jan. 24, 1852.

WILLIAMS'

Cash Grocery Store.

IN Hamilton's New Block, Columbia street, where can be found Groceries and other articles at the best quality, at *Wholesale and retail*, as cheap as any store to be had in Fort Wayne, consisting in part of the following articles:

Chocolate and Cocoa
Imperial, Young Hyson
& Black Teas.
Loaf, Crushed, Pulv'd
& N. O. Sugar,
Golden Syrup, N. O.
Molasses, Vinegar, Rice
Pearl Barley Starch
Saleratus, Citron, Currants Spices, Raisins, whole, half & qr. boxes
Candles and Nuts, Dried and Print Codfish, Mackerel, & Herring, Candies, and Soap, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards
Cloths Pins, Brooms, Hoes, and Trace Chains, Family Flour best Brands.

Whitewash, Dust, scrub Scrub and Blacking Brushes,
Bed Cords, Well and Halter Ropes, Dec. and and Buggy Hats, Paint Oil, Sash Putty, and Whiting, Glass and Nails, Lead, Shot Powder and Caps, Steam and Lard Oil, Indigo, Madder, Copperas and Alum, Carpet Chain and Cotton Yarn Tobacco of All kinds, Axes, Hatchets, Knives and Forks, Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Rakes, Manure Forks, Family Flour best Brands.

In short everything kept in establishments of the kind except *Liquors*.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to, and

No Shaving in Prices.

I am determined to make this the CHEAP FATH GROCERY of Fort Wayne.

H. WILLIAMS.

Fort Wayne Sept. 14 1851. y13

GREAT BARGAINS

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE been appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & BELLEFONTAINE RAIL ROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates and on Better Terms* than ever before offered.—The Lands embrace **19,000 to 50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest Lands in Indiana. Terms, one fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.

Among the above Lands are the well known HARRISON LANDS; this County.

Fort Wayne, June 28. 1850.

CLOCKS.—A new article of Brass 30 hour Clock Pieces—warranted to keep good time. Only $2 00 each.

W. E. LANGLEY.

August 15th 1851.

WE are selling the best of Rio COFFEE at 10 cents per lb., prime N. O. SUGAR at 5 cents per lb., 16 yards of heavy yard wide SHEETING for $1. The greatest CALICOES you ever saw from 5 to 10 cents per yard; and every thing else in proportion.

The fact is, the place and *the only place* to buy goods cheap is at TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co's, No. 1, Hunna's Block, East End.

July 5th, 1851.

Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.	COUNTY ADDITION
Lot No. 68	Lot No. 16
" " 80	" " 49
" " 81	" " 50
" " 111	TABOR'S ADDITION.
" " 116	Lot No. 3
" " 117	" " 4
" " 311	" " 20
" " 545	ROCKHILL'S ADDITION.
" " 556	Lot No. 42
" " 559	" " 64
" " 560	" " 65
EWINGS ADDITION.	" " 66
Lot No. 2 West side No. 2	" " 118
" " 4 " " 27	" " 120
" " 8 " " 28	OLD PLAT.
" " 9 " " 29	Lot No. 18
" " 24 " " 31	" " 59
" " 25 " " 38	" " 60
" " 26 " " 68	" " 69
" " 8 " " 28	" " 70
" " 9 " " 29	" " 69
" " 24 " " 31	" " 69
Out Lot No. 5, Hanna's Addition, 3 acres.	

The above are offered *low* for Cash, and a liberal credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber, having recently extended his operations, will continue the business to entire satisfaction, and transfer the agency to other parties for the *Sale of Lands, Introduction of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to Agency.

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the state—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana—has numerous and careful correspondents, and is prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, quality, location, and value of Lands*, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who require such information.

Headquarters:

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	17,706	Noble County	7,717
DeKalb "	7,241	Whitley "	7,707
Steuben "	9,067	Huntington "	5,001
Lagrange "	1,565	Wabash "	7,203
Kosciusko "	7,169	Miami "	3,727
Blackford "	2,374	Grant "	1,929
Jay "	1,656	Cass "	2,026
Wells "	2,720	Fulton "	1,912
Adams "	2,896	Marshall "	1,329
Elkhart "	1,232	White "	1,319
Fountain "	2,747	Montgomery "	1,720
Putnam "	1,737	Clinton "	1,737
Parke "	1,535	Marion "	1,009
Boone "	1,959	Pulaski "	2,239

The above lands will be sold for cash, or part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title indisputable.

He also offers for sale several valuable

Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in Towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the INDIANA LAND AGENCY, on Calhoun street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850

ESTABLISHED IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK IN 1840.

DR. TOWNSEND'S

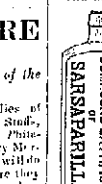
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

IMPROVED

And manufactured under the supervision of

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON,

THE CELEBRATED CHEMIST OF NEW YORK.



Many valuable improvements have been made by Dr. CHILTON in the mode of preparing this popular Medicine. Under his skillful hand its active powers have been so much increased, that only one or two teaspoonfuls of the Extract are required for a dose, which is an important item to those using Compounds of Sarsaparilla, as this first alone proves it to be the Strongest and Cheapest medicine ever invented to

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

AND PERMANENTLY CURE

SCROFULOUS ULCERS,	COSTIVENESS AND PILES,
RINGWORM, OR TETTER,	HEART DISEASE,
RHEUMATISM,	GENERAL DEBILITY,
SCROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL,	FEMALE DO.
ERYSIPELAS,	COUGHS, COLDS, ETC.,
EFFECTS OF MERCURY,	ENLARGEMENT OF THE JOINTS,
DROPSY,	DUCKS AND FEVER SORES,
PIMPLES ON THE FACE,	LIVER COMPLAINT,
DYSPEPSIA,	

NEURALGIA, NERVOUS DISEASES, PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

IT MUST BE REMEMBERED that with but few exceptions all the above frightful array of maladies, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin and causes; for they spring, directly or indirectly, from a CORRUPT FOUNTAIN. If the blood were in a pure, healthy, and active state, it would drive all such complaints from the system, and

CHRONIC DISEASE WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE.

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON has had charge of the Manufactory for more than a year, and every bottle prepared since February, 1850, has his Certificate and Signature, as well as the Signature of S. P. Townsend, on the steel plate label on the outside wrapper.

Beware of Counterfeits, and buy that only which has Dr. Chilton's Certificate on the wrapper

PROPRIETOR'S OFFICE,

82 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

For sale by H. B. REED,

531 Druggist Fort Wayne, General Agent

Furniture and Chair Warehouse.

W. & J. PAUL are manufacturing at the corner, an handsome variety of

Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, &c.,

made of well seasoned lumber, finished in the best style, warranted equal if not superior to any in the place, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

LOOKING GLASSES.

We have also a large stock of Looking Glasses and Looking Glass Plates of all sizes and styles, which we will wholesale or retail much lower than ever before offered here.

Persons wanting any thing in the line would do well to give us a call, as we always have a large stock of all kinds on hand, which will be sold CHEAP.

Warehouse on Columbia Street, opposite H. B. Reed's Drug Store; and Clinton street, opposite Collector's Office. W. & J. PAUL.

Fort Wayne, August 16, 1851 6m6

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST, NORTH SIDE OF CANAL

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grist* to grind will always find on hand our Runo Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

W. H. BANKS. [1851.] D. SPENCER.

BANKS & ONHECK, HOUSE, SIGN, AND Ornamental Painters,

Under the Times Office, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

MASONIC and Odd Fellows' Aprons, Gilding on Silk and Satin, Transparent Painting on Glass and Cloth, Carriage Painting, Imitation of Wood and Marble, Glazing, and Paper Hanging, executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders promptly attended to.

June 6, 1851.

THE "GREAT"

Indiana Land Agency

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorized sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely independent, is poor himself, and is not disposed to pay any one to do for him.

April 6, 1850. [1851] F. P. RANDALL.

Valuable Lands for Sale,

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,

General Land and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 1849. 21y

S. H. SHOAFF,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

(UNDER THE ODD FELLOWS' HALL)

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE.

Patent Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c., &c., Wholesale & Retail.

The Croton Antibilious Pills.

THESE Pills are of a purely vegetable construction, having gained the commendation of the most eminent of the medical men of the present day, their reputation as an anti bilious cathartic, tonic and digestive medicines daily strengthened, and more widely circulated, they require no alteration in their composition from years, they act kindly but surely, and may be taken by the feeble aged or infant with safety and certainty under any circumstances.

They speedily remove Constipation, Liver Complaint, Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, and all affections arising from a deranged stomach and bowels. Prepared and sold exclusively by SAMUEL H. SHOAFF, Chemist, &c.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne.

June 27, 1851.

BOOT, SHOE, AND LEATHER STORE.

A. LINTZ, at his old and well known Boot & Shoe Store, east of the L'Hote House, Columbia street, Fort Wayne, has now on hand a very large and complete stock of Eastern and Home Made

Boots & Shoes,

of all kinds and qualities. Gent's Calf and Kip Boots, Stogas, Brogans, &c., warranted a superior article. A full assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Pelkas, Excelsiors, Shoes, &c. all kinds, sizes and prices, of the very best workmanship and stock, and latest styles.

Misses' and Children's Wear of all sorts.

Having had many years' practical experience, he flatters himself that he is a sufficient judge of the article to buy

NONE BUT THE BEST,

and he will sell them so low that it will be *Cheaper to wear them than to go Barefoot.* His expenses are small and his desires moderate, he can and will the store sell

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

Boots and Shoes made to Measure, in the best style, and on short notice.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, Fin boys, &c. &c. all sorts, will be sold at the very lowest Prices

Fort Wayne, Oct. 23, 1851. 1f56

SHOAFF & COLLINS,

at the City Drug Store,

HAVE received from the markets of New York, Philadelphia and Boston a full and complete assortment of

Genuine Drugs & Medicines

which having been bought for Cash will be sold at rates lower than have ever before been offered in this city.

Some of their friends in setting forth in their advertisements, the cost extent of their stock in trade, having need up so much of the repetitions of letters and figures, they are compelled to content themselves with her a slight and casual notice of some of the most important articles with which they have supplied themselves for the accommodation of their friends and patrons.

Among them will be found Quinine, Opium, Calomel Morphine, with all other Drugs and Medicines usually enumerated in the voluminous advertisements of the day, together with every article in the Drug line including Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Druggists' Glassware, Segars, Tobacco.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Perfumery, Tooth Brushes, Medicines and Surgical Instruments choice Wines, Pure Spirits and Brandies for Medical Purposes—the usually well selected stock of Drugs.

Agents for Cooking Wood & Co's Fine Panel Paint.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne. Sept. 17th, 1851.

Liver Complaint

Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility